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The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. XXV NO. 267 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1937 PRICE: ONE ANNA

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Chaplain's Apology To Windsor

MINISTERS INTERVIEW GANDHIJI

Question Of Relief To Political Prisoners And Detenus

CALCUTTA, Nov 11

Mr. N. R. Sarker, Finance Minister, is interviewing Gandhiji to-morrow morning after which it is likely that Sir Nazimuddin another minister may interview Gandhiji.

These interviews will be in continuation of Gandhiji's interview with the Governor on the question of "relief to political prisoners and detenus."

Gandhiji is not expected to leave Calcutta for another four or five days.—A. P.

GANDHIJI CONGRATULATES NEW MAYOR OF MADRAS

MADRAS, Nov. 11.

Gandhiji has sent a telegram to Mr. Sivashanmugham Pillai, the new Mayor of Madras, offering him his warmest congratulations.—A. P.

"NO INTENTION TO ATTACK KING"

LONDON, Nov. 11.

Sir Samuel Hoare informed the House of Commons that the man concerned in the Cenotaph incident had no intention of attacking the King or anyone else. No weapons of any kind were found on him.

He added that the man was obviously suffering from delusions and he was now under observation.

ESCAPED FROM MENTAL INSTITUTION

Later.

The Home Office states that the man concerned in the Cenotaph incident escaped from a mental institution on September 21.—Reuter

ITALY AND NYON PATROL SCHEME

LONDON, Nov. 11.

Italian participation in the Nyon Patrol Scheme has begun to-day.

It is understood that about thirty or forty units of the Italian navy are engaged in this work.—Reuter.

Nantao Shelled To Submission

Chinese Troops Lay Down Arms And Enter Fr. Concession

BRITISH JOURNALIST KILLED

SHANGHAI, November 11.

After a day of intensive shelling, the Japanese are virtually masters of Nantao.

Several thousands of Chinese troops have laid down arms and entered the French Concession, where they will be interned during the duration of hostilities.

Others are still resisting but they are gradually being surrounded.—Reuter.

CABINET SPLIT ON CHINA ISSUE?

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.

An outline of the terms which extreme Japanese militarists are urging, should be imposed on China, received from a usually well informed source, shows that the terms are such as would make China completely subservient to Japan without technically violating the Japanese official assertion that Japan has no territorial ambitions in China.

On the other hand, it is stated, behind the scenes in Tokio, that there are wide differences of opinion and particularly the Premier and the War Minister do not see eye to eye.—Reuter.

Intensive Shelling Of Nantao

EARLIER.

The whole of the International Settlement and the French Concession was echoing with the intensive bombardment of Nantao which the Japanese resumed this morning.

Japanese howitzer shells were screaming over the foreign areas while two Japanese warships were anchored near the boom of Wangpoo river—levelling with the buildings on the Nantao waterfront.

Plight Of Defenders

Japanese clearly intend to blast out the Nantao defenders, who have no alternative but annihilation or surrender.

The main body of Chinese are still holding out though about 300 men caught in barrage and bombed from the air, laid down arms and entered the French Concession.

MORE JAPANESE TROOPS.

Meanwhile 18,000 Japanese troops including cavalry are reported to be advancing to the attack from Chapei and Japanese marines, who landed at Pootung are rapidly clearing away the remaining Chinese nests and snipers in that area.—Reuter.

FATE OF LONDON JOURNALIST

SHANGHAI, Nov. 11.

Mr. Pembroke Stephens, special correspondent, "Daily Telegraph" and "Morning Post" was killed by machinegun bullets while observing operations at Nantao from a vantage point in the French concession.—Reuter.

Japan To Respect Rights Of Neutral Nations

TOKIO, Nov. 10.

An assurance that Japan will fully respect the vested rights and interests of third powers in China was given to Admiral Little by General Matsui, according to a Domei Agency message from Shanghai.—Reuter

ARMISTICE DAY EPISODE

"Unauthorized Publication" Sequel

PARIS, Nov. 11.

The Duke of Windsor was invited to witness the parade at Champs Elysees with President Lebrun but expressed desire to keep two minutes silence in an English church. His attendance is uncertain as a result of certain reports that the Chaplain of St. George's Canon Dart has expressed disapproval.

Canon Dart stated this morning that he much regretted the misunderstanding caused as a result of the unauthorised publication of a statement that he did not want the Duke to attend the "Armistice Day" service at St. George's. He was very sorry in the circumstances if the Duke decided not to attend.

Invitation Declined

(Later)—Though the local branch of the British Legion got into contact with the Duke of Windsor and asked him to attend Service, the Duke declined. It is believed the legionaries are now inviting him to attend a ceremony at Notredame at 3 p.m. when Legionaries will parade in uniform for a brief service.

Public Apology

AFTER THE CEREMONY, CANON DART SAID THAT THE LAST THING IN THE WORLD HE WISHED TO DO WAS PUBLICLY TO INSULT A MAN WHO COULD NOT DEFEND HIMSELF.

HE ADDED, "I WISH TO TAKE THIS OPPORTUNITY TO PUBLICLY APOLOGISE TO THE DUKE."

"INAPPROPRIATE."

Thanking the Legionaries for their invitation, the Duke of Windsor stated: "As the observance of two minutes silence which it was my intention to pass in the Church with you, has gone by, I feel that it would be inappropriate to be present this afternoon."—Reuter.

"ANTI-WAR DAY"

Our Fight Is Not Against Individuals

Pt. Jawaharlal's Appeal To Nation To Keep Her Ideals Untarnished

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, November 11.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Congress President speaking at a crowded meeting held in Mahomed Ali Park to observe the "Anti-War Day" made strong plea for taking a rational view of men and events. He expressed the view that British Government were not contriving to precipitate war. On the other hand, they wanted to avoid it. It was only the fear of war and the armament activities of other nations that prompted them to intensify their own war preparations. In fact, Britain, France and America had too much of possessions and riches of the world to risk war.

Pandit Jawaharlal declared, war in fact never ceased during the last eighteen years. After the Great War, both economic and actual wars had been going on the world over. Pandit Jawaharlal said, even after the war ceased foodstuffs to Germany were not allowed and children were starved to death for sometime.

IN LONDON

Proceeding Pandit Jawaharlal narrated his experience of "Armistice Day" in London when 80 lakhs of people suspended all business for two seconds which was very impressive. He said, all over Europe, people were deeply touched by the solemn occasion. They all hated war. It was wrong to suppose that either the British or Germans were cruel people. It was not proper for them to generalise in that manner. Their fight was not against individuals. They stood for definite principles.

The speaker warned people not to take a narrow view of things. If they wanted to achieve great things, they must have great minds and great hearts.

Pandit Jawaharlal, proceeding, said, in the event of War, it was their duty to keep their minds clear and their organization strong. They had no intention that the blood of Indians be shed in imperialistic war and Indians remained slaves. After these sacrifices they should see that they tactfully utilised the international situation to their own advantage and enlarged the bounds of their freedom. They were not going to be mere footballs to be kicked about in the international game.

PEOPLE'S FAULT

The Congress President made a fervent plea for keeping their ideals untarnished by "low action and mean thought". He said, some people complained that the British were trying to divide Hindus and Muslims, but the fault in a large measure was of the Indian people who were foolish enough to lend themselves to such tactics. The only way wherein they could strengthen themselves was to keep their ideas above petty individuals and communal considerations.

Placards bearing "Anti-War" slogans were exhibited and "Anti-war" badges were sold by Begum Hazra.

tion of any settlement by force.

This principle of settlement of national or international conflicts without resort to violence or force of arms was to be subscribed to, he added, not because it meant security of justice but as a protest against the ascendancy of brutal force. It was a mental endorsement of that ideal and was evidenced by one's presence in the hall.

No formal resolution was moved, as the President of the meeting said that they only met to express a hope and an idea.

"Our resolution has no effect, as our destinies are not in our hands," Prof. Shah observed but that was not the reason for despair, if we would not let escape any opportunity to express, with all the firmness and earnestness that we could command, that we should not consent wilfully as a nation to be a party to other nations using force, that we would not be aggressive, that we would not collect the goods of others, that we would not infringe upon the rights and domains of other nations.

Mr. Godiwalla said that the slogan of international peace was a noax and sooner that hoax of peace was exposed the better.

Mr. Indulal Yajnik observed that the world to-day was menaced by forces of Imperialism and Fascism and as long as those forces existed, the hope of world peace was remote. British and other Imperialists frequently talked of peace and it was all nonsense.

Mr. Bukhari remarked that in the world to-day there were two parties; those who talked of war and those who talked of civilization, science and culture which must be preserved by peace. India was a slave country and if we wanted peace, the first thing that we had to do was to achieve complete Independence.

After Mr. Hardikar had spoken, the meeting dispersed.

PROTEST AGAINST WAR AND FASCISM

Prof. K. T. Shah's Hope And Ideas

Presiding over a Citizens' meeting held under the auspices of the Bombay Branch of the League against Fascism and War at Jinnah Hall on Thursday, Mr. K. T. Shah suggested that the meeting should record its definite opposition and protest against any settlement here or abroad by force of arms and secure as far as India was concerned the complete negation of any settlement by force.

This principle of settlement of national or international conflicts without resort to violence or force of arms was to be subscribed to, he added, not because it meant security of justice but as a protest against the ascendancy of brutal force. It was a mental endorsement of that ideal and was evidenced by one's presence in the hall.

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After Mr. Hardikar had spoken, the meeting dispersed.

SOCIALIST APPEAL TO COUNTRY

India Must Not Take Part In Future War

A public meeting under the auspices of the Bombay Congress Socialist Party was held at Chaupatty, Mr. Yusuf Meherally presided.

The president said the great war of 1914-18, led to the loss of millions of precious lives and resulted in suffering and poverty, to more. Another world war was now on the horizon, which had already its roots in Spain, Africa, China and Japan and which was likely to involve India at no distant date. He appealed to the audience not to take any part, in any war even if the British Government was involved in it but prepare for the utilisation of the opportunity of any such international war for the achievement of complete national independence for India the meeting then passed a resolution closely on the lines of the President's speech. Messrs. G. D. Murray and F. H. Pinto spoke at the meeting.

ANDREWS AGREES WITH CONGRESS

Says Central Federal Scheme Is Entirely Reactionary

LAHORE, Nov. 11.

"While I think that the new Provincial Governments represent a great step towards responsibility, I regard the new Central Federal Scheme as altogether reactionary," said Rev. C. F. Andrews, in the course of an interview to the "United Press", when questioned as to what he thought of the Federal part of the India Act.

Rev. Andrews added that he was altogether at one with the Congress in objecting to the Federal part of the constitution. His attention being drawn to the condition of Indians in Zanzibar, Rev. Andrews said: "I am still very anxious about Zanzibar. The clove boycott should succeed, and I feel very strongly that the boycott should continue till better terms are arranged."

Rev. Andrews, who was staying at Simla for the last several weeks, arrived here this morning. He is in a delicate state of health and is feeling considerably weak due to acute diarrhoea.

Rev. Andrews who is doing a good deal of writing said that his latest works "The challenge of the North West Frontier" was well-received in England. He is staying here till Sunday.—United Press.

CURFEW ORDER IN JERUSALEM

JERUSALEM, Nov. 11.

Curfew order was again imposed in the old city of Jerusalem following outrages in which one Arab was shot dead and an Arab Sheik and a Jewish labourer seriously wounded.—Reuter.

BOMB OUTRAGE SEQUEL

Jerusalem.—Following the bomb outrage, a twelve-hour Curfew has been imposed on the whole of Jerusalem, starting from 5 p.m. daily.—Reuter.

SIGNIFICANCE OF ANTI-COMINTERN PACT

An anti-War meeting was also held under the auspices of the F Ward Congress Committee on the Lal Baugh Maidan. Mr. S. B. Mahadeshwar presiding. The Secretary of the F Ward Committee explained the significance of the anti-Comintern pact and pointed out that this attempt at isolating Russia would ultimately end in a direct attack on that country.

WHY INDIA MUST HAVE COMPLETE INDEPENDENCE

Another meeting was held at the Nappoo Hall, Matunga, with Mr. R. R. Sabnis in the chair, the Secretary of the Parel Congress Committee, criticised the British Premier's speech at Gildhall as a return to discredited ways of diplomacy.

There could be no peace, he observed, as long as one country was ruled over by another and as long as vast masses of humanity were subjected to exploitation. The struggle for international peace was, therefore, a struggle for the creation of a new life, new civilization and a new world in which there would be no imperialism., no exploitation,. In such a struggle all and exploited forces stood welded together. India, being the worst and long suffering victim of imperialist domination and exploitation should take the lead in that struggle. To be effective in it, there was urgent need for the development of a strong, consolidated United Front against Imperialism.

STOP PRESS

JAPANESE C-IN-C'S THREAT.

SHANGHAI, Nov. 11.

General Matsui, the Japanese Commander-in-Chief in Shanghai, gave grave hints regarding the course of Japanese policy in Shanghai in an interview to Reuter's Special Correspondent.

He virtually accused the authorities of both the International Settlement and French Concession with a breach of neutrality throughout the Sino-Japanese hostilities. He declared that the Japanese expeditionary force went to China "at the will of God." "I feel disappointed," he said, "over what the Foreign officials in Shanghai do and say I cannot accomplish the co-operation I anticipated This is very unfortunate for the peace of the world, but it cannot be helped as long as the attitude of the Foreign Powers remains unchanged."

He added, "I have no intention of taking advantage of the present state of affairs to take the Settlement under my control, but as things are going on at present there may be occasions when we cannot work in co-operation."—Reuter.

FRANCO'S AGENT FOR LONDON

LONDON, Nov. 11.

The Foreign Office announces that a Government agent will be appointed to reside at Salamanca or elsewhere and an agent of General Franco will be received at London.

Sub-agents will be appointed in limited number at other places. The reception of the agent at London does not constitute a recognition of General Franco's authorities.—Reuter.

BRABOURNE FOR INDIA

LONDON, Nov. 11.

Lord and Lady Brabourne left for Marseilles this afternoon en route to India.

They were seen off at the Victoria Station by Mr. M. J. Clauson, representing the Secretary of State for India, Sir Firoze Khan Noon, Sir Leonard D. Wakely, Sir Cecil H. Kisch, Mr. S. K. Brown, representing the India Office and Mr. D. T. Monteath, representing the Burma Office.—Reuter.

NOBEL LITERATURE PRIZEMAN

STOCKHOLM, Nov. 11.

The Nobel Prize Literature has been awarded to the French writer M. Roger Martindugard.—Reuter.

Intimidation Begins At Ahmedabad

Turn For Worse In Labour Situation

EMPLOYERS ARE GREATLY RESPONSIBLE FOR LIGHTNING STRIKES, SAYS NANDA

AHMEDABAD, November 11.

Recourse to intimidation has begun and the Red Flag incitement is growing, declares Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Secretary of the Labour Association, in the course of a Press interview of the present Labour situation.

Employers Responsible

He adds that for lightning strikes that are taking place the responsibility of the workers is much less than that of employers, whose cuts in wages and constant efforts to keep their employees outside the influence of the Labour Association lead workers to have recourse to lightning strikes.

Need of Prompt Action

He adds it is for the Enquiry Committee and the millowners to remove the glaring deficiencies by immediate recommendations and prompt action.—A. P.

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Wealthy, Bombay Sunni bachelor highly educated, guaranteed character 25, desires marrying modern or orthodox girl of equal status. No Shia-Sunni restriction. Write Box No. 9353, "Bombay Chronicle".

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Wanted—An experienced retired Judicial Officer of British service (a Gujarati knowing law Graduate) as District and Sessions Judge for the Idar State. Starting pay Rs. 250. Apply stating age and qualifications to—Dewan, Idar State, Himatnagar. (7222)

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Wanted candidates to qualify as Engineers; Overseers, through Postal training. Apply:—British India Technical College, Sukkur (Sind). (9161)

Wanted for Radhanpur State a Lady Teacher, knowing Gujarati and English! Apply with testimonials stating salary required to Box No. 7212, "Bombay Chronicle"

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

M.D.H.Sc. by Post. Practitioners enclose two annas stamps: Indian Homoeopathic Institute, P. O. Datha (Kathiawar), India. (9297)

174. BOOKS

Twenty per cent Discount—I have the pleasure to invite your attention to the fact that in the Blissful Advent of Glorious Ramazaan, it has been announced periodically for a month for those beneficent lovers and tasteful Votaries of the best and true knowledge of the religious concern or interest, to allow on our all publications or the like:—(1) Twenty per cent discount to those, who are pleased to avail of this opportunity, with requisitions of at least Ten Rupees at once stock despatch. (2) In addition to this, no extra expenditure like freight, postage, packing or the like will be charged from those, whose remittance will be received in advance for Twenty Rupees to purchase our own published works. The list of our publications can be had free of charge. "Al-Hilal Book Agency," Faarooque Gunj Road, outside Sheranwala Gate, Lahore. (7195)

227. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents for guaranteed cloths and silks. Apply to Excelsior Weaving Products Co., Mapoyil, Calicut (9346)

655. HIRE-PURCHASE PLANS.

Wanted candidate for houses on Hire Purchase Proprietary Rights free of all rent or any interest. The Universal Finance Corporation, Post Box No. 175, Lahore. (9324)

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTIFICATION OF THE UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

No. M. 6287 of 1937.

The following resolution passed by the Syndicate at their meeting held on the 6th November, 1937, is hereby communicated to the Heads of recognised schools and the guardians of the candidates concerned for information and guidance:—

"Notwithstanding the minimum attendance prescribed by S. 202. candidates in schools which have been refused recognition this year either by the Department or by the University on the ground that the school has not been in existence for at least three years as contemplated by S. 190 (b) shall be permitted.

(1) if they hereafter secure admission to a recognized school, to count the days kept by them in an unrecognized school for the purpose of the minimum attendance required by S. 202;

(2) if they do not secure admission to a recognized school hereafter, to appear for the Matriculation Examination of 1938, provided that they pass the preliminary examination of a permanently recognized school or a school which was authorized to examine private candidates for the Matriculation Examination, in the year 1936."

Heads of recognized schools referred to in clause (2) above are hereby requested to arrange for the preliminary examination of candidates desiring to appear for the Matriculation Examination under the said clause.

S. R. DONGERKERY,
University Registrar.
Bombay, 10th November, 1937.

7218.

THE BOMBAY-BURMAH TRADING CORPORATION, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the above COMPANY will be CLOSED from 1st December to 23rd December, 1937, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
WALLACE & CO.,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Managers.

(9219)

Public Notices

ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Policy No. 378503 on the life of Mr. Mohsinullahkhan is lost and that the surrender value in entire cancellation of the Policy will be paid to the assured unless objection is lodged with us within one month from this date. All claims after the expiration of the said period of one month will be considered waived and of no effect.

(Sd.) G. D. SUTHERLAND,
Manager.
Bombay, 12th November 1937.

(9357)

NOTICE.

BACK BAY RECLAMATION.

The revised layout plan of Blocks Nos. I and II of the Back Bay Reclamation area showing four additional plots Nos. 214 to 217 on the Marine Drive and five plots Nos. 75 to 79 North of the Lloyd Recreation Ground near Marine Lines Station, is available for sale at the price of annas two per copy in the office of the Collector of Bombay.

T. E. STREATFIELD,
Collector of Bombay.
Collector's Office,
Old Custom House, Fort,
Bombay, 29th October, 1937.

7171.

NOTICE.

BACK BAY RECLAMATION, PLOT NO. 2.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED for the information of prospective lessees that the date for receipt of tenders for the above plot is hereby extended to 12 noon of 13th December, 1937.

T. E. STREATFIELD,
Collector of Bombay.
Bombay Collector's Office,
Dated, 10th November, 1937.

(7216)

SALE.

Offers are invited for the purchase of following Unserviceable materials from Morvi Railway, viz., Files, Wheels with Axles, Springs, Tyres, Plates, etc.

Particulars with conditions can be had from the Undersigned on payment of One Rupee.

P. V. SHAH,
Loco and Carr. Supdt.,
Morvi Railway, MORVI.

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE VI, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions, beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of BAI COOVERBAI, daughter of Narsi Khairaj alias Khimji and Wife of Govindji Nathu, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, resided at Mandvi, without the Fort of Bombay ..... Deceased.

(1.) JIVRAJ VARSANG and (2) HIRJI RAISI, both of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitants, the two surviving Executors named in the last Will and Testament of the said deceased, the former residing at Chinch Bunder, Mandvi and the latter residing at Ghatkopar, without the Fort of Bombay. ..... Petitioners.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings if they think fit before the grant of Probate.

Witness SIR JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this 1st day of November in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty seven and in the first year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd) H. A. VAKIL,
for Prothonotary and Senior Master.

(Sd.) TAHIR ALI.

The 1st day of November, 1937.
MESSRS. THAKORDAS DARU HEMANY & CO.,
Petitioners' Attorneys.

9211.

THE DRAMA—

That keeps your heart Trembling for 2½ hours!

—2ND WEEK—

SABITA DEVI

In

Kokila

A SAGAR SUCCESS

With

MOTILAL,

SHOBHANADEVI
MAYA, SANKATHA,
PESSI PATEL
SIDDIQUI

Direction By:
BADAMI

Written By:
RAMANLAL VASANTLAL

at

ROXY

Daily: 5-15, 8, 10-30
Matinee at 2-30 on Saturdays, Sundays and Holidays.

NEW EMPIRE

AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

"WALTER WANGER'S VOGUES OF 1938"

WITH

WARNER BAXTER
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TO-MORROW

THE MIGHTIEST MOTION PICTURE DRAMA OF THE YEAR!

SAMUEL GOLDWYN presents

"DEAD END"

Starring:—
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JEEVAN PRABHAT

Starring:

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(in the finest role of her career)

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Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
Matinee on Saturdays and Sundays at 2-45 p.m.

MUSLIMS OBSERVE HARTAL

Sequel To League Resolution On Welcome To Pant

CAWNPORE, Nov. 10.

In accordance with a resolution passed at the meeting of the Executive Committee of the local branch of the Muslim League last night, Muslims are observing hartal to-day on the occasion of the arrival of the Hon. Pt. G. B. Pant, Premier of U. P. here, in order to show resentment against the Government of U. P. for allowing "intolerably communal administration in the Cawnpore Municipal Board."

Muslims are also enjoined not to participate in the demonstration of welcome to Pt. Pant.—A. P.

FEDERAL COURT REGISTRAR

NEW DELHI, Nov. 10.

A communique states:—

The Federal Court will not at present make any appointment of Registrar or any other officer of the Court and no fresh applications for appointment to the staff of the Federal Court will be received.

The Chief Justice of India will shortly appoint a temporary Registrar to carry on the duties of the Registrar until the need for permanent officers arises.—United Press.

INQUIRY INTO BANGALORE FIRING

Bar Association's Demand

BANGALORE, (By Mail).
(From Our Correspondent)

A special meeting of the Bar Association was held on Nov. 6th. in the Bar Association premises to consider the press communique issued by the Government and the manifesto issued by certain citizens of Bangalore regarding the recent disturbances resulting in the police opening fire on the mob.

The following are some of the resolutions passed:—

This Association views with great concern the Police Firing which took place on the 25th Oct. 1937, without any Magisterial Order;

The theory of self-defence put forward in the Government communiques in regard to the said Police Firing is inconsistent with facts within the knowledge of a number of the Bar.

This Association requests the Government to appoint an Independent Committee to enquire into the occurrences which took place on the 24th and 25th Oct. 1937 in Bangalore City with special reference to the conduct of the Police.

TEN YEARS FOR S. WALES BORDERS PRIVATE

LAHORE, Nov. 10.

Agreeing with the unanimous verdict of the Jury Mr. A. Rahman, Additional Sessions Judge, Lahore, convicted Pte. Thompson of the South Wales Borders Regiment under Section 304 (1) I.P.C., (culpable homicide not amounting to murder) and sentenced him to ten years' rigorous imprisonment. Thompson was alleged to have fatally stabbed Capt. Dillon with an army table knife on July 27, 1937, at the military detention barracks, Sialkot Cantonment, where he was detained for one year.

According to the accused Capt. Dillon (deceased) abused Thompson immediately after a parade, whereupon the accused whipped out a knife and stabbed Dillon, who succumbed to the injuries soon afterwards.—A. P.

Only one show at 10-30 a.m.
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KOHINOOR CINEMA
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on Sunday
the 14th Nov. REMEMBER

Auction Sales

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AUCTION SALE TO-DAY (FRIDAY) at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at 57, Medows Street, Fort, of complete Bungalow furniture, Godrej and other safes, Gramophone, Singer Machine, Remington portable Typewriter, Cottage Piano, Chesterfield sets, Wardrobes, Remington typewriter No. 12, etc.

Harbingers Of Free & Independent India

Prof. Ranga's Clarion Call To Youth To Rise To Their Full Stature

SYLHET, November 10.

"Mother India can surely be freed, and soon, if the great majority of our youths shed their affection for the ordinary 'employment' and traditional 'family', and trek in their endless caravans the glorious highway that has so laboriously been laid out by our path-finders, the unknown warriors.

Winners Of Freedom

"It is the masses, led by the self-conscious youths who can win real freedom and retain it. Glory to the unknown singer of 'Vande Mataram'. Hail the forgotten comrades of all our nooks and corners, who are the harbingers of a free and independent India of the workers and peasants".

In these words Prof. N. G. Ranga, M. L. A., President of the All-India Kisan Sabha, gave a clarion call to the youths of India, presiding over the Surma Valley Youth Conference held here to-day.

Gloomy Prospects

Prof. Ranga said:—

"What but bleak prospects do our youths have for their future? In villages there are sufferings and squalors. In towns there are slums and exploitation. Universities prepare us only to overcrowd the educated unemployed. Neither factories, nor farms, neither the college, nor the steamer have any quarter to give us: hope there is none for our youths in this great country: and why? Surely this cannot be typical of the rest of the world. Look at England. Her youths have so many flourishing industries to welcome them. So many colonies to emigrate and the great India to provide lucrative employment. Turn even to Germany, Czechoslovakia, Turkey and America. They have no empires to exploit. Yet their youths are full of hope and are not devoid of help. The Russian youths are to-day hopeful of conquering new worlds of human achievement and they are achieving great things indeed. Why then despondency for the youths of India?

It needs neither courage, nor insight into our true conditions to reply that the root cause is our slavery. But it is not only that. It is our meek acceptance of it and failure to energetically strive against it in every walk of life which is responsible for our continued subjection and slavery.

RAYS OF HOPE

I do not mean to say that there are no rays of hope. If it had not been for the great and glorious sacrifices of many of our elders and some of our own generation, could we have forced the British to beat a retreat and could we have installed the Congress Ministries in seven provinces? But that is not enough. Indeed, it is but a silver lining to an otherwise deepest situation of gloom and horror. If we desire freedom for the country and independence for the masses and if we yearn for the uplift of the Harijan and the woman and self-respect for all the toilers—and there is no other desire and yearning that we can cherish consistent with our duty to humanity—we have to rise in all our might, inspite of all the accumulated and growing disabilities piled up by our slave forefathers and their master, the British Imperialism, to fight not only British Imperialism but also all its historic allies; it is to the credit of Mahatmaji that he had unravelled, as long ago as 1908, the unpalatable fact that we had alloyed British Imperialism to demoralise us to the very core of our national life. He has since then made it his life mission to fight it in all its manifestations. We know now that he has succeeded beyond all expectations. But we see, as a result of his last twenty years' leadership, that our youths have not done enough either to effect from time to time the many radical changes needed in his programmes and policies or to fight the allies of British Imperialism in all their strongholds. If we had, there would not have been all that insistence upon religion with its inevitable hardening of communal prejudices and there would have been greater relief and freedom obtained for our masses from the clutches of the Zamindar and the Sahukar"

RISE TO FULLEST STATURE

Continuing Prof. Ranga said:—

"The modern youths have to realise that the peasants and workers have to be taught to organise themselves. They have to visualise the ultimate freedom of India from British domination and of the masses from its Indian allies in the spheres of religion and economic and social existence. To realise that dream and to free our masses our youths have indeed to work hard. They have to spurn the ordinary worldly ambitions and deny themselves most of the ordinary amenities, the sooner to enable the masses to fulfil greater ambitions and enjoy nobler amenities, they have to content themselves with self-chosen poverty, the better to achieve plenty of food for the masses. They have to crucify themselves in their service of the people, the more confidently to be resurrected into a glorious existence available for all. A Mahatma, Jawaharlal, Rabindranath, Subhas, Rajendra Prasad or a Zaheer, even if multiplied by ten or hundred cannot be expected to win freedom for us all. Even if they do, such a freedom cannot be retained by us, who are undeserving of it. It is the countless youths of this country with their limitless ambitions and burning blood who have to rise to their fullest stature and strive for our freedom and make us fit for its enjoyment. Mother India can surely be freed and soon if the great majority of our youths shed their affection for the ordinary 'employment' and traditional 'family' and trek in their endless caravans the glorious highway that have so laboriously been laid out by our path-finders, the unknown warriors. It is the masses led by the self-conscious youths who can win real freedom and retain it. Glory to the unknown singer of 'Vande Mataram'. Hail the forgotten comrades of all our nooks and corners, who are the harbingers of a free and independent India of the workers and peasants".—United Press.

The Real Secret of CHARM and Eternal YOUTH

Poor Health steals your beauty makes you Old and "Worn Out" causes life to be a black, depressing drudgery! But it need not! Here's the secret!

Rejuvenate Your NERVES

Dr. Cassell's Tablets Quickly Cure

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PAINS, WEAKNESS
INDIGESTION
DEPRESSION
AGEING LOOKS
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Your trouble is due to Worn-out Nerves and you have only to Rejuvenate them with Dr. Cassell's Tablets to be once more Young, Vivacious, Pain-free and irresistibly Attractive to the opposite sex! As this World-famous remedy pours New Power into your Nervous System so do the lines of pain ... the haggard cheeks, the tiredness and deadly weakness disappear! Start taking Dr. Cassell's Tablets TO-DAY and notice how, as they feed and strengthen your Nerves, you immediately begin to feel Younger

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Dr. CASSELL'S TABLETS

The Nerve Tonic that gets at the CAUSE of your Trouble

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AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Thursday.

John Anderson (35), a soda-water stall-keeper, was seen ill in his stall near Museum. He was found unconscious and was removed to G.T. Hospital, where he died. It was suspected that he took opium. An inquest will be held to-morrow.

Yeshwant Teli, a police informant, while going along the road yesterday evening, was stabbed near the Kohinoor Mills. He was removed to hospital. His condition is said to be very precarious.

Two persons have been arrested in this connection.

Forty-three persons were arrested by the Anti-Gambling Squad and the City Police in the course of several raids carried out by them in various localities in the City.

Nine persons were arrested on charges of card gambling and the rest on charges of either accepting or laying sutta bets.

The suspects were ordered to be released on bail for various periods by the Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum, to-day.

Suspected of withdrawing moneys from a bank account on forged cheques, Vilayatkhan Sijawalkhan was put up before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, on Thursday and was ordered to be remanded to police custody till November 25.

Mr. Thomas Carlton Foster (45), residing in a room on the fourth floor of Outram Hotel, in Menaka Building, on Outram Road, was suspected to have fallen from a window. His body was found in the compound of the building. His face and head were severely smashed.

Mr. George Azrelenko, proprietor of the hotel, stated that the deceased arrived from England with his wife on the 4th Nov. and occupied rooms on the fourth floor of his hotel. Yesterday morning he was standing near the lift on the ground floor to go out when he heard a thud in the compound. He ran in the direction from which the sound came and saw the deceased lying dead.

Mr. Herbert Leslie Norfolk, Telephone Engineer in the Bombay Telephone Co., stated that he was residing in the same floor as the deceased. He said that the deceased was not in any financial difficulty and that they were a happy couple.

Yesterday morning the deceased's wife reported to him that her husband was missing from the room. On hearing this he went into the compound where he found the deceased near a window close to the balcony. He concluded that the deceased could not have jumped down.

The Jury did not summon the deceased's wife, as she was in great distress. The Coroner recorded a verdict of accidental death.

Sutta Raids

N. R. Shevde of Anti Gambling squad carried out a raid last night at Kolsa Mohalla Street behind Pydhoni police station and arrested two persons on the charge of accepting sutta bets.

Tusub and another person were arrested. They were released on bail for a fortnight at the Girgaum Court to-day.

Sub-Inspector J. K. Savant of Anti-Gambling squad raided last night Laxmi Nivas, 2nd Pinjrapole Lane, in Maharbowdi section and arrested five persons.

The place belongs to Damu Maharaj who is absconding.

All the accused were placed before the Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum and remanded to police custody till the 25th, as they could not furnish the bail amount.

ARE YOUR 4,000,000 VILLI ABSORBING FOOD OR POISON?

In the lining of your small intestine are millions of hair-like microscopic organs known as *villi*. Each *villus* has complete blood, nerve and muscle systems, and it threshes about like the tenacles of an octopus. The task of the *villi* is to extract from the partially digested food the nourishment the body needs, leaving only waste matter to be eliminated.

If the intestines are not properly evacuated, poisons are formed and the *villi*, instead of doing good work, are forced into the evil task of absorbing these poisons into the system. The outcome may be merely general tassitude—"that run-down" feeling—but, as a result of neglect, rheumatism, sciatica or some dangerous and disfiguring blood disorder is likely to develop.

Help the *villi* to function for your benefit by the regular use of Andrews Liver Salt, the natural, normal laxative. Andrews moves the bowel waste before poisons accumulate. At the same time it does not purge and rush the partially digested mass through the intestines before the *villi* have absorbed the vital blood elements. In this way, Andrews, the pleasant, effervescing health drink, tones up the entire system and benefits every organ in the body.

Andrews Liver Salt has the endorsement of medical men and, in nearly 50 years, has become the world's largest selling effervescing salt. It is a sane, sensible precaution to take Andrews regularly. All Chemists and Stores stock it.

Group of the Islington Corinthians Football Team (English amateur footballers) who are on a visit to this country, snapped on arrival in Bombay by S.S. Conte Rosso on Thursday morning.

Scheme To Make All-India Embargo Successful

Provincial Legislatures To Be Persuaded To Prohibit Sale Of Cloves

Dr. B. N. Anantani, Barrister-at-Law, Editor of the "Zanzibar Voice," who has been acting as the Representative of the Zanzibar Indian National Association in London for the last seven months, in connection with the recent controversial clove legislation returned to India to-day by the "Conte Rosso."

Interviewed, he expressed deep gratitude to the Bombay merchants for steady suspension of imports of Zanzibar cloves as a protest against the legislation which, in effect, aimed at the elimination of Indian merchants from the trade in Zanzibar.

Dr. Anantani trusted, while the Government of India had so grievously erred and were unfortunately remorselessly and the party led by Mr. Jinnah in the Central Legislature had so unexpectedly let down its countrymen in Zanzibar, that public opinion in all the Indian Provinces would support the community and see that not a single bag of cloves was imported in India until justice was done to them

LONDON SURPRISED

Questioned about the reaction on London merchants after failure of the adjournment motion in the Assembly recommending an embargo on entry of Zanzibar Cloves in India, Dr. Anantani answered. Within an hour of the declaration of the result of the voting on the motion, the news was flashed all over England on radio through B. B. C.—so great was the anxiety felt about it. The merchants in Mincing Lane and even many friends in Parliament who had looked forward with confidence to the success of the motion were deeply disappointed with this unpatriotic attitude, as they felt, if it were carried, the Colonial Office would have seen the force of public feeling behind it and realised its mistake in sanctioning this policy, which is neither economically sound nor politically wise.

He said that what pained him most was the fact that due to the attitude of the Government of India as evidenced in expressing their general satisfaction with the Law as amended with a few concessions of details of no value, the Colonial Office, which was originally inclined to entertain proposals for settlement, now refused to do so whatever through him, the Clove-Sub-section of the East African Section of the London Chamber of Commerce, or even through the Zanzibar Government itself which was not less anxious for peace, and insisted on giving a trial to the working of the unworkable law.

Proceeding, Dr. Anantani said that ever since the adoption of the reciprocity resolution by the Imperial Conference years ago, India was helpless in introducing any retaliatory measures against any of the Dominions which illtreated India's nationals there, as she had no effective weapon for retaliation against any of them. He was, therefore, deeply pained to see that India failed to adopt a bold attitude through its central Legislature, due to the "Et Tu Brutus" thrust by the party led by Mr. Jinnah, in the case of Zanzibar, which was only spot within the Empire, against which she had a most powerful weapon for successful retaliation.

NO PARALLEL

Asked as to the present position in Zanzibar, Dr. Anantani stated, the courage, patience determination and unanimity with which the Indian community continued the clove strike for the last four months against all odds and which involved colossal sacrifices were without parallel in the history of any such struggle by a commercial community in the Empire.

The sheet anchor of its hope was India, which, Dr. Anantani trusted, would not in the end fail them in their patriotic effort to vindicate her national honour in that part of the world at any cost.

The attitude of the Indian community in Zanzibar, Dr. Anantani asserted was neither intransigeant nor was it their intention to embarrass the Zanzibar Government in its endeavour to improve the economic policy it chose. Their object as a part of the tax-paying population of the country, was to have their independent status as merchants.

Dr. Anantani has instructions from Zanzibar to tour India and help the Boycott Committee of the Congress in order to see that not only the boycott of Zanzibar cloves was sufficiently stiffened but also that the Provincial Legislatures introduced measures to prohibit sale and consumption of cloves within the Municipal limits of their principal clove consuming centres, so as to render the all-India embargo ultimately possible.

He paid a glowing tribute to the help given to the Zanzibar Indian community by Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas, Chairman of the Imperial Indian Citizenship Association, while in London.

Dr. Anantani has been elected president of the Cutchi States' People's Conference, which holds its session at Bhachau Cutch on the 20th instant. He proceeds to Cutch after two days' consultations with leaders in Bombay.

Plague Again In Cochin And Br. Cochin

(From Our Correspondent.)

ERNAKULAM, (By Mail.)

There have been rat-falls every day, in Cochin and Br.-Cochin and all possible preventive measures are being taken by the authorities concerned.

Two deaths were reported during the last week. Inoculation is daily being done at the Municipal office.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Bombay Programme

VUB 350.9 metres, 855 kcs.

a. m.

8-30 Recitations from Quran-i-Sharif. Moulvi Gulam Mahomed Kamar. 8-45 Marathi Songs, M. B. Basarkar, with Sarangi, Harmonium and Tabla. 12-0 noon. Some Duets. 1-0 p. m. Available Market Rates and Announcements. Lunch Hour Variety. 6-0 p. m. The VUB Trio, A Nautch Melody on Sarangi, Clarionet and Violin. 6-15 Talk (Gujerati): "Know Your Child" By Maneck C. Vajifdar. 6-30 To the Bhumijan. A programme arranged for the villager (The News in Marathi and Time Signal at 7-0 p. m.). 7-30 Popular Songs. Prof. Ramanand. 8-30 Commercial News and the News in Hindi. 9-0 Talk (English): To-night in Bombay", by G. R. Genge. 9-15 The News. 9-30 A Concert, Alice Clegg—Mezzo Soprano. The Art Players.

Calcutta Programme

All Transmissions will be on VUC 370.4 metres, 810 kcs. and 49.10 metres, 6,109 kcs.

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time.)

p. m.

12-36 Con Aston—Entertainer. In a Programme of Vocal and Pianoforte Selections. 12-51 A Variety Programme. 1-21 Talk (English): "Tales of the Wild". No 1 Lucky escapes from death. By A. J. Zorab. 1-36 Recital of Islamic Songs. By Ibne Ahmad. 2-6 "Readings from the Holy Quran". 2-21 Vocal Music Ranjit Kumar Chowdhury—Classico-Modern. 2-31 Parimal Kushari—Baul. 2-41 A Happy Family. An Educational Feature Programme. 5-6 For the Children. 6-6 A Musical Concert. Presented by St. Xavier's College Student. 6-41 The News and Weather Report (Bengali). 7-1 Commercial News and Weather Report (English). 7-6 The News and Announcements. 7-21 Indian Theatrical Night "Pandabayr Ajnatabas".

Delhi Programme

VUD 340.13 metres, 882 kcs.

a. m.

6-0 Recitation from the Quarani-Sharif (Text and Translation). 8-15 Mahbub—Qawwali. 8-30 Haidar Husain Lalit on Surbahar. 8-40 Umra Zia Begam, Geet. 9-10 The News (English) 9-20 The News (Hindustani). 9-30 Mahbub. 9-40 Umra Zia Begam. 10-10 Allah Rakha. 12-30 p. m. Indian Music. 1-30 European Music. 5-0 "Prarthna" By AIR Orchestra. 5-15 Mahbub—Qawwali. 5-30 Duet: "Radhe Shyam" By Umra Zia Begam and Rafique. 5-40 Haidar Hussain, Rewa on Sitar. 5-50 Umra Zia Begam. 6-20 B. S. Rawat. 6-35 Firoz Nizami. 7-0 "For Villagers Only" The News and Market Rates at 7-30 p. m. 8-0 Talk (Hindustani). "Stories Behind Proverbs." No. 7 By Begam Khwaja Bano. 8-15 Music of the Orient. 8-21 Firoz Nizami—Khayal Kedara "Payal Bajat hai sab rat" 8-35 Umra Zia Begam. 9-5 Duet: "Rad-o-niaz" By Umra Zia Begam and Rafique. 9-15 The News and Weather Report (Hindustani). 9-30 The News and Weather Report (English). 9-45 Ken Mae's Astoria Dance Band. A programme of dance music. 10-0 Talk (English): "Have you read these" By J. M. W. Adam. 10-15 European Music Ken Mac's Astoria Dance Band Miss Lou—Crooner. A programme of the latest dance music.

Mysore Programme

Wavelength: 310 & 49.3 or 70.2 metres; Frenquency: 968 & 6085 or 4265 kcs.

6 to 8 -15 p. m. (1) Hindustani music performance by Mr. Balasubramanyam and party. (2) Mysore news (8 p. m.).

LIFE IS WHAT YOU MAKE IT

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Flit is most deadly to insects because it contains a combination of killing agents found in no other insecticide. Flit spray does not stain and is harmless to humans and animals. Beware of all substitutes that masquerade under the name of Flit. Each Flit tin is sealed to protect you from fraudulent refilling. Always insist on the famous yellow tin with the Flit soldier and black band—your guarantee of getting the one and only Flit.

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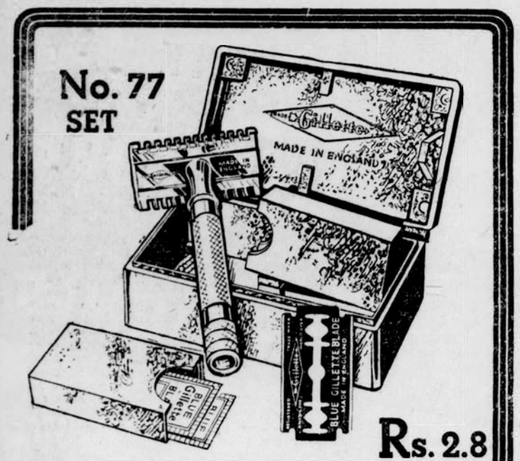

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Discriminating people buy the Gillette No. 77 Set, because it is the ideal utility model.

The razor, 3 Blue Gillette blades and 2 blade sheaths are contained in a mouldrite case, which is not affected by climatic conditions.

Gillette razors and Blue Gillette blades are specially designed to fit perfectly, so that they work together as the ideal shaving team. Always use the two together. Only this combination can give you the maximum number of perfect shaves with every blade — shaves which are unsurpassed for comfort, smoothness and economy.

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Latest Gallops At Mahaluxmi

His Lordship In Good Fettle: Who's Who And Hakim Pasha Work Well

(From "Chronicle" Track Correspondent)

More horses have been seen on the tracks in recent mornings and the following notable gallops have been recorded.

Hewitt sent out HIS LORDSHIP (Burn), CARTOON (Rosen) and HOUSE OF LORDS (Brace) together over six furlongs. This was a smart gallop with the first-named showing out best.

BOULDNOR (Selby) and CARIOCA (Black) covered a brisk mile on the tan. They are coming to hand and must be noted.

BASTION (Selby) and HIMAT (Bullock) finished well together in a fast six. Watch the former.

KARAWAY (Burn) had RIGOLETTA (B. McQuade) beaten in a dash over six furlongs. She maintains her Poona form

BACHELOR'S BARD (Evans) went over six furlongs in attractive fashion. Fit

PAPER BOY (O'Neale) gave a speedy display for six furlongs. He is very well just now.

NATBAY (Burn) showed good speed for six furlongs. He is nicely to hand

HAVANA II (Whiteside) was satisfactory in a dash over the six. Room for improvement in this one

WHO'S WHO (Hutchins) disposed of HOW'S THAT (Bell) in a fast six on the inner grass. He is one to note.

THE QUACK (Burn) pleased in a run over six furlongs.

CHARWARD (Burn) had a stable companion easily beaten over six furlongs.

STRAIGHT SHOT (Selby) in a speedy display held a stable mate over five furlongs.

MISS GREMILLE (Burn) accounted for THURLESTONE (B. McQuade) in a dash over six furlongs. She has come on in recent weeks.

RESOLVE (Marrable) covered five furlongs like a fit horse.

KINGSBOROUGH (O'Neale) was fair over six furlongs.

REPLETE (Marrable) moved attractively for five furlongs.

VANDYKE (Burn) was always going too well for HUE D'OR (Bell) in a dash over the five.

BELLE OF YORK (Meherji) spurted half mile satisfactorily. Wants a little more work.

BURGESS (Harding) came fast over the six and is obviously well.

HAKIM PASHA (Britt) had RAJPUT (Burn) beaten for speed in a six furlongs' dash. A reproduction of this gallop must find him troubling the judge.

AL GHAZI (Obaid) and ARAB KING (Japeth) were well together at the end of six furlongs. A fit pair.

MUJBIL HAMID (Evans) and WAFI HAMID (Meherji) shaped well over six furlongs. Both are improving fast.

SA'AD NAZAM (Burn) shaped excellently over six furlongs. Add him to your list.

GREAT STAR (R. Boy) beat a stable companion over seven furlongs. He is in good trim at the moment.

TOHOLLA (Evans) held SADRAN MANFI (R. Boy) over a fast seven. Must run well on Saturday.

HARIA (Brace) moved freely over seven furlongs. A fit horse.

YA'ARUB PASHA (R. Boy), KRISHNAPRASAD (R. Boy) and another had a run over seven furlongs when the first named shaped best.

Note: MAHARAJA'S CHOICE, SIR AMOS, TRUE MAN and IRAQ GIFT.

Acceptances For To-morrow's Races

First Race—1-15 p.m.

THE BAGDAD PLATE. Div. I.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,500; second Rs. 500; third Rs. 250. For Arabs in Class III. W. A. reduced 7 lbs.

Penalties.—Winner, after 31st October, 1936, of a race or races of the aggregate value of Rs. 2,000 or over, 7 lbs.; or of a race or races of the aggregate value of Rs. 3,000, or over 12 lbs. Allowance.—Ponies 14 hands and under, 4 lbs.

Zohal 9-8, Chota Sahib 8-9, Dhiyab 8-8, Sadran Manfi 8-5, John Valance 8-2, Krishnaprasad 8-2, Mun'im al Mosul 7-10, Dictate 8-2, Nayib al Iraq 7-10, Blue Blood (late Sultan Muhyee) 7-10, King of Diamonds (late Al Asheer) 7-10, Iraq Nur 7-7, Al Bedewi 7-6 and Mahmud al Iraq 7-1.

★ ★

Second Race—1-45 p.m.

THE BAGDAD PLATE. Div. II.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,500; second Rs. 500; third Rs. 250. For Arabs in Class III. W. A. reduced 7 lbs.

Penalties.—Winner, after 31st October, 1936, of a race or races of the aggregate value of Rs. 2,000 or over, 7 lbs.; or of a race or races of the aggregate value of Rs. 3,000, or over, 12 lbs. Allowance.—Ponies 14 hands and under, 4 lbs.

Haria 9-0, Hyder Beg 8-10, Kaimurz 8-10, Tohalla 8-6, Challenger (late Faiz al Iraq), 8-3, Saad Nazam 8-2, Legion 8-2, Wafi Hamid 8-2, Shakespeare 8-2, Ya'aruh Pasha 7-10, Gazal 7-10, Great Star 7-4, Prince Hilal 7-4, Mutlag 7-1 and Turkey 7-1.

★ ★

Third Race—2-15 p.m.

THE MEERUT PLATE.—Distance 5 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,500; second Rs. 500; third Rs. 250. A Handicap for Indian Horses in Class IV other than those in Starred Class.

Honeysuckle 10-4, Maharaja's Choice 7-11, Quicksilver 9-9, Vandyke 8-2, Replete 8-7, Melisande 8-7, Rotten Row 8-0, Belle of York 8-0, Full Faith 7-11, Advance 7-11 Hue d'Or 7-4 and Ironside 7-4.

★ ★

Fourth Race—2-45 p.m.

THE AUCKLAND PARK PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 2,000; second Rs. 700; third Rs. 300. A Handicap for Horses in Class IV.

Muscadet 9-4, Gold Galleon 9-0, Spanish Fly 8-12, Perrier 8-12, Castletol 8-12, Shivratri 7-12, Charward 8-12, The Babadur 8-9, Casanova 8-7, Miss Grenville 8-5, Hill Note 8-0, Grande Dame 8-0, Devonian 7-9, Kingsborough 7-7 and Galumph II. (late Full Moon) 7-4.

★ ★

Fifth Race—3-15 p.m.

THE AUCKLAND PARK PLATE. Div. I.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 2,000; second Rs. 700; third Rs. 300. A Handicap for Horses in Class IV.

Bunny Smith 9-2, Low Tide 9-0, Rathlorn 8-10, How's That (late Kinclaver) 8-9, Remarque 8-7, The Quack 8-7, Pall Mall (late Clarion Chief) 8-4, Ashvaraj 8-0, Date Tree 8-0, Resolve 8-0, Eastern Queen 7-7, Dante 7-7 and Dancing Shoes 7-7.

★ ★

Sixth Race—3-45 p.m.

THE COOPERAGE HANDICAP. Div. II.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 2,000; second Rs. 700; third Rs. 300. A Handicap for Arabs in Classes I and II.

Al Saffah 9-4, Gani 9-2, Dozo (late Ghoj al Yatim) 8-11, Timiat 8-9, Happy King 8-9, Hakim Pasha 8-9, Tharwath 8-2, Mosul King 8-0, Mujbil Hamid 8-0, Sunspot 7-12, Zoolum 7-11, Havana 7-11, Torpedo 7-9, Wardat Saamarra 7-7, and Arab King 7-7.

★ ★

Seventh Race—4-15 p.m

THE REDCAR PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 3,000; second Rs. 1,000; third Rs. 500. A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Twain 9-4, Garden Warbler 9-0, Mad Hatter 8-9, Maid of Orleans 8-11, Clear Art 8-6, Budapest 8-8, Bastion 8-8, Saxon Prince 8-2, Who's Who (late Yord) 8-0, New Radnor 7-4, Natbay 8-0, Myron 7-11, Diomedol 7-9, Havana II. 7-4, and Tipperary (late Cognac) 7-9.

★ ★

Eigth Race—4-45 p.m.

THE NOVEMBER PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 5,000; second Rs 1,500; third Rs. 1,000. A Handicap for Horses in Class II.

Benevento 9-4, Flying Glance 9-0, Birthday Book 9-0, Sarason 8-12, Fearless Prince 8-12, Karaway 8-0, Lingo 7-10, House of Lords (late Water Marten) 8-12, Gipsy Jack 8-9, Danny Boy 8-0, Morfair 8-9, Bachelor's Bard 8-9, Dr. Strabismus 7-10, Dichroic 8-6, Himat 8-6, Oceanus 8-2, Paper Boy 8-0, Ecclesiastic 7-10, All at Sea 7-4 and Raghubeer 7-4.

★ ★

Ninth Race—5-15 p.m.

THE WELLINGTON PLATE.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 10,000; second Rs. 3,000; third Rs. 1,500. A Handicap for Horses in Class I.

Diamond Shower 9-9, Clicquot 8-4, Synagogue 9-6, Gay Lover 9-0, Zem Zem 7-7, His Lordship (late Count Ito) 8-9, Rivalli 8-7, Argo's Heir 7-10, Pas Libre 8-4, Irongrey 8-2, Martara 8-0, Carioca 7-10, Bouldnor 7-4 and Hesperitus 7-7.

★ ★

Tenth Race—5-45 p.m.

THE COOPERAGE HANDICAP. Div. I.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 2,000; second Rs. 1,400; third Rs. 600. A Handicap for Arabs in Classes I and II.

Firpo 9-2, Yawir Awar 9-2, Reform 9-0, Fadhilat al Hawa 8-6, Burgess 8-10, Blanche 8-6, The Duke 8-4, Al Hazar 8-2, Rajput 7-13, Aziza 7-11, Taj Subhan 7-9, Bahar Neel 7-9, Al Ghazi 7-9, Green Lawn 7-7, Iraq Bahadur 7-7, Walk Over 7-5 and Mahmood Beg 7-5.

POPPY DAY OBSERVANCE IN CITY

Governor Attends Divine Service

The nineteenth anniversary of the Armistice Day was observed in Bombay on Thursday with the usual solemnity befitting the occasion.

Since early morning young ladies were seen selling Poppies for the Ex-Service Men's Fund. All throughout the city girls were posted with baskets of "poppy" of which there was a good sale. A number of motor cars were also adorned with poppy garlands.

At 11 a.m. punctually guns were fired at Grant Road, and at the Oval to remind the public to observe two minutes silence. In the mill area the sirens blew warning the people to hold two minutes silence. The tramway traffic was brought to a stand still by the switching off of the electric current. The Governor attended the divine service at the Afghan Memorial Church at 10-30 a.m. while in the St. Thomas Cathedral a service was held at 10-45 a.m. The Roman Catholic Church at Colaba, the Methodist Church near Colaba Causeway, St. Andrews Church at Apollo Street and Christ Church at Byculla held services at 10-30 a.m. when prayers were offered for those who sacrificed their lives in the last great war.

The service in the Cathedral, the Afghan Church and other Anglican churches all throughout the Bombay Diocese was the same as in the previous years After the hymn "Praise, My Soul the King of Heaven," Litany was said remembering all those who died in the Great War, which was followed by prayers.

At 11 a.m. the congregation stood in attention for two minutes when the Last Post was sounded and the Dead March was played.

MR. HOSSAIN B. TYEBJI

Resigns From Muslim League

Mr. Hossain Badruddin Tyebji has resigned his membership of the Muslim League. He has addressed the following letter to the Hon. Secretary of the Muslim League, Bombay:—

"I beg to tender my resignation of the membership of the Muslim League. I regret doing so very much, since the objects of the League as professed and declared in its constitution, manifesto, creed, pledge and programme have my entire support. I wish, however, to dissociate myself completely from its working, its proceedings and spirit."

REDUCTION OF DUTY ON DIAMONDS

NEW DELHI, Nov. 10.

A Gazette of India Extraordinary notifies a further reduction of import duty on diamonds and other precious stones from 10 per cent "ad valorem" to 5 per cent "ad valorem".—A. P.

The District Traffic Superintendent, S. I. Rly., Kailasapuram, wires, in connection with breaches on the Tuticorin line that through running on Maniyachi-Tuticorin section has been restored.—

Q: "What precautions are best against Coughs of the Elderly?"

ANGIER'S is the answer

Those who have the care of the aged and feeble can confidently rely on Angier's Emulsion to afford adequate protection against all weakening effects. Angier's is both healing and strengthening. Because it is very palatable, and restores tone to the organs of digestion, without entailing any extra work upon the system, it can be assimilated even by the very delicate who will, in consequence, derive the utmost benefits from its soothing, building and invigorating properties.

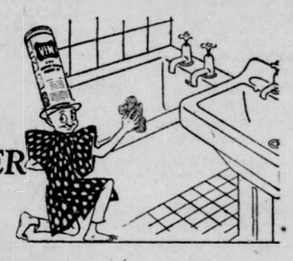
Angier's is unequalled for bronchitis, and for coughs and chronic catarrhal affections generally, whether of lungs, stomach, or intestines. It improves appetite and nutrition, and, what is of great importance, promotes normal and regular action of the bowels.

There is no better tonic for the aged, and none that has such a general soothing effect.

Of all Chemists and Bazars in two sizes.

Angier's Emulsion contains no animal oil, and in its preparation is untouched by hand. It is therefore acceptable to all castes and religions.

VIM gives BETTER, SAFER CLEANING



Don't spoil your tiles, baths and basins by harsh scouring with sand or cheap cleansers. They only scratch the dirt away, harming the surfaces. Protect them by cleaning with Vim. Only Vim gives the quick, safe cleaning that keeps surfaces like new. Just a sprinkle of Vim on a damp cloth, a gentle rub, and the job is done—completely and without hard work. Get Vim and enjoy safe cleaning.

Always use VIM *for cleaning your*

POTS	PAINTWORK
PANS	WOODWORK
CUTLERY	METALWARE
BATHS	CHINAWARE
TILES	GLASSWARE

For all household cleaning

V 247-50 MADE FOR LEVER BROTHERS (INDIA) LIMITED

Cairo Letter

Imam Of Yemen's Letter To Mussolini Disappoints Arabs

WHY RECOGNISE ITALIAN CONQUEST OF ABYSSINIA?

(From Our Correspondent.)

CAIRO, (By Air Mail.)

The Italian Press gives prominence to an official letter written by the Imam of Yemen to Signor Mussolini, expressing his rejoicings at the happy ending of the negotiations between the two Governments as a result of which a new Treaty has been signed between them; also for the Duce's personal gift to the Imam of a large quantity of ammunition, arms, machine guns and other war materials.

The Imam has also officially recognized the sovereignty of Italy over Ethiopia.

These actions of the Imam have been met with great disappointment and dissatisfaction from Arabs

Sheikh Yusuf Yasin, Private Adviser to King Ibn Saud had discussions with the Syrian authorities at Damascus regarding the subject of a pact between their respective governments for mutual goodwill and non-aggression.

SHARIAT AND ISLAM.

The Dean of the Al Azhar University is contemplating to call a conference to discuss matters connected with the Shariat and Islamic tradition. He wishes the Egyptian Government to extend their patronage to the scheme and to hold the Conference in Cairo.

The Dean expects the Egyptian Government to extend invitations to all those who are interested in the subjects, like the lawyers, professors and Muslim divines, all over the world

GRAND MUFTI AND GOVT.

Grave rumours were published recently in the Cairo Press that the French Government had expressed their unwillingness at the stay of the Grand Mufti of Palestine in Syria or Lebanon. Moreover, it was also mentioned that France wanted to prevent the Grand Mufti from proceeding to any other Muslim or Eastern country.

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-Day

Hindu: Kartak Sud 9, 1994
Muslim: Ramjan 7, 1356
Parsi: Khordad 8, 1307
Hightide: 5-28; 18-11
Lowtide: —; 12-46
Sunrise: 6h. 41m
Sunrise: 6h. 3m

B.P.C.C. SPECIAL MEETING

A special general meeting of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee will be held to-day (Friday), at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Congress House

CORPORATION IMPROVEMENTS COMMITTEE

There will be no meeting of the Improvements Committee on Tuesday, the 16 Nov. 1937

OFFICIAL AND PERSONAL

The Governor of Bombay and Lady Lumley attended the Armistice Day Service at the Afghan Memorial Church on Thursday.

The Rt: Revd: The Bishop of Bombay, Miss Acland and Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas lunched at Government House on Thursday.

The Governor of Bombay attended the 1914-1918 Association Armistice Day Dinner at Green's Hotel on Thursday.

RUNNING RACES FOR GOA HINDUS

The annual running races conducted under the auspices of the Association will take place on 12th Dec. 1937. These races are open to Goan Hindus only. For further particulars please apply to the Hon. Secretaries at 14, Tribhuvan Road, Bombay No. 4.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CENTRAL—"Tukaram" Daily at 5-15 8 and 10-45 p.m
EXCELSIOR—"Said O'Reilly To McNob" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m
IMPERIAL—"Mandir" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"The Unexpected" Daily at 5, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Toofani Tarzan". Daily at 5-15, 8-15 and 10-45 p.m
MAJESTIC—"Pratibha" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m
MINERVA—"Jeevan Prabhat". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Vogues of 1938". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Milap". Daily at 5, 8 and 10-45 p.m
PLAZA—"Premveer" Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m
REGAL—"The Road Back". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Kokila". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
THE BROADWAY—"The Plainsman". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Flame of Love" Daily at usual time

"TOPIWALLA ANNIVERSARY"

Fourth death anniversary of the late Narayanrao Anant Desai Topiwalla will be celebrated in the Kudal Deshkar Brahmin Niwas, Bombay. Girgaum. to-day (Friday), at 9 p.m

S. I. SANGEETHA SABHA

There will be a music entertainment by Sangeetha Vidwan Madirimangalam Natesa Aiyar accompanied by Parur Anantharama, Iyer-Violin and Palghat C. V. Mani-Mridangam at the Asthika Samaj Hall, Matunga G.I.P. at 4-15 p.m. on Sunday the 14th inst.

ON SUNDAY LAST

BOMBAY, INDIA and the WORLD Celebrated the

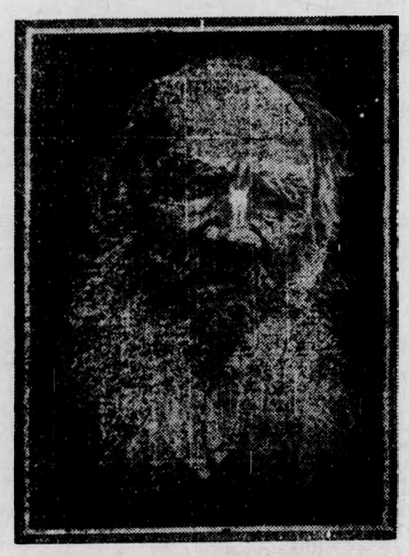
20TH ANNIVERSARY

of the Revolution in Russia

TO-DAY & THIS WEEK

CITIZENS OF BOMBAY

Ought to Honour the memory of the Greatest Russian Author



COUNT LEO TOLSTOY

By seeing his greatest novel

"RESURRECTION"

in 'HINDI' as

'Duniya Kya Hai"

(A 'ROYAL' Release)

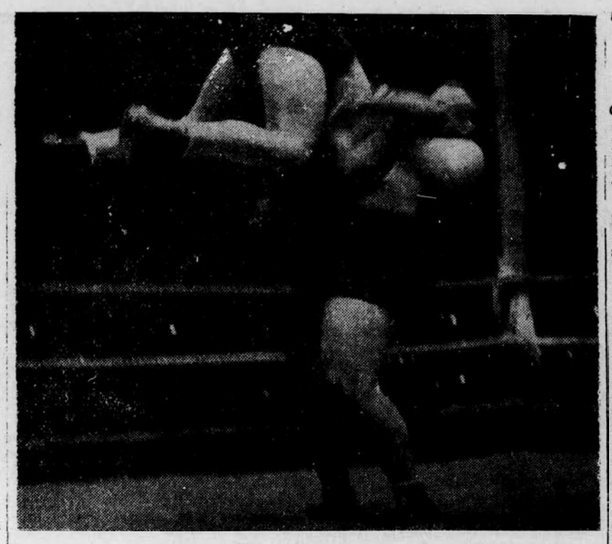
Featuring a GREAT CAST
LALITA PAVAR, INDIRA WADKER,
MADHAV KALE, KAMALA WARERKAR,
BEGUM FATMA

GALA OPENING TO-DAY

AT 2-30 P. M.

MAJESTIC CINEMA Girgaon

To-day 4 shows: 2-30, 5-15, 8, 10-45 p. m.



An incident in the terrific fight between "King Kong" and Goldstein, when the latter was beaten senseless on Wednesday.

FIRST AID EXAM. RESULTS

Examination of the First Aid Class organised by Mr. Samuel Judah, under the auspices of the Bombay Jewish Centre of the St. John Ambulance Association in the premises of the Sir Jacob Sassoon Free High School, Byculla, and conducted by Dr. May Sampson was held on 24th October by Major Jacob Ezekiel, the following candidates were declared successful:—

Certificates:—Misses Sophie R. Ezekiel, Rebecca Hajioff, Hanna Y. Levi, Mozelle M. Raymond, Rachel Samuel Judah, Hilda Somekh, Mozelle Somekh, Hilda Levy.

Medallions:—Misses Katie Radda and Reema Somekh.

ACADEMY OF INDIAN MUSIC

A condolence meeting to mourn the loss of Sangit Ratna Khansaheb Abdul Karimkhan was held under the presidentship of Khansaheb Habibkhan, son of Alladiyakhan Birtuwale on Sunday Oct. 31, in the premises of the Academy of Indian Music. Pandit Ganga Prasad Pathak of Gwalior State paid a tribute to services rendered by Khansaheb Abdul Karimkhan in promoting the love of Hindusthani Music. A condolence resolution was passed.

BOMBAY ANDHRA MAHASABHA

At a general body meeting of the Bombay Andhra Mahasabha held on Sunday last the following were elected as office-bearers for the year:

Dr. S. N. Ganti, L.C.P.S. (President) Messrs. G.A.V. Rao and M. Anantha Rao (Jt. Secretaries), Mr. S. Venkat Rao, Treasurer, and Messrs. B. Hanumanth Rau, C. Nageswara Row, V. N. Patruni, K. A. Ramiah and R. Bhaskara Rao members of the Executive Committee; Mr. U. N. Rao, B.Sc., (Glasgow) Hon. Auditor.

PARTY TO DR. BIHARILAL ANTANI

The working committee of Shree Cutchhi Praja Parishad have organised a tea party of leading Cutchhies to meet Dr. Biharilal Antani the elected President of Bhachau session of Parishad to-day (Friday), at 5 p.m. (S.T.) at Cutch Castle, Sandhurst Road, Chowpaty.

"KAIRALEE SEVAKA SANGHAM"

The first ordinary meeting of the 'Kairalee Sevaka Sangham' will be held at 5-30 p.m. on Sunday, the 14th instant, at Ramesh Sadan, Plot No. 209-D, Vincent Road, Matunga, Mr. K. V. K. Nair will speak on 'Malayalam Literature Today'. Mr. K. R. Menon will preside.

GUJARATI STREE SAHAKARI MANDAL

A public meeting will be held to explain the aims and objects of the "Art in the Home" Exhibition to be held at the Town Hall from 25th November, 1937, to 7th December, 1937, at the Besant Hall, Blavatsky Lodge at 6 p.m. on Monday the 15th November, 1937. Rani Lakshmibai Rajwade has kindly consented to preside. Mr. Jhirad, the Principal of J. J. School of Arts, will be one of the speakers.

"MAPUCA UNION"

The annual Social Gathering of the Union will be held to-morrow (Saturday), at 9 p.m. at the Instituto Luso-Indian Hall, Dabul, Girgaum Road.

MUNICIPALISATION OF SOCIAL WELFARE CENTRES

(From A Correspondent.)

The Managing Committee of the Social Workers' Society has resolved that the resolution to be moved by Dr. Mrs. Sukhtanker regarding the municipalisation of all social welfare centres in the Municipal Chawls that are, receiving grants from the Municipality is a very laudable one, and the social society fully support the spirit of the resolution.

LATE ALEMIYA SAHEB

To condole the death of Alemiya Saheb maternal uncle of the Nawabsaheb of Janjira State, an urgent meeting was held under the auspices of Janjira State Association of Bombay on Tuesday last in the Hall of Desh Seva Mandir Matunga and it passed a suitable resolution.

A silent prayer was also solemnly and unanimously conducted to desire peace to the generous popular magnanimous soul of the dead.

BAHA'I LECTURES

A public lecture will be given by Mrs. Nargiz Khanum H. Manji on the "Birth of a Golden Age" in English and Moulvi Mehefuzal Haq Ilmi will speak on the "Birth of Baha'u'llah" in Urdu in the Baha'i Hall, Krishna Building, Bori Bunder, to-day (Friday), at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) when Dr. M. E. Lukmani will preside.

STATUE T SIR DINSHAW MULLA

A statue to Sir Dinshaw Mulla will be unveiled in the High Court Gardens to-day (Friday), at 5 p.m.

ROYAL WESTERN INDIA TURF CLUB

Geldings Imported After February 1, 1938

The Stewards give notice that geldings imported into India on or after 1st February, 1938, will not be qualified to run in the following races:

The Eclipse Stakes of India.
The C. N. Wadia Gold Cup.
The Hughes Memorial Plate.

Entries imported into India on or after the above date and subsequently gelded, will also be debarred from running in the above races.

SUPPORT HAWKERS' DEMANDS

Request To Municipal Corporators

The Hawkers' Conference held recently under the presidentship of Mr. S. A. Brelvi formulated the demands of the City hawkers. They were sent to the Hon. Mr. K. M. Munshi and Hon. Mr. L. M Patil, Ministers, respectively for Law and Order and Local Self-Government. They were also forwarded to the Mayor, the Municipal and Police Commissioners.

DEPUTATION TO THE MINISTERS

The conference also elected a deputation to wait upon the Ministers. The Hon. Mr. Munshi has informed the Union that a date will be soon fixed.

A PROPOSAL BEFORE THE CORPORATION

In the meanwhile a proposal of the Standing Committee of the Corporation is to Re. 1 as squatter's license fee. With a view to request the Corporators to support this measure and the allied demands when they will be moved before the Corporation, a public meeting was held at Chaupatty on Wednesday evening under the presidentship of Mr. M. A. Azad, when Mr. R. S. Nimbker the Gen. Secretary of the Union, explained in detail all the demands of the hawkers.

In Aid Of Harijans

NEW ERA SCHOOL STUDENTS' CONCERT AT C J. HALL TO-DAY

The Hon. Secretaries write:—

The New Era Past Students Union have organised a Concert in aid of Harijans at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall to-day (Friday), at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) Mr. Jaysukhlal Mehta, the President of The Harijan Sangh, Bombay, will preside.

Tickets can be obtained from The New Era School Hughes Road, Bombay, or from the Indian Globe Insurance Co., Ltd. 315/321, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The O.S.K. Steamer "London Maru" left Singapore on November 9 and is due to arrive in Bombay on November 23 via Penang, Colombo and Mormugao.

HINDUSTANI MUSIC CONFERENCE

A sitting of the Hindustani Music Conference will be held at the Besant Hall, Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge. Papers on interesting subjects connected with music will be read. The Baroda State Orchestra will also entertain the public, the session is open to the public free of charge, and will be held to-day (Friday) at 7 p.m.

RECREATION FOR RY. STAFF.

The following Press Note has been issued from Secundrabad:—

With a view to providing recreation for the staff at out stations in the way of sports and entertainments etc., H. E. H. the Nizam's State Railway Administration, on the advice of Major E. W. Slaughter, the Agent, are taking special steps to ensure that facilities similar to those available to the staff stationed at headquarters are provided. A committee has been set to formulate a comprehensive scheme, and certain facilities are being inaugurated immediately.

CHHOI SILK MILL

In the 'Chronicle' for November 11, the debit balance in the Chhoi Silk Mill Report has been mentioned as Rs. 28,594-4-3. It should be read as Rs. 1,28,594-4-3

CITY FATHERS' ROUNDS IN BYCULLA

The Municipal Commissioner and the Councillors of "E" Ward will meet near the Byculla Fire Brigade Station to-morrow (Saturday), at 7 a.m. (B.T.) to go round the Ward.

Residents of the Ward who have grievances to represent should be present at the appointed place and time.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(By A SUBURBAN MAN.)

The report of the Salsette Catholic Housing Society, Limited, for 12 months ending June 30, 1937, just out makes very interesting reading and shows a sound financial position.

The membership in the period under report closed with 188 members on the Society's rolls. The share capital in respect of existing share is Rs. 96,000. 12 transfers of shares were effected.

During the year under report loans were made to the members to the extent of Rs. 28,846 and recoveries in the shape of repayments amounted to Rs. 24,606. From the dues from members, two cases of default were referred to the Registrar, but as in one case the account was fully liquidated and in the other payments commenced to be made following on the member in question securing an employment, both the references were withdrawn. In other cases assurances have been secured of regular payments.

The interest on loan deposits was reduced to 4 1/2 per cent., with effect from August 10, 1936 and is being further reduced to 4 per cent., with effect from October 10, 1937.

D'MONTE'S PARK

During the year under report the Bandra Municipality raised a question whether their annual grant of Rs. 500 was being used only towards the maintenance of this park and whether separate accounts being maintained in respect of the grant, also whether any amounts were contributed to the park and whether the society would be agreeable to nomination by the municipality of some of their councillors on the managing committee of the society so as to safeguard the rights of the public and watch the application of the grant made by the municipality. To this the society replied that separate accounts have maintained up to March 31, 1935, after which the grant was passed on the Bandra Gymkhana as that body has been entrusted to the management of the park on the grounds of economy and efficiency. To the question regarding representation of the municipality on their Board, the society after consultation with the Gymkhana replied in the affirmative.

The nineteenth ordinary general meeting of the society will be held on Sunday November 21, 1937 at 10-30 a. m. (S. T.) at the Bandra Gymkhana, Cantwady Scheme, Bandra, when some very important business will be transacted.

DEFAMATION CASE AGAINST "KESARI" WITHDRAWN

(From Our Correspondent)

PANVEL, Nov. 11.

Mr. J. S. Karandikar, Editor of the "Kesari" having agreed to express regret in his paper for the adverse comments he published against Mr. T. N. Bedekar, a Congress leader of Panvel, the latter has withdrawn the case of defamation that was proceeding against the former in the First Class Magistrate's Court, Panvel.

"Dufferin" Tribute To War Dead

BOMBAY, Nov. 11.

An impressive ceremony was held on the quarter deck of I.M.M.T.S. "Dufferin," when the two minutes silence was observed by the entire ship's company. After the Last Post and Reveille, the cadets marched past, and saluted the Red Ensign draped over the Capstan, in special memory of all those, officers and men, who died at sea during the war.—A. P.

Satyamurti In Bombay

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Mr. S. Satyamurti, M.L.A., (Central) arrived in Bombay this morning from Madras 'en route' to Karachi to preside over the Students' Federation on November 13. Mr. Satyamurti leaves for Karachi to-night, returning to Bombay on November 17.

VICTORIA MILL STRIKE ENDS

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The operatives of the Victoria Mill No. 2, who went on strike last week, resumed work to-day. The following notice was put up in front of the Mill by the Management:—

"As the workers have expressed their willingness to resume work It is understood that some of re-start the Mill, the Mill will commence work from Thursday morning."

It is understood that some of the labour leaders will represent to-day before the Conciliation Board the grievances of the Spring Mill strikers.

Alleged Attempt At Murder

BOMBAY, Thursday.

On charges of attempted murder and abetment two persons Areon J. Fernandes and Peter J. Fernandes were arrested last evening by the Bhoiwada police.

They are alleged to have caught hold of one Yashwant Sakharam Teli at the entrance of Gwalior Building, Dadar Main Road, and stabbed him in several parts of his anatomy including the abdoman. The injured is lying in precarious condition.

The accused were produced today before the Presidency Magistrate, Dadar, and were ordered to be remanded into police custody till the 25th instant.

R. P. MASANI RETURNS FROM ENGLAND.

Mr. R. P. Masani who had been to England, arrived in Bombay, by s.s. "Conte Rosso," on Thursday.

INTERVIEWS WITH REVENUE MINISTER

The Hon. Mr. M. R. Desai, Minister for Revenue, Rural Development and Agriculture, will grant interviews to the public only between 11 a.m. and 1 p.m. from Monday to Friday. Interviews by previous appointment can however be arranged at other times

Death Of Mr. Ardeshir S. Narielwala

Mr. R. B. Paymaster writes:—

The death has occurred of Mr. Ardeshir Shapurji Narielwala well-known mill store supplier and merchant on Tuesday night at the age of 81. He belonged to a family that had settled at Pop in the Travancore State at the end of the 18th century. His ancestor Mr. Naorojee Cowasji was instrumental in bringing about in 1803 a treaty between East India Company and the Travancore State for the supply to the former Company of timber that grew in abundance in the said State. The deceased Mr. Ardeshir's father Mr. Shapurji Sorabji Narielwala (1823-1893) was one of the pioneers in the importation of cotton mill stores in Bombay, and the largest holders of stock of mill accessories between 1880 and 1892. His son Mr. Ardeshir joined his father's business at the age of 18 after the completion of his education. In 1905 Mr. Ardeshir started independent business and made it most thriving one. He visited London first in 1907 and again in 1922 and secured agencies in mill stores from the merchants of Lancashire and Manchester and was made a Fellow of the Royal Society of Arts (F.R.S.A.) of London, and a Fellow of the International Faculty of Science (F. F. Sc.) He amassed a large fortune in his business and was a Khot and Inamdar of two villages in the Salsette named Anik and Devnur, He leaves behind him his widow Beherozbai, and four sons named Messrs. Navroji, Perozeshaw, Shapurji and Rustamji. He has given large sums in charity and had rendered valuable service to Government during the Great War.

Sadanand Files Declaration Before C. P. M.

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Mr. S. Sadanand filed a declaration on Thursday before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, declaring himself as the Printer and Publisher of the "Free Press Journal," which is to be published at the Advocate of India Press, Dalal Street.

No security is demanded.

Cinema Goers Resent Insinuations Against Jawaharlal

The Organising Secretary of Cinema Goers' Association writes:

The members assembled on Sunday evening at the Arya Samaj Mandir, Girgaum, under Sjt. Rameshwardas Agarwala's predency resented the insinuation against President Jawaharlal in the dialogue contained in Prabhat's latest release "The Unexpected" or "Dunia-Na-Mane"

SAYED ALI BAGHADI IN BOMBAY.

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Maulana P. Sayed Ali Baghadi, preacher of Islam, arrived this morning from Madras.—A. P.

Terrible Sleepless Nights through chronic CATARRH

"In my case, Karsote is little short of miraculous," writes this one-time sufferer from catarrh in a letter which every catarrh-sufferer should read. She goes on to say: "Before using Karsote I never knew what a night's rest was, and when I did sleep I always woke with fits of coughing and expectorating phlegm. But all that has ceased after the constant use of Karsote. I have tried numerous remedies, but it was of no avail until I used Karsote, and then I found the relief for which I craved so long. Karsote is a boon and a blessing to all who suffer from nose, throat and lung trouble."—J.R.W

YOU can get the same swift relief from catarrh, coughs, colds, etc. You just sprinkle a few drops of Karsote on to a handkerchief and inhale the pleasant vapour. In a few minutes Karsote opens up stuffed nostrils, clears away mucus at back of throat, and soothes the wheezy inflamed breathing passages right down to the bottom of the lungs. In next to no time your catarrh disappears for ever

KARSOTE INHALANT

Obtainable from all Chemists, Stores and Bazars.

Wholesale Stockists:
Bombay: Cama, Norton & Co.
Karachi: Nusserwanjee & Co.

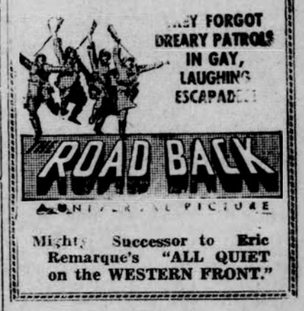
Your Sleeping Beauty

Is your complexion is drab, wrinkled, blemished? Defies all attempts to beautify it with cosmetics? Then get rid of it. Beneath this unlovely outer skin lies a fresh, youthful complexion waiting to be revealed What can you do about it? Just get an ounce or two of Mercolized Wax from your chemist and apply this wax nightly instead of your usual creams. While you sleep this oxygenated wax gently and imperceptibly absorbs the discoloured, unbeautiful outer tissue, revealing in its place a fresh, youthful skin A brief ten-day treatment will suffice to convince you that this is the beauty treatment you have been waiting for. It awakes that sleeping beauty.

Mercolized Wax contains no animal fat

REGAL

TODAY AT 4, 6-20 & 10 P.M.



Mighty Successor to Eric Remarque's "ALL QUIET on the WESTERN FRONT."

THE EXCELSIOR

AT 6-30 & 10 P.M.

"SAID O'REILLY TO McNAB"

A non-stop laugh riot.
WILL MAHONEY
WILL FYFFE

CAPITOL

NO CINEMA SHOWS TO-DAY!

From TO-MORROW—
Bette Davis
Henry Fonda
in WARNER BROS.' Dramatic Hit
"THAT CERTAIN WOMAN"

MARRIED to a man WHO WALKED OUT on her LOVE!..... WHAT was she TO DO?

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1937

RESPONSIBILITIES OF MINISTERS

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's statement on the proper relations between Congress Ministers and the Congress organization in general considerably clarifies a question which has been much discussed of late. That question figured prominently at the last meeting of the All-India Congress Committee in the course of the discussion on a resolution urging Congress Ministers to implement fully the pledged policy of the Congress with regard to civil liberties. The whole question was referred to that body, which will do the needful with regard to the specific actions of certain Ministers. The President's statement considers the general question of the relations between Congress Ministers and the Congress organization. He himself states that "it is not possible or desirable to interfere in the day to day work of the Ministries, or to call for explanations from them for administrative acts, unless some important principle is involved." Even when such explanations are necessary, he says, it is not easy to discuss them in a public forum like that of the All-India Congress Committee.

No Conflicting Allegiances

With regard to questions of policy, it is often asked if it is not best to leave Congress Ministers to be guided only by their legislatures and the Provincial Legislative Parties and if it is wise to embarrass them with responsibility to a number of bodies. But the President rightly points out that, the electors having voted for the Congress and its policy, the Ministers and the Congress Legislative Parties are primarily responsible to the Congress and there are, therefore, no conflicting allegiances for Congress Ministers or Congress Parties in the legislatures. The proper position is, as the President explains it, that the basic policy is laid down by the annual session, and it is interpreted and implemented by the A.I.C.C. and the Working Committee, as the executive of the Congress is charged with the carrying out of this policy." Thus the Working Committee is the fittest body to give detailed instructions to Congress Ministers and see that they are properly carried out. At the same time it is highly desirable that, as the Working Committee cannot meet frequently and cannot make local inquiries immediately, the Ministers should take into confidence and act in concert, whenever necessary, with Provincial Executive Committees. A special reason for this procedure is stated by the President in the following words: "We have been directed to co-ordinate our activities outside the legislatures with those inside. This can only be done effectively if the P.C.C. Executive is in close touch with the Ministries." As for individual Congressmen, they have every right to offer suggestions to Congress Ministers and even to criticise them. Nobody has denied this right. But, as the President himself remarks, "criticism must be friendly and co-operative criticism; any unfriendly or hostile attitude to them must unevitably react on the Congress organization and weaken it."

Correct Attitude

Pandit Jawaharlal is naturally very keen about civil liberties in Congress provinces. Taking his stand on the Congress creed of non-violence, he recommends that sedition by itself is not a crime for a Congressman and should be penalized only if it incites people to violence. Even with regard to such extreme cases, he lays down the correct Congress attitude in the following felicitous terms: "Even the wrongdoers must be approached non-violently for a violent suppression of wrong doing does not end it. Thus a Congress Ministry must avoid, as far as it possibly can, the use of the coercive apparatus of the State. It should approach the wrongdoer and try to win him over and point out the evil consequences of his act. Even if this approach is not successful, coercive action should be avoided, unless dangerous consequences are feared." If this policy is scrupulously followed by Congress Ministers, they will thereby set a noble example to other Ministers in the country.

Salary "Cuts"

The unconscionably and intolerably high level of salaries brought into vogue by the rulers of this country in the interests not really of the administration but of the British recruits to the public services, has obliged the Congress to make the reduction of these salaries to a proper level one of the planks in its programme of national amelioration. In almost all the "Congress" provinces the Ministries are engaged in investigating the possibilities of such reduction as well as of retrenchment and one may expect their proposals to be disclosed early next year. It goes without saying that all such proposals will evoke not a little discontent among the rank and file of the services who will be called upon to make the sacrifice. Human nature being what it is, only a small proportion among them will be able to appreciate the Congress point of view and whole-heartedly sympathise with the Congress Ministries in their efforts to redress the existing inequitable balance between the pampered few and the neglected and suffering many. Such being the case, both circumspection and patience will be required by these Ministries in putting their plans into execution. In this connection, the plea for caution put forward by the Rt. Hon. V. S. Srinivas Sastry in his recent address to the Madras Rotary Club deserves to be given the fullest attention by the Congress Ministries. In justice to Mr. Sastri it must be said that nowhere in the address did he display any partisan spirit. His criticism of the Madras Congress Ministry's proposal is based entirely on grounds of administrative good and the legitimate rights of the employees of Government and as such deserves earnest consideration at the hands of not only the Madras Cabinet but also of all other Congress Cabinets.

One of the principal contentions of Mr. Sastri is that the ascetic ideal which the Madras Premier, Mr. Rajagopalacharlar, recently extolled and held up as incumbent on all Government employees now to adopt, cannot be expected to be adopted by the rank and file of such employees, however much it may appeal to a few individuals here and there. Mr. Sastri is undoubtedly right in saying this. The radical change in the mentality of the Services—from one of helping themselves at the expense of the poor toiling masses to that of honest patriotic service for the betterment of the community as a whole—which Mr. Rajagopalachari wants to bring about, can be brought about, albeit gradually, by the living example of a few at the top of the administration who pursue the goal in the "ascetic" spirit so much desired by him. The ideal to be aimed at, in regard to the rank and file of the Services, can only be one which will, in the words of Mr. Sastri, enable them "to be contented, to be able to maintain themselves in dignity and comfort and keep up a social position to have a good prospect in view." Only with such an ideal can we have services which will give the Government honest, faithful and contented work. Else, as he says, the services would be disorganised, demoralized and disheartened.

Out of considerations such as have been referred to above, Mr. Sastri has suggested that salaries below Rs. 100 should not be touched at all, because according to him, that is about the least on which an ordinary middle-class individual can manage to lead a decent existence. It may be noted that Mr. Satyamurti appears to agree with Mr. Sastri in this view. Looking to the vast majority of the Indian population who are unable to earn even Rs. 30 per month, it may be legitimately questioned in some quarters whether the minimum of Rs. 100 is not too high. The Madras Government's range of proposed "cuts" extends from 2 1/2 to 33 per cent If adopting Mr Sastri's suggestion, salaries below Rs. 100 are exempted from the "cuts," the total saving accruing to the Government would, it is said, amount to only five lakhs of rupees. This may not be considered as adequate but, as Mr. Sastri points out, the object of the reductions cannot be merely to fill the coffers of Government—it can only be to bring the salaries of high grades into some form of reasonable correspondence with the economic condition of the country. It is likely to be contended, however, in some Congress quarters that Rs. 100 is too high a minimum for a poor country like India and that a sacrifice of 2 1|2 p.c. in the pressing public interests of to-day is not too much to ask of those whose salaries range between Rs. 75 and Rs. 100, especially if there is reasonable prospect of their "cut" being restored when the financial foundations of the administration attain stability. However, these are questions which can only be satisfactorily answered when the various Governments place their considered budgetary plans before the public. It has to be remembered in this connection that no tangible economies in the administration can be effected by way of reduction of salaries of officials until the All-India Services, which are at present protected by the Secretary of State, are made amenable to reasonable cuts in their salaries too. There can be no question that sooner or later these Services too will have to give up their privileged and favoured position and cast in their lot with the rest of the employees of Government. If they do not yield gracefully on this issue, the consequences cannot be anything but highly detrimental to their permanent interests. In a free and self-governing India there cannot be any room for such extravagant salaries.

OUR EUROPEAN LETTER

Turkey's Industrialization

From Our Own Correspondent

PRAGUE, Oct. 29.
(By Air Mail)

The President of the Turkish Republic, Kemal Ataturk, opened last week formally the Textile Factory at Nazilli near Symrna built under the new industrialization programme of Turkey. It is the biggest and the most important textile factory built under the industrial Five Year Plan of Turkey. The new factory is estimated to work annually at 12,000 bales of cotton and produce 20 million meteres of textile goods and as well 4 million kilos of yarn for home consumption. The factory will be employing 2,500 workers with day and night shifts. A special feature in connection with the raising of this factory is the attention given to housing accommodation for workers and employees.

Soviet Union As An Exporter

The advance of Soviet Union as as exporter of industrial articles is recorded newly by the extension of export of chemical goods to Roumania. Import by Roumania of cotton from Soviet Union is also reported reflecting the development of the latter as a cotton producing country.

Germany's Foreign Trade

Germany's foreign trade for the month of September, according to figures just published, shows a set-back. Imports sank by 4 per cent as against the previous month, in value falling from 481.6 million Marks to 462 million Marks. Exports dropped by 9 per cent to 494 million Marks against 541.3 million Marks in the previous month. Export balance with this dropped to 32 million Marks against 59 million Marks in the previous month. The export balance for the first nine months of the year is represented by 311 million Marks compared with 319.9 in the corresponding period of the previous year.

Trade Agreement Between Italy And Japan

Negotiations of recent period between Italy and Japan relating to trade matters are understood to have ended in a settlement. According to this there is to be a revival of Japan's export to "Italian East Africa" and to an extent to which Japan herself participates in purchases from Italian colonies.

Italy's Economic Position

The leading Swiss daily *"Neue Zuricher Zeitung,"* in the course of an article in its commercial supplement this week, indicates Italy being faced with an hard economic situation. The Abyssinian war is estimated as having cost Italy 12 milliards of lires. But as the more important issue is mentioned the need for big investment for an effective colonisation of Abyssinia, calculated as involving 10 million pounds or about one milliard of lires a month. There are in quarters reflections of a tight economic situation leading Italy to give further attention closely to the expansionist drive, partly as a means for gaining concessions and partly to creation of conditions visualized for an Imperium on better basis. One important Central European daily connects the latter with Italy's aim

(Continued on page 7)

OUR LONDON LETTER

LONDON, Nov. 3.
(By Air Mail).

The English and Wales municipal elections were held on Monday. They were followed by the Scottish elections on the following day. There was special interest in this year's elections as all the councillors of the London boroughs fall to be elected. As was on the last occasion the main clue to the elections was the fortunes of Labour Party candidates.

A careful analysis of the completed results in England and Wales will no doubt be necessary before a final conclusion can be drawn. But the general picture is already clear. A measure of Labour advance has been achieved in London and some areas, but with considerable inequality, and with serious losses in certain important areas, especially in Lancashire. It is impossible to be satisfied with these results in relation to the political needs of the situation in the country. However, one must heartily welcome the Labour victory in Hammersmith, Lambeth, Bristol and Coventry. The net results indicate on the whole a surplus of gains over losses. At the same time, one must view with alarm the loss of Birkenhead which Labour has suffered. It has also suffered a loss of eight seats in Liverpool, with the loss of one seat in Manchester and the stagnation over most areas of the country. According to the spokesmen of the Labour Party these results are a great victory but there are many in the rank and file of the Party who think that to take such a view of the situation is to render disservice to the Labour Movement as a whole. "The net gains" says the "Daily Herald" were "not large" because "this year the scope for net gains was limited." 1934 represented a high point. Therefore, it is argued, even to hold the level of 1934 represents "a remarkable achievement." This kind of approach, according to the Left Wing members of the Labour Party, will never lead to a Labour victory over reaction and the National Government. They point out that since 1934 all the issues of the political situation have grown to a new intensity Spain, China, the rising cost of living, the closeness of war, have produced a wide political awakening and an extreme urgency in which the whole Labour Movement has the opportunity to advance, and needs to advance, with extreme rapidity if it is not to go down in defeat. Local elections are, therefore, a political barometer. When in a time like this that political barometer shows relative stagnation and wide-spread apathy, the electorate needs to take warning.

Conservative Losses

Stepney had the distinction of returning a Communist, the only candidate not connected with one of the two main parties who won a seat anywhere in London. At the other end of the political scale the Fascists did badly wherever they stood, contrary to the expectations of some who, after their respectable showing in the L. C. C. elections, had thought that this time, when smaller units of electors were involved, they might pick up a seat here and there in their own districts. The Conservative losses, though not often heavy, were consistent—three seats here, four there sometimes not important, but in some boroughs ominously weakening their position. They increased their majority in only one borough, Kensington, and there by only two seats and even in Kensington it was a close thing. In the Norland Ward of Kensington a difference of 59 votes covered four Tories who were elected and three Labour men who were not, and only three votes separated the last winning Conservative from the first losing Labour candidate. No wonder, the Conservatives are worried when they see encroachments made even on such strongholds as Kensington, Hampstead, and Holborn.

Two Successful Indians

Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon, Secretary of the India League and Dr. Chuni Lal Katial, have been returned in the boroughs of St. Pancras and Finsbury. Supporters of these two Indian candidates were confident from the day the election campaign opened all over the country Both of them have made their mark in their respective Councils To the credit of Dr. Katial goes many useful services to the Borough of Finsbury where as chairman of the Health Committee he has introduced many reforms, one of which is the introduction of a Clinic for Tuberculosis patients. Dr. Katial was for one year Deputy Mayor of Finsbury and the poll in his favour on Monday suggests that in the next Mayoral Election his party may honour itself by electing him, the first Indian, to be the Mayor of Finsbury. Last year, he lost the Mayoral chair by only four votes. In St. Pancras Mr. Krishna Menon is listened to with patience and respect for the views that he brings to bear on many issues that are hotly debated in the meetings of the Council where the Conservatives now find themselves with a majority of one more seat. He has been a useful exponent of many reforms which his Party (Labour) tries to introduce though without success, owing to the heavy stone-roller of the Conservative majority in that borough.

Mr. Eden's Success

Mr. Lloyd George crossed the floor of the House of Commons on Monday night. For a few minutes he sat on the Treasury Bench beside Mr. Anthony Eden, whom he congratulated on his outspoken speech on the international situation. Mr. Winston Churchill did the same. These congratulations of his keenest critics reflected the attitude of the House of Commons as a whole to the Foreign Secretary's statement. Opposition Liberals were delighted with the contrast to the attitude recently adopted by the Prime Minister. Imperialists like Mr. Amery, were delighted with Mr. Eden's references to colonies. His manner and delivery seemed to suggest that he derived as great pleasure from making the speech as his hearers did from listening to it. And afterwards M. P.'s were saying it was the most complete exposition of British foreign policy since the close of the Great War Mr. Eden called a decided issue when he told the Italian Government bluntly that, before she claimed the right to call on Britain to hand back to Germany her colonies, Italy herself should make a contribution. This was an obvious reference to the German-speaking population of the Tyrol, whom the Fascist authority are still forcibly seeking to Italianise The Foreign Secretary might have scored further hits in the same quarter, seeing that Italy herself is always claiming to be among "the have-nots" and to have been robbed of her dues of the spoils of the Great War The Italians received a big mandate over the prosperous region of Adalia in Asia Minor. In 1921, rather than face the possibility of an attack by Mustapha Kemal, they suddenly left swiftly and ignominously. Most people.

(Continued on Page 9 Col. 3.)

Municipal Elections And Their Significance

(From Our Owr Correspondent)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

BRAZILIAN COUP.

The *coup d'etat* executed by President Vargas of Brazil, promulgating a new constitution in forcible suppression of all existing parliamentary institutions in the country, will not appear as strange to those who have been watching the activities of Nazi propagandists there during the past two or three years. Brazil has been a hot-bed of Nazi intrigues and though some show of suppressing their open military drilling and other truculent demonstrations was made by the Government, in reality little was done to arrest the propaganda. It is evident that the military junta headed by President Vargas had been in secret sympathy with it. Though it is announced that the new Government will not be connected with the European Fascist Powers, the assurance will be accepted by the world only with a large pinch of salt. Similar scepticism will be expressed also regarding the declaration that the new constitution will be submitted to a plebiscite. A plebiscite under a military dictatorship will be but a mockery.

A JUST RESTORATION

The Bombay Government are understood to have restored about 750 acres of land to the agriculturists who had forfeited them for participating in the Civil Disobedience Movement. This is an act of elementary justice. To deprive persons indefinitely or for all time of their very means of sustenance for civil disobedience would be vindictiveness and negation of justice. The lands now restored were in Government's possession and therefore there was no difficulty about them. As regards those which are already auctioned to private individuals, Government are understood to have asked the present owners to state early if they are willing to return them on payment of the price originally paid by them or in exchange for different lands. Government's negotiations will meet with early success if influential local leaders help them in the matter.

CORPORATION BUDGET.

The budget estimates of the Bombay Municipal Corporation for the year 1938-39 show that on the basis of the General Tax at 11 per cent, as at present, the income is Rs. 3,20,86,000 and the expenditure is Rs. 3,40,80,000 leaving a deficit of Rs. 19,94,000. It is possible to meet the deficit from the opening balance on April 1 next, which is estimated at Rs. 21.76.000. But then the balance left will be only Rs. 1 82,000 at the close of the year, which the Commissioner thinks is too small to meet certain contingent liabilities not provided for in the budget. He accordingly suggests an increase of 1 per cent in the General Tax, which will convert the deficit of nearly 20 lakhs into a surplus of Rs. 12,66,000.

RETRENCHMENT FIRST.

We do not think that additional taxation is necessary to meet the items of expenditure covered by the budget, though the case will be different if a wide extension of compulsory education and similar schemes of public utility are undertaken. Already the City is the heaviest taxed in the country, and if any margin is left for further taxation it should be reserved for big essential schemes of public utility. Moreover, it cannot be assumed, as the Commissioner seems to do that the possibilities of retrenchment are exhausted. Only when the limit of retrenchment is reached will it be just to propose fresh taxation.

TIMELY STATEMENT.

The Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher has issued a timely statement regarding the letter addressed to him by certain Congress M.L.A.'s and alleged serious discontent among the latter over the question of the relief of the peasantry. The letter of the M.L.A.'s which was sent some months ago, was duly considered by the Government, who have assured the members that they have under consideration several schemes to afford relief to the peasants and that these will be placed before the Assembly as early as possible. To suggest that the local Congress Ministry alone is not sufficiently alive to the needs of the situation is an unwarranted reflection on Ministers who are striving their level best to cope with an extremely difficult and complicated task. We have no doubt that when the plans of the Government are disclosed the public in general and the peasantry in particular will have every reason to be satisfied.

PANACEA OF PEACE.

The Hon. Mr. K. M. Munshi made a very eloquent appeal for a brotherhood of democrats, while speaking at the dinner arranged by the Indo-American Union. The regimentation of whole nations, which is proceeding apace under the iron heels of dictators, represents a challenge not merely to the democratic faith, but also to the very dignity of humanity. It is, therefore, the imperative duty of all those who believe in the principle of representative government to come together to defend the cause of freedom. America has a glorious heritage of democracy, and is in a commanding position to preserve the peace of the world, if only she would abandon her present policy of isolation. India, too, though she is a subject nation, has a definite contribution to make towards the solution of the present crisis. If only the world would listen to the message of love and non-violence preached by Mahatma Gandhi most of the bitterness which pervades international relations would disappear. The moral law will always triumph over brute strength, and Mr. Munshi rightly stressed in his speech that the path of non-violence can lead the world to strength, freedom and self-fulfilment.

WITHOUT COMMENT

"It has passed generally unnoticed that the tea table, in its whole history is a symbol of Empire, and the tea drinking nations, though small in number, rule the greater part of the earth's surface.....Great Britain stuck to the beverage and her new colonies. New Zealand, Australia, and Canada, rank second only to her lead in the world's statistics of annual tea-poundage consumed per head. Latest of the tea Empires is Japan, whose industrious workmen, and courageous soldiers drink nothing else."

—British paper.

* * *

"I am sure", said Premier Chamberlain, "that a way can, and will be, found to free the world from the curse of armaments and the fears that give rise to them and to open up a happier and wiser future for mankind".

Another war to end war?

* * *

According to the Bori Bunder journal "November the Eleventh should year after year re-emphasize the human aspects of war."

It would be far more in the interests of peace if it re-emphasized the inhuman and devilish aspects of war.

* * *

Diplomatic circles in Rome are reported to be amazed at the discourteous manner in which Mr. Chamberlain, the British Premier, is referred to in Il Duce's communique inviting Britain to open diplomatic negotiations with Italy

There is nothing to be amazed at in that. It would be amazing, though, if Premier Chamberlain dares to resent it.

Or, in true Christian spirit, would he regard this insult too as being in perfect "good faith"?

* * *

It appears that the communique refers to Mr. Chamberlain throughout as "the Chamberlain".

We protest against the use of the definite article for a [illegible] politician.

* * *

A "Flood Conference" is being held in Patna.

To risk a rather juvenile pun, this country is being over-flooded with Conferences.

* * *

"LAHORE, NOV. 8.

A romantic drama was enacted in the neighbouring village during the week-end when a stalwart young man on horse-back with a mask on his face and dressed in a gaudy costume suddenly appeared in a cotton field, got down from his horse, lifted up a young woman who along with others was picking cotton, and galloped away."

—News Item.

And the anti-climax, we believe, was reached when it was discovered that the thrilling sequence was not a part of an "all-talking, all-singing, all-riding" film.

* * *

The C. P. and Berar Varnashram Swaraj Conference, held at Akola, urged repeal of the Sarda Act and condemned the Travancore temple entry proclamation, co-education for boys and girls and efforts to remove untouchability.

Reads like an attempt to beat the world record for social reaction. Quite a successful attempt, too.

* * *

Paying a tribute to the late Mr. Ramsay Macdonald, Mr. Fazlul Haq, the Premier of Bengal, says he will long be remembered in connection with the Communal Award which was hailed by the minority communities "as the charter of their liberty and rights".

Must Mr. Haq libel the Indian minorities as well as dig up the not very glorious deeds of the late Mr. Macdonald?

* * *

Addressing the students of the Doon Public School, Sir Jagdish Prasad exhorted them not to develop into spineless "Yes men".

And we sincerely hope the students did not respond in a chorus, "Yes, sir".

* * *

TO-DAY'S PRIZE HOWLERS

(1) The next foreign spiritualist who will land in India, unannounced, will refuse to be photographed or interviewed for the Press and will take the first train to the Himalayas to meditate upon the frozen heights of India's sacred mountains.

(2) The Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Animals has decided to stop the all-in wrestling bouts on the plea that the wrestlers are not animals.

Tennyson's Draw With Indian Universities

'VARSITY BOYS ALL OUT FOR 139

Tourists Score 108 For Four In Second Knock

The match between Lord Tennyson's team and the Indian Universities' XI at Lahore ended in a draw.

Capt. Jameson, who was leading the tourists in the absence of Lord Tennyson, declared their innings closed with the overnight total of 376 for 8 wickets.

The Universities' XI were all out for 139 at 3 p. m. and Capt. Jameson, in order to give some batting practice to his men on the eve of the "Test" match, did not enforce the follow-on and sent in Gibb and Edrich to open their second innings.

The tourists had collected 108 runs for the loss of 4 wickets at the close of play, Habib being responsible for dismissing Edrich, Pope and Smith for 21 runs.

FINAL SCORES:—

Tennyson's Team 1st Innings 376 for 8 wkts declared.
Universities XI Ist Innings 139
Tennyson's Team 2nd Innings 108 for 4 wickets.

LAHORE, November 11.

There was the usual Armistice Day ceremony at the start of the game this morning when the match between the English tourists and Indian Universities was resumed. Both the teams lined up in front of the pavilion and all present stood in silence for two minutes. The company included six of the Indian Test probables, who arrived this morning, namely, Amar Singh, Bannerjee and Mubarak Ali from Nawanagar, Ram Singh from Madras, and Hatare and Mushtaq Ali from Central India. Capt. Jameson declared the English innings closed this morning for the overnight score of 376 for 8.

The wicket appeared to be better than yesterday with the dew not so much in evidence. Prithviraj and Wadia were the Universities' opening pair and they started most cautiously conceding five maiden overs before scoring the first run off the bat. Wellard, who appeared to be bowling faster than he did at Peshawar, was occasionally sending down a vicious bumper and Wadia suffered a couple of hard knocks amidships. The English fielding was thoroughly efficient.

Two wickets fell in the first half hour. Gibb standing up to the wicket to Pope took an excellent catch right on top of the bails to dismiss Wadia and this brought in Razvi, the Osmania University batsman. Peter Smith for Wellard was the first change. The Essex man was immediately successful, Razvi being out l.b.w. in his first over. The Hyderabad man was deceived by the ball, which came straight through with the arm. Ram Prakash, the local Test probable now came in.

DOUR RESISTANCE.

Prithvi Raj was evidently playing with a captain's responsibility on his shoulders while Ram Prakash batted as though he was conscious that the Test honours for him depended on his doings in this innings. A dour resistance was the result. Ram Prakash after starting off well adopted a policy of stolid defence and scorers recorded maiden overs one after another. First hour's play produced only 28 runs and 75 minutes brought 31—slowest going of any side in the tour hitherto. Seeing that batsmen were only tiring fast bowlers, Jameson put on two googly bowlers from either end, Smith and Peebles. A little more enterprise on the part of the batsmen was now called for, especially as a ring of fieldsmen was slowly closing in, but both batsmen consistently played either half-cock or back and Peebles had no difficulty in eventually getting Ram Prakash in two minds and bowling him middle-stump. During the time he had been at the wicket, however, Ram Prakash had played correctly and without any apparent difficulty (37—3—12).

The next man in was Rangnekar of Bombay.

Prithvi Raj did a correct thing in bringing a left-hander and an attacking batsman at this stage as the Bombay player at once scattered the fielders by swinging out. He hit Peebles consistently, though only once reaching the boundary and Prithvi Raj himself got a fine four. At lunch the score was 59 for three wickets.

The slow bowlers again did the damage when the game was resumed after lunch. Wellard, who with Smith was one of the opening bowlers was soon replaced by Peebles and there was once more a double googly attack.

For the time both Prithvi Raj and Rangnekar applied the correct antidote to this form of attack but Rangnekar eventually misjudged a googly from Smith and was bowled. (67—4—10). Adhyaru another Bombay player joined his captain and was lucky to be missed in the slips when he touched rather half-heartedly a huge leg-break from Smith. Next to leave was Prithvi Raj, who had been doing his best to hold his side together for over two and a quarter hours. He had his first swipe of his long and laborious innings missed and was bowled middle stump.

There were three fours in Prithvi Raj's 38. Masud Salah-ud-Din then wielded a long handle with advantage to his side and to the delight of the now bored crowd. He dealt with googly bowling in his own typical way, which he had demonstrated against the Australians on the same ground. Lunging out to Peebles, he was dropped by Parks—fielding for Worthington—on the leg boundary and in the next over another catch at the same place was also missed. A swipe at the next ball brought a four to the cover. This was almost a six. The crowd's unspoken wishes were fulfilled when Salah-ud-Din smote Smith for a huge six on the top of the trees over the square-leg boundary.

SALAH-UD-DIN'S FORCING KNOCK.

Salah-ud-Din then slashed at Smith against giving Yardley a tremendously hot chance at cover. Yardley got both his hands to it and was unlucky to drop it. The next ball, the Aligarh player tried to play "to the book" and was out l.-b.-w. Salah-ud-Din's was a fine and forcing knock for 33 and it included one six and 4 fours. Latif and Ramaswamy did their bit and were followed by Habib. Habib batted so well that it seemed a pity that Prithvi Raj did not send him up higher in the batting order. He drove Peebles straight over the wicket for a glorious six, the ball clearing not only the screen but also the ground fencing. The Universities' side were all out for 139 at 3 p.m.

Capt. Jameson did not enforce the follow on, and apparently to give his side some batting practice on the eve of the "Test" match, went in for the second time.

HABIB'S 3 WICKETS.

The game was now bereft of match interest. Latif and Salah-ud-Din met with no success and Habib was tired early. He captured 3 wickets for 3 runs. Both Edirch and Pope put up easy catches at square-leg and both were taken by Rangnekar. Smith was out l.-b.-w. before scoring and Peebles hitting out was caught by the substitute at the foot of the screen (63—4—16). Capt. Jameson, who came in next, played his third consecutive not out innings. The match was drawn.

Tennyson's Team (1st innings) 376 for 8 wickets declared.

INDIAN 'VARSITIES.

(First Innings.)

Prithvi Raj, b Peebles	38
Wadia, c Gibb, b Pope	6
Razvi, l.-b.-w. b Smith	0
Ram Prakash, b Peebles	12
Rangnekar, b Smith	10
Adhyaru, b Smith	6
Salah-ud-Din, l.-b.-w. b Smith.	33
Latif, c Smith, b Peebles	14
Ramaswamy, c Wellard, b Peebles	1
Habib, (not out)	14
Surita, l.-b.-w. b Smith	0
Extras	5
Total	139

TENNYSON'S TEAM.

(Second Innings.)

Gibb, (not out)	50
Edrich, c Rangnekar, b Habib.	13
Pope, c Rangnekar, b Habib	3
Smith, l.-b.-w. b Habib	0
Peebles, c Substitute, b Prithvi Raj	16
Capt. Jameson, (not out)	25
Extras	1
Total (for 4 wickets)	108

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Latif	6	0	26	0
Salah-ud-Din	6	0	18	0
Habib	11	3	21	3
Ramaswamy	5	0	23	0
Prithvi Raj	5	0	20	1

FASCIST RULE FOR BRAZIL

All Parliamentary Bodies Dissolved

Rio De Janeiro, Nov. 11.

A New Brazilian constitution has been promulgated in consequence of which all public bodies are automatically dissolved, including the Chamber, Senate, State Parliaments and Municipal Councils

An official communique says that the new constitution aimed to assure peace throughout the nation, the new constitution, which is to be submitted to a national plebiscite provides for a parliament and a consultative council of national economy.

President Vargas, in the course of a broadcast, announced that payments of external debts would be suspended.—Reuter.

MR. SABAVALA FOR PROHIBITION NOW

Mayor's Tribute To Late Mr. MacDonald

There was a mild sensation in the Municipal Corporation on Thursday when Mr. A. P. Sabavala when called upon by the Mayor to proceed with his speech on the resolution he had moved on October 18 on the undesirability of introducing prohibition in the short period contemplated by the Government of Bombay, refused to do so and the question was declared dropped. It would be recalled that Mr. A. P. Sabavala had moved at the last meeting that with reference to their policy for the introduction of Prohibition in the Bombay Presidency, His Worship the Mayor be requested to inform Government that in the opinion of the Corporation it would be highly undesirable to undertake legislation for enforcing total prohibition in the Bombay Presidency in the short period contemplated by Government in view of the great danger of illicit distillation, smuggling, etc., which, while depriving Government and the Municipality of substantial revenues and involving additional expenditure in respect of preventive and punitive establishments, were liable to defeat the object in view.

When the Mayor called upon Mr. Sabavala on Thursday to proceed with his speech which he had not finished at the last meeting. Mr. Sabavala said in deference to the wishes of his friends, he did not wish to proceed further on the question. The Mayor therefore declared the matter dropped.

The House then disposed of a number of resolutions of the Standing Committee and elected Prof. V. G. Rao and Dr. A. J. Collaco on the Board of Trustees on the Prince of Wales Museum of Western India.

His Worship the Mayor referred to the sudden death of the Rt. Hon'ble Mr. James Ramsay MacDonald. He paid tribute to his great courage and perseverance which made him Leader of the Labour Party in Parliament in 1911. The late Mr. MacDonald was a man of lofty ideals and a judicious statesman. From India's viewpoint it could be said to the credit of the deceased that he was a sincere friend of India who understood and made others also understand the political aspirations of this country. His death had removed from the political stage of Great Britain an outstanding statesman of international repute.

The House adjourned till Monday 2-45 p. m.

PERSONAL AMBITION OF PRESIDENT

BUENOS AIRES, Nov. 11.

The Brazilian coup d'etat is attributed here to the personal ambitions of President Vargas and his desire to perpetuate his power and institute a corporate state, which, however, would not be connected with the European Fascist powers.—Reuter.

M. Spaak Not To Form Belgian Cabinet

BRUSSELS, November 10.

M. Spaak has abandoned his attempt to form a Government.—Reuter

FLOOD IN CHINA

Millions Of People On Verge Of Ruin

SHANGHAI: Nov. 10.

The Yellow River is reported to have burst its dykes and flooded one-fifth of the province of Shantung.

A million people are homeless and destitute and are facing starvation while another million are on the verge of ruin.—Reuter.

ANGLO-AMERICAN TRADE PACT

Talks Proceeding In Satisfactory Manner

WASHINGTON, November 11.

Mr. Sumnar Welles, acting United States Secretary of State, said to-day that he had a very definite feeling of optimism with regard to the conclusion of an Anglo-American Trade Pact.

He added that Anglo-American trade talks were proceeding in a satisfactory manner and he felt that he hoped the result would be obtained.—Reuter.

FRENCH TENNIS COACH ARRIVES

Estrabeau's Display At Hindu Gymkhana

BOMBAY, Nov. 11.

M. Estrabeau, the famous tennis coach of France, who has been engaged by the All-India Lawn Tennis Association to train tennis players, arrived in Bombay by S.S. "Conte Rosso" on Thursday morning. He was received on board by J. Charanjiva, Bombay's well-known tennis player.

Estrabeau gave an exhibition of his skill in the game at the Hindu Gymkhana on Thursday afternoon, when he played against Ranbir Singh, Manmohan Bhandari (Lahore) and Hira Lal Parekh.

Mr. Charanjiva was also present.

Estrabeau, invited by the All-India Lawn Tennis Association to coach next year's Indian Davis Cup Team, arrived in Bombay by s. s. "Conte Rosso" on Thursday morning.

OUR EUROPEAN LETTER

(Continued from Page 6.)

for a position of hegemony in North East Africa.

Indo-Czechoslovakian Trade

Figures relating to Czechoslovakia's foreign trade for September reflect the retention of a good course in the development of the trade between India and Czechoslovakia. Imports from India to Czechoslovakia for September this year amounted in value to 27 million Czechoslovak crowns as against 18 million crowns in the same month of the previous year and exports from Czechoslovakia to India this September amounted in value to 15 million crowns as against 6 million crowns in the last one. For the first nine months of the present year, imports from India to Czechoslovakia amounted in value to 378 million crowns against 215 in the same period of the previous year; the corresponding figures for exports from Czechoslovakia to India being 123 and 54 million crowns respectively. Increase in imports indicates well the economic revival in Czechoslovakia, enhancing the country's importance as a market for some of the main articles in India's export trade. Czechoslovakia's exports to various Asiatic countries in general reveal a marked rise, indicating greatly closer participation in the industrial and economic developments in them, the advanced economy of the country and a security in relation to political designs felt about it serving no doubt as helpful factors.

JAWAHARLAL'S ASSAM TOUR

Provincial Congress Secretary's Appeal To District Reception Committees

GAUHATI, Nov. 11.

Mr. Siddhi Nath Sarmah, Secretary, Assam Provincial Congress Committee, received the following telegram from Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru this evening:

"I propose giving ten days to Assam Surma Valley tour starting from Calcutta on 26th noon."

Mr. Sarmah has issued an appeal to the Reception Committees of District Congress Committees and the public to make adequate arrangements to accord a befitting reception to the President of the Congress.—A. P.

STATUE TO EARL HAIG

LONDON, November 10.

A statue in memory of Earl Haig over which there had been considerable controversy, was unveiled at Whitehall by the Duke of Gloucester in the presence of 4,000 Servicemen and ex-Servicemen from home and overseas, including thirty holders of Victoria Crosses all of whom had served under Earl Haig.

Several members of the Cabinet were also present together with the Earl of Athlone, who, with all other Servicemen was dressed in Khaki. The several Field Marshals included Sir William Birdwood, representing the Duke of Connaught. Thousands witnessed the brief ceremony at which the Duke of Gloucester, paying a tribute to Earl Haig, said that of no man could it be said with greater truth that his whole life was devoted to the service of the country.—Reuter.

PROVINCES ON LINGUISTIC BASIS

The need for the formation of the Provinces on a linguistic basis was stressed by Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, President, All-India States' Peoples' Conference, at a public meeting held on Thursday, under the joint auspices of the All-India States' Peoples' Conference Committee and the Bombay Andhra Mahasabha, at the Marwari Vidyalaya Hall.

Dr. Pattabhi said that such formation of provinces would mean the birth of three more provinces and in a country like India, which was 16 lakhs of square miles in extent and which had a coast-line of 4,800 miles this figure was not too high.

The Hon'ble Mr. V. Ramadas Pantulu, Member, Council of State, who presided at the meeting urged that intensive agitation must be carried on against the Federation.

(Full report in our next issue.)

New premises For Cama Oriental Institute

Appreciative references to the life and Labours of the late Mr. K. R. Cama, were made by Dr. Dastur Manekji Nasserwanji Dhalla, High Priest of the Parsees of Sind and Baluchistan, when he opened the new premises of the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute, at Apollo Street, on Thursday evening.

The institute was first started nearly 20 years ago, in memory of the late Mr. K. R. Cama, the well-known oriental Scholar and social worker who died in August 1909. After all these years of labour, the Trustees have been able to gather enough funds to put up the present, roomy and handsome building, at an expense of two lakhs of rupees, to accommodate the Institute.

Dr. Dhalla, in the course of his speech said the late Mr. Kama threw a flood of light on the sacred books of the Parsis. Educated in Europe and having imbued the science of philology and the method of comparative study of religions, Mr. Cama gathered around him a band of scholars to whom he imparted the knowledge he had acquired after such indefatigable labours. It was believed at that time that the whole of the "Zanda Avestha" was written by the prophet Zarathushtra. Mr. Cama showed that only the Gathas which alone, which were metrical compositions were written by Zarathushtra. Mr. Cama lived and laboured to bring Zoroastrianism to its pristine purity.

It was again at his instance that the Avesta and Pehlavi languages were introduced in the University Curriculum, thus making it possible for many Parsi scholars to become acquainted with their scriptures. If to-day, said the speaker, the Parsis had a greater and more correct knowledge of their scriptures, than their forefathers, it was very greatly due to the labours of the late Mr. Cama.

Textile Inquiry To Begin To-day

Mr. Jairamdas Explains Why Preliminary Memoranda Were Asked For

QUESTIONNAIRE TO BE ISSUED SOON

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Mr. Jairamdas Doulatram, Chairman of the Textile Labour Inquiry Committee has issued the following press statement:—

The Bombay Textile Labour Inquiry Committee would be holding its first meeting to-morrow. It was my intention to have the work of the Committee expedited as much as possible. I could only act after receiving the official communication in regard to the Committee's appointment. This intimation reached Karachi after I had left it for Calcutta and it came to my hands on 20th October on my way to that place. I fixed 12th November for the first meeting of the Committee after the Calcutta meetings of the Working Committee, A.I.C.C. and the Joint Conference of the Congress Labour Committee with Congress Labour Ministers could be over.

PRELIMINARY MEMORANDA.

If the Inquiry Committee were to commence its work in the usual way by preparing the questionnaire and providing a reasonable period for replies from all over the Province, the Committee would have had to start the preparation of the questionnaire on 12th and delay the consideration even of the question of interim recommendations until replies came to the questionnaire from the interests concerned. With a view to expedite the inquiry specially in regard to interim recommendations I issued an official press communique on 23rd October, inviting all those concerned in the problems before the Committee to send preliminary memoranda on the basis of the terms of reference which happened to be very detailed and specific. I made it clear that such memoranda might prove to be valuable in helping the Committee to deal with the question of interim recommendations.

WORK TO BE EXPEDITED.

This procedure was intended to assist the Committee when it first met on the 12th November to thrash out the question of an interim recommendation in the light of the material available in the preliminary memoranda and also to make the proposed general questionnaire more thorough in view of the contents of the memoranda. I am, however, sorry to note that my desire to expedite the enquiry by utilizing the intervening period between the appointment and the meeting of the Committee has not met the response I expected. I find that even some labour organizations have failed to supply necessary facts and material for a proper discussion of interim recommendations in regard to increase in wage and they have preferred that the Committee should start its work by issuing a general questionnaire.

The Committee would at its tomorrow's meeting commence its proceedings in the usual way and after fixing such preliminary matters of procedure as may be necessary will discuss the formulation of a detailed questionnaire covering the terms of reference. It will, however, still be the Committee's endeavour to complete its heavy task in as reasonably short a time as possible and I hope that it will receive the full co-operation of all interests in this endeavour.

Mr. Jairamdas Inspects His Office

Mr. Jairamdas Doulatram Chairman of the Bombay Textile Labour Enquiry Committee arrived in Bombay on Thursday. He was met by the members of the Committee. Mr. Jairamdas Doulatram visited the Office of the Enquiry Committee at the Town Hall and acquainted himself with the work that has so far been done in connection with the enquiry that will start on Friday.

FACILITIES FOR JOURNALISTS.

Having been an active journalist himself once, Mr. Jairamdas sent for the press representatives in the City to discuss with them the arrangements regarding seating accommodation to the Press during the enquiry and affording other facilities. He met about two dozen press representatives in the evening at the Town Hall.

Arrangements For Public And Press

In course of a statement, the Secretary of the Textile Labour Inquiry Committee writes:—

Mr. Jairamdas Doulatram, Chairman of the Bombay Textile Labour Inquiry Committee met representatives of the press to discuss with them the facilities they would need for reporting properly the proceedings of the Committee, Mr. S. A. Brelvi, Member of the Committee and Editor of the "Bombay Chronicle" was also present. The seating arrangements for the press and the supply of memoranda submitted by witnesses were the principal points discussed. Arrangement for about 20 representatives of the press near the members of the Committee and the witnesses will be made. Every effort will be made to supply copies of memoranda to the press. Adequate space has also been reserved for the general public.

WORK OF TWO TYPES.

It is understood that there will be two types of meetings of the Committee viz. meetings for the purpose of taking evidence and meetings for the purpose of settling points of procedure, framing of questionnaire, discussion of evidence and formulation of recommendations. The former type of meetings will be open to the press and the public. The meeting on the 12th November and following few days will be of the latter type and will be open only to members. A press announcement will be made when the taking of evidence is commenced. The Committee will be meeting on the first floor of the Town Hall. The office of the Committee will also be located on the same premises.

Chamberlain Insulted By Duce

Derogatory Remarks Criticised By Diplomatic Circles In Rome

ROME, Nov. 11.

DIPLOMATIC CIRCLES IN ROME ARE AMAZED AT THE DISCOURTEOUS MANNER IN WHICH MR. CHAMBERLAIN IS REFERRED TO IN THE "COMMUNIQUE" INVITING BRITAIN TO OPEN DIPLOMATIC CONVERSATION WITH ITALY BELIEVED TO HAVE BEEN WRITTEN BY THE DUCE

It refers to Mr. Chamberlain throughout as "the Chamberlain" which is regarded by Italian as slightly but definitely insulting almost unheard of way in referring to the head of the Government of a friendly state.

Most of the bitterness which the Italians feel towards Britain is due to the British Government's continued refusal to recognise the annexation of Abyssinia.—Reuter

Halifax To See Hitler

LONDON, Nov. 10.

A statement in the "Evening Standard" that Lord Halifax will visit Germany soon to interview Herr Hitler with regard to Anglo-German relations led Lord Halifax to state he had been invited to visit the Hunting Exhibition in Berlin.

He had been considering the possibility of such a visit and if he went to Berlin he would doubtless take the opportunity of making such political contacts as might be found convenient, but he had not yet come to any final decision.—Reuter

DEALINGS IN BRAZIL BONDS

LONDON, Nov. 11.

Dealings in Brazilian Bonds on the London Stock Exchange were temporarily suspended as a result of President Varga's announcement to the effect that payment of interest on and amortisation of Brazil's External Debt will be temporarily suspended.—Reuter.

"PATRIKA" EDITOR SEES MAHATMA

CALCUTTA, Nov. 11.

Mr. Tushar Kanti Ghosh, editor of the "Amrita Bazar Patrika" had an interview with Mahatma Gandhi this afternoon.

The conversation lasted for over half an hour and centred round the political situation in Bengal, with particular reference to the Press of the Province.—A. P.

Dr. Demel Explains Purpose Of Visit

Brings Fraternal Greetings To Medical Faculty And Profession In India

Prof. Dr. Rudolf Demel of Vienna who has arrived in Bombay writes:—

I have been looking forward with great pleasure to visit this ancient land and to see the beautiful City of Bombay of which I have read and heard so much, and also to make contacts with the members of the Medical Faculties and the Medical profession to whom I should like to convey the fraternal greetings of the Faculty and Profession in Vienna.

Pleasure Marred

My pleasure has, however, been marred by the fact that undue publicity has been given to the programme of my movements in this country and, worse still, by that sort of notice in the Press which amounts to soliciting private practice, a practice which is condemned in all countries where the medical profession is well organised.

Professional Ethics

I would like my medical brethren in India to be assured that I had no hand in such publicity and that I strongly condemn it. It is against the best traditions of the medical profession in my country also. I am conscious of the fact that this publicity is very likely through friends who have desired well of me and my condemnation, therefore, of it is all the more painful to me.

PURPOSE OF VISIT

I have discussed this painful question with some members of the profession in Bombay and have requested them to excuse me this time from all engagements in the City which they had kindly organised for me. I shall, however, look forward to meeting the members of the Medical Faculty and the Profession on my subsequent visit to Bombay and I want to assure the Profession that I entirely associate myself with the necessity of duly observing a high standard of professional ethics.

My request, therefore, to all my friends in the different parts of the country and also to the Press and News agencies is not to make any announcement of my movements in the country. My visit to India has not been undertaken for any professional work. It is for the purpose of making cultural and educational contacts with the people of this country and to see its beautiful monuments that I have undertaken this journey.

Physician Who Treated Vithalbhai And Subhas

Dr. Rudolf Demel, Professor of Surgery in the Vienna University accompanied by Dr. Kushalanand Gairola and Dr. N. P. Shah, arrived from Vienna in Bombay on Thursday morning by the Italian boat s.s. "Conte Rosso."

Dr. Demel was received at the Alexandra Dock by Mr. Nagindas T. Master, Mr. Mulraj Karsondas and Dr. Jivaraj N. Mehta.

Interviewed by a representative of the "Chronicle" Dr. Demel said that he was very glad that he was able to come to India. He hoped to do his best to bring about a closer co-operation between the Universities in India and Austria. No doubt the Indian students are pleased to study in the Austrian universities, but the Doctor hoped that more intensification of their work would be possible with closer understanding.

Dr. Rudolf Demel visits India on the invitation of the All-India Medical Association and will tour the country extensively and will deliver a series of lectures in several University centres.

Dr. Demel had under his treatment the late Vithalbhai Patel and Babu Subhas Chandra Bose.

AZAD MAIDAN EXHIBITION

Dr. Khan Saheb Invited To Open It

The Jt. Hon. Secretary, Muslim Mass Contact Committee, (Exhibition) writes:

No stone is left unturned to make this Exhibition grand and imposing. The construction work is going on in full swing and it will be complete within 4 or 5 days.

Hardly a few more stalls remain to be booked and intending stall holders are advised to book theirs at once to avoid disappointment.

Dr. Khan, Prime Minister of Frontier Province, of Dr. Syed Mahmud, Minister of Bihar, have been invited to perform the various ceremonies in connection with the Exhibition.

All enquiries are to be made at the Congress Office or at Azad Maidan.

FLATULENCE

Although Flatulence is such an unpleasant and painful form of Indigestion, it is one that can be made to yield to suitable treatment in quite a short time. Usually the distension (fullness) of the stomach is produced by gas or "wind." This, in turn, is the direct result of an excess of acidity in the stomach. You will realise, therefore, how essential it becomes to avoid the formation of excessive acidity. Alkali is the normal neutraliser of acid; that is why alkaline treatment is usually prescribed to deal with acidity.

Maclean Brand Stomach Powder is the safest and most effective alkaline powder. As soon as it reaches the stomach, excess acidity is neutralised immediately. You feel the soothing effect inside you at once. The blown out sensation of flatulence passes away, and comfort in the waistline is restored as if by magic.

Sufferers from flatulence should take Maclean Brand Stomach Powder regularly—not only because of the *instant relief* it brings, but for a much more important reason. A neglected acid condition paves the way for the most serious forms of stomach trouble—the dreaded gastric and duodenal ulcer. The flatulent subject must avoid that danger at any cost. MACLEAN BRAND Stomach Powder keeps the stomach clean and acid-free so that ulcers never get a footing. Take it regularly, but be sure you get the genuine Maclean Brand with the signature "ALEX. C. MACLEAN" on bottle and carton, and the red seal on the carton. Never sold loose—only in bottles in cartons (powder or tablets).

If you have any difficulty in obtaining it from your local chemist or store, write to J. L. Morison, Son & Jones (India), Ltd. Standard Bldg., Hornby Road, Bombay.

RURAL UPLIFT IN U. P.

Cabinet Approves Paliwal's Scheme

LUCKNOW, Nov. 10.

The Cabinet has approved of the scheme of rural development submitted by Mr. Sri Krishna Dutt Paliwal, M. L. A. He has taken charge of work to-day as Rural Development Officer.

Posts of 10 Divisional Superintendents, 48 Inspectors and 10 to 20 Circle Organizers in each district have been advertised.—United Press.

PLIGHT OF CO-OP. HOUSING SOCIETIES

Deputation Wait On Minister

The Hon. Secretary, Bombay Divisional Co-operative Institute, writes:—

A deputation on behalf of the Co-operative Housing Societies in the City of Bombay and suburbs lead by Mr. K. J. Dubash, LL.B., J.P., President, waited on the Hon. Mr. Morarji Desai, the Minister for Revenue and Agriculture yesterday at 12 noon and represented the difficulties experienced by these Societies.

It was pointed out that the rate of interest charged on Government loans which varies from 4 per cent. to 6 per cent. adversely affects their finances in view of the fact that rents have been reduced in competition with the private buildings which are being constructed rapidly in Bombay.

DANGER AHEAD.

It was also urged that if no relief was forthcoming to these Societies, they might have to be liquidated wholesale and in addition to other very grave consequences. Government might stand in danger of losing their capital invested in these buildings. Mention was made of the fact that the Co-operative Housing Movement was started by Co-operators on the assurances given at the time by Government that all facilities would be afforded to them. In view of the vastly changed circumstances in the building trade, in Bombay, Government it was urged should come to the rescue of these Societies, as housing amenities proved by them are availed of largely by poorer and middle-class people.

MINISTER'S REPLY.

The Minister gave patient hearing and told the deputation that the Government has first to look to the interests of the agriculturists, to whom loans for agricultural purposes have been advanced at a much higher rate.

He further stated that the Bombay Government had their own commitments in the matter with the Central Government, which would be also considered.

Messrs. K. J. Dubash, M.D., Joshi Mavji Govindji Sheth, L. S. Dhabolkar and D. M. Kulkarni formed the deputation.

Assault On Labour Association Official

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 11.

While men belonging to two rival Labour organisations—the Labour Association and the Mill Kamdar Union—were moving in the strike affected areas to-day, the Inspector of the Labour Association is alleged to have been assaulted and belaboured by a man belonging to the Mill Kamdar Union.

A complaint has been lodged with the police.—A. P.

Soviet Poster Exhibition Extended

On Public request the Soviet Poster Exhibition at Vanmali Hall, Dadar, has been extended till Saturday evening.

The Exhibition is open from 11 a.m. to 1 p.m. and from 3 p.m. to 11 p.m.

PARLE BRIDGE CONTROVERSY

Collector's Advice To Municipal President

(From Our Correspondent)

VILE PARLE, Nov. 11.

The public of Vile Parle will receive the news with a feeling of relief and no little satisfaction that the long-awaited reply of the Collector to the tangled question of the bridge controversy, which ranged for a pretty long time, has at last been received. I reliably understand the Collector's reply is very emphatic on certain major issues, such as the contractual obligation of the Municipality to the Marwari donor as also the advisability of passing a resolution in hurry without rescinding the previous resolution, which committed the Municipality to the central bridge location.

The Collector now advises the municipality it is learnt to consider the question afresh in view of his own observations. I am informed that the Collector thinks that the President of the Municipality cannot send a cheque direct to the Railway authority without the previous sanction of the board. He also, according to the Collector ought not to have asked the Railway authority to proceed with the construction work. The Collector also advises the Municipal President that, on going through the relevant papers, he believes that the Municipality is not contractually bound to the donor but he would like the Municipality to have the expert legal advice in the point of obligation.

LOCATION OF BRIDGE.

The Collector's opinion regarding the location of the bridge appears to be that the Municipality's previous decision should stand and then should not have been another contradictory resolution without rescinding the original one. It, therefore, appears that the whole question will now be referred to the legal adviser and then considered afresh.

JUDGE DISCHARGES JURY

Re-Trial In Murder Case At High Court Sessions

Mr. Justice Macklin at the High Court Sessions ordered the re-trial of a minor boy who was charged with murder at the High Court Sessions.

His Lordship disagreed with the verdict of the special jury who found the accused not guilty by a majority of 6 to 3. His Lordship discharged the jury and ordered the accused to be re-tried at the next sessions.

The accused and the deceased were both mill workers and were friends. On the night of January 27, the deceased was found dead in a building at Haines Road. The accused was suspected of the crime for two reasons. It was alleged that on the night of the murder between 7 and 11 p.m., he was seen with the deceased. The other circumstance which was said to go against the accused was that on the wall near the dead body of the deceased there was a palm-impression which the prosecution alleged, tallied with that of the accused.

BAHAULLAH'S BIRTHDAY

(BY SHIRIN R. FOZDAR)

On the 12th November in the year 1817, Bahaullah, the founder of the Bahai Movement, appeared at a time when the Persian Empire was immersed in profound obscurantism and ignorance, and lost in the blindest fanaticism.

All observers agreed in presenting Persia as a feeble and backward nation divided against itself by corrupt practices and bigotries. Inefficiency filled the land.

It was at this time that Bahaullah appeared. His family was of royal blood and he would have achieved distinction and wealth in his own world without any effort. However, he rejected this easy way of life and set his heart on removing the evils of his age and establishing universal brotherhood. In order to attain this he admonished people to abandon prejudices, religious, patriotic and racial. Universal education, universal language and absolute equality of sexes were most essential. The belief in the oneness of mankind, the promulgation of international peace, the solution of the economic problems, and the establishment of an international house of justice, were according to him as important for the working of the world as was bread for man.

As soon as the Iranian Government heard of these teachings, Bahaullah's property was confiscated, he was incarcerated with his wife and children. From 1853 till 1892 he was in prison, when death released him. During his imprisonment his message spread to every nook and corner of Iran and thousand flocked to his faith. The Government feared to execute him for that would start a revolution. Therefore they negotiated with the Turkish Government and had him transferred to Acre, the Turkish penal colony in Palestine. Although banished from his native place and a prisoner yet he sent out letters to the various monarchs of the world summoning them to universal brotherhood. He also prophesied in those letters their own fate and the fate of their kingdom. Among the recipients were Napoleon the Third, The Czar, the Kaiser, the Sultan of Turkey and others. We know the history of these monarchs, and comparing them with the prophecies sent out by a prisoner, one is astonished by the accuracy of them all. In spite of the internment of Bahaullah, his followers who are now numbered in millions remained undaunted.

The authorities looked upon this increase with distrust, and ordered the repression of the adherents. The news of the repressive campaign spread everywhere and it created so much curiosity in the minds of the oriental scholars in Europe that a number of them including Prof. E. G. Brown of Cambridge, went to see Bahaullah in his prison to find out more about the teachings: for as Earl Curzon said: "Of no small account then must be the tenets of a creed that can awaken in its followers so rare and beautiful a spirit of self sacrifice." On his return Prof. Brown wrote many books on this subject and described Bahaullah in these words: The face of him on whom I gazed I can never forget, although I cannot describe it. Those piercing eyes seemed to read one's very soul, power and authority sat on that ample brow. No need to ask to in whose presence I stood as I bowed myself before one who is the object of a devotion and love which kings might envy and emperors sigh for in vain. Eighty years ago people did not see the necessity for a universal language, nor had they the idea of an international house of justice. The women had not awakened to the reality of their capacity for equality, nor was universal education more than a dream. At such a time for an Iranian to proclaim these teachings and for the world now to realise the need for them shows what a keen insight into the future Bahaullah must have possessed. People wonder as to the cause of the Iranian renaissance, yet few know that Iran has needed a spiritual Hercules like Bahaullah to bring her to the fore-front as a united nation. Might not the same teachings work a miracle in India, by cementing the Hindus and the Muslims?

OBSERVE MORATORIUM DAY

Appeal To Peasants & Workers

Mr. Indulal Yagnik, Joint Secretary, All-India Kisan Sabha, has issued the following appeal to the Press:—

I appeal to all Kisans, Kisan workers and Kisan Committees of the Bombay Presidency to observe Sunday, November 28 as the Second Moratorium Day and hold meetings, processions and demonstrations to urge our Congress Ministries to declare a moratorium and stay all coercive proceedings for the recovery of their debts.

THE ALL-INDIA KISAN COMMITTEE, AT ITS MEETING RECENTLY HELD AT CALCUTTA, ON OCTOBER 27—28, RE-AFFIRMED ITS PREVIOUS DEMAND FOR THE IMMEDIATE DECLARATION OF A MORATORIUM. AND STATED:—

"The Committee deeply regrets to note that while most of the Congress Ministers have announced enquiries and legislation for carrying out the first part of the (Faizpur Congress) resolution and have thus forewarned the Sahukars of the impending cut in their debts, they have, except in the United Provinces, refused to pass any emergency laws for preventing the transger to peasants' lands, current crops, their cattle, etc., ta the Sahukars and other non-cultivating classes.

"In the event of no bills being passed or measures taken to afford immediate and adequate protection to peasants' lands, current crops, cattle, etc., and no cheap credit facilities given before the 31st of December next, the peasants December next, the peasants should be entitled to declare moratorium themselves and further to boycott any legal machinery that might be set up for reducing or negotiating debts and take all other concerted measures they might deem fit to promote the object in view."

The first Moratorium Day provided an amazing success. Scores of kisan conferences have been held during the last month when the demand for a moratorium has been adopted under the presidentship of responsible M.L.A.'s.

I therefore request all kisans and their friends and committees to hold meetings and demonstrations on Sunday 28th November and adopt resolutions: (1) requesting the Bombay Ministry (a) to stay, by executive orders all coercive and attachment proceedings for the recovery of debts, (b) to prohibit co-operative socities from taking such proceedings and (c) to summon a special sessions of the Assembly in December to pass a brief bill to secure the purpose. (2) Requesting the Congress M.L.A.s elected by them to help by urging the Ministers to give this relief, and (3) intimating to the Ministers and M.L.A.'s that they will be free to declare a moratorium themselves and boycott any future Debt Conciliation Act if Government did not declare a moratorium before December 31.

22 M.L.A.'s MEMORIAL

Wagh Denies He Was

Mr. P. W. Wagh, M.L.A. writes: "I am surprised to read my name in some newspapers included in a letter addressed by some members of the Congress Party of the Bombay Legislative Assembly to the Prime Minister inter-alia demanding immediate moratorium of the agriculturists' debt and institute an inquiry into the scaling down of debts and the provision for cheap credit facility by the state, etc. Let me point out that I am not and have not ever been a member of the Congress Party and am surprised at the boldness of the man who included my name in the aforesaid letter.

I emphatically repudiate the same. I may say that I have my own views on this question which I shall disclose at the proper time and at the proper place."

THE THREE MUSKETEERS

D'ARTAGNAN'S HEART FAILS HIM

Milady's cry was so heart-rending that d'Artagnan, who had once been the most eager to bring her to justice, sat on a tree-stump and held his hands over his ears. Even then, he could still hear her cry.

He was the youngest of these men, and his heart failed him.

"I cannot be a witness to this terrible drama. I cannot allow this woman to die thus!"

Milady heard these few words and caught at a shadow of hope.

"D'Artagnan!" she cried. "Remember that I loved you!"

D'Artagnan rose and took a step towards her. But Athos drew his sword, and stood in his way.

"One step more, d'Artagnan," he said, "and we shall cross swords together."

D'Artagnan sank on his knees and prayed.

"Executioner," commanded Athos, "do your duty!"

DIE IN PEACE!

"Willingly, Monseigneur," said the executioner; "for as I am a good Catholic, I firmly believe I am acting justly."

"That's well."

Athos made a step towards Milady.

"I pardon you the ill you have done me," he said. "I forgive you for my blasted future, my lost honour and my defiled love. Die in peace!"

Lord Winter advanced.

"I pardon you for the poisoning of my brother, the assassination of his Grace, Lord Buckingham. Felton's death and your attempt on my life. Die in peace!"

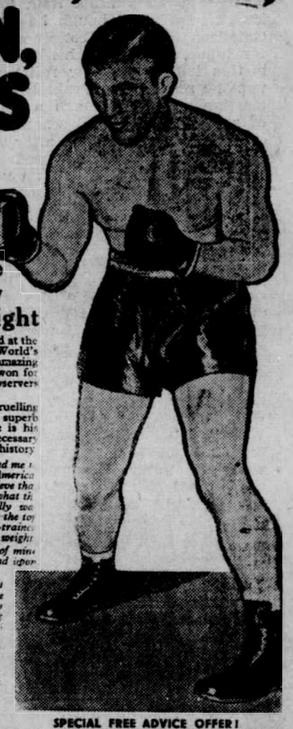
"And I," said d'Artagnan, "pardon you the murder of my poor love and your cruel vengeance against me. I pardon you and weep for you. Die in peace!"

"I am lost!" murmured Milady in English. "I must die!"

"Tommy" Farr

Britain's Great Challenger for the World's Heavyweight Title

Advises THIN, WEAK, RUNDOWN, NERVOUS Men and Women!



Tells How He Gained the Extra Pounds and New Strength for the Louis Fight

Boxing experts in England and America were startled at the splendid showing Tommy Farr made with the World's Champion, Joe Louis. Farr's dauntless courage and amazing strength, and the power displayed in his punches won for him the admiration of the entire world. Keen ring observers in America hail him as the next champion.

Farr's unusual strength and endurance in his gruelling battle with the present Champion was due to his superb condition and the extra pounds he carried. Here is his astonishing statement about the way he gained the necessary strength and weight which enabled him to make ring history:

"I feel it is only fair to tell you how 'Vikelp' helped me to make the showing that I did against Joe Louis in America. Like most of the people in my part of the country, I believe that I did not get the right kind of food, and suffered from what the Americans call 'mal-nourishment.' While I naturally was strong and big, I did not realize until I started fighting the top men, that in order to fight these well-fed and well-trained Americans I must have a great deal more strength and weight.

"About a month before I left for America, a friend of mine told me to try 'Vikelp.' I cannot tell you the effect it had upon the way I felt. I have never felt better.

"In training, my blows had real power, and when I met Louis, I was harder than ever in my life with the extra pounds I needed so badly. The result speaks for itself, and I shall never stop being grateful for the help which your remarkable product gave me. Even now, I use it constantly. I recommend it to every man, woman and child.—Sincerely yours, TOMMY FARR."

Farr is right. Ninety-nine times out of 100 thin, weak, rundown nervous men and women suffer from lack of sufficient minerals, Vitamins and Food Iodine in the system. "Vikelp" is made from an amazing Pacific Ocean Plant which contains not only all the vitally important vitamins A, B1, B2, C, D and E, but is the world's richest source of all the 12 essential life-giving minerals (iron, copper, calcium, phosphorus, magnesium, sulphur, potassium, manganese, etc.). With these precious elements you quickly normalize your glands, build rich red blood, new energy, strength and put on pounds of firm flesh, without the use of drugs. They make you get the good out of your food. Try "Vikelp" bread Tablets for 10 days and see for yourself how you put on at least 5-10 lbs. of firm flesh, have stronger nerves, and how you eat, sleep, and work better. Obtainable everywhere.

SPECIAL FREE ADVICE OFFER!

Cut this paragraph at once. Send it to us with your name and address and we will send you absolutely free a fascinating new 40-page book on How to Add Weight Quickly, Build Strength, Energy, Strong Nerves and Rich Red Blood. Mineral contents of Food and Their Effects on the Human Body. New facts about MINERALS, IODINE and VITAMINS. Standard weight and measurement charts. Fully illustrated.

Muller & Phipps (India) Ltd., 112b, Contractor Building, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

HIS BACK ACHED FOR FOUR YEARS

He Saw the Black Side of Everything

KRUSCHEN PUT HIM RIGHT

For four years, this man's back never stopped aching. Small wonder he looked on the black side of things. Now, at 57, he starts the day fresh as a daisy, and his back aches no more. Read his story:—

"I had continuous backache for four years. I looked on the black side of everything. Now, I write with extreme gratitude for what Kruschen Salts has done for me. The freshness with which I start my day's work is perfectly marvellous. After seven days of Kruschen I felt better and could get up immediately, dress and give a cheery 'Good Morning' without any special effort. I am 57, and my early morning dose of Kruschen is my salvation."—J.T.

The kidneys are the filters of the human machine. Their duty is to expel certain poisonous wastes from the system. If the kidneys become sluggish, these impurities find their way into the bloodstream and produce troublesome symptoms—backache, rheumatism, and depression.

The numerous salts in Kruschen quickly coax your kidneys back to healthy normal action. As an immediate result, you experience relief from those old dragging pains. As you persevere, you lose your pains altogether.

Kruschen Salts is obtainable at all Chemists, Stores and Bazars.

Itch Germs Killed in 7 Minutes

Your skin has nearly 50 million tiny seams and pores where germs hide and cause terrible Itching, Cracking, Eczema, Peeling, Burning, Acne, Ringworm, Psoriasis, Blackheads, Pimples, Foot Itch and other blemishes. Ordinary treatments give only temporary relief because they do not kill the germ cause. The new discovery, Nixoderm kills the germs in 7 minutes and is guaranteed to give you a soft, clear, attractive, smooth skin in one week, or money back. Get guaranteed Nixoderm from your chemist today and remove the real cause of skin trouble.

THE FOURTH INDIAN INDUSTRIES FAIR

THE LARGEST OF ALL INDIAN EXHIBITIONS EVER HELD IN BOMBAY.

OPENING AT THE END OF DECEMBER, 1937.

Please ask for Particulars to:

The MANAGING DIRECTOR,

The INDIAN INDUSTRIES FAIR, LTD.

TEMPLE of INDUSTRY,

Girgaum Rd., Bombay 4. Tel. 22548, 26470, 41789.

"Alka-Seltzer always for Indigestion"

Don't let Sour Stomach and Acid Indigestion keep you from enjoying the good things of life—get prompt, effective relief with that marvelous new product of Medical Science—

Alka-Seltzer

No longer need you suffer with that disagreeable, uncomfortable, bloated feeling after meals. No longer need you refrain from eating or drinking the things you like because your stomach rebels. No longer need you endure the pain of Sour Stomach, Indigestion, Gas on the Stomach, Heartburn, Headaches and other common ailments caused by Excess Acidity.

Whenever any of these troubles bother you, just drop an Alka-Seltzer tablet in a glass of water and drink the pleasant-tasting solution it makes. Almost before you know it, your pain and discomfort will disappear. Yes, and Alka-Seltzer does more than just relieve pain—it also corrects the cause of your trouble.

There is nothing else on the market like Alka-Seltzer—nothing equal to it. Millions who have suffered from Stomach Troubles for years say it is the most marvelous preparation ever developed. It is guaranteed

A HOUSEWIFE WRITES:

"ALKA-SELTZER relieves me of stomach wind and refreshes me so much that I can keep on with my housework."

At all Chemists in two convenient sizes. Try it today.

If unobtainable at your Chemists send Rs. 2 for large size, or Re. 1 for small size, with your chemist's name to Dodge & Seymour Ltd., 3, Wittet Road, Bombay.

Motoring & Aviation

Commercial Air Crossing Of The Atlantic

New Type Of Aircraft To Be Ordered For Regular Service

The first commercial crossings of the North Atlantic were made on the 5th and 6th July by Imperial Airways and Pan-American Airways, when the latter company's "Clipper III" left Botwood at 21.10 hours (G.M.T.) and landed at Foynes at 09.47 hours (G.M.T.) and Imperial Airways' "Caledonia" left Foynes at 18.47 (G.M.T.) and arrived at Botwood at 10.00 hours (G.M.T.) on the following day; return flights were made on the 15th and 16th July. Since that date Imperial Airways have made five further crossings with the two aircraft "Caledonia" and "Cambria". Pan-American Airways' "Clipper III" made a further double crossing and has since been employed on a survey of the more southerly route via Bermuda and the Adores. The "Clipper III" left Port Washington for Bermuda on the 16th August and on the 18th flew to the Adores; Lisbon was reached in 7 hours 25 minutes flying from the Azores on the 21st August, and Southampton on the 25th August.

FASTEST CROSSING.

The Deutsche Lufthansa's "Nordmeer," a four-engined seaplane, arrived in Long Island Sound at 11.37 hours on the 16th August after flying 2,392 miles from the Azores in 16 hours 27 minutes. The stage from Lisbon to the Azores had been flown in 7 hours 28 minutes, only three minutes more than was taken by the "Clipper III" in the reverse direction. On the 24th August a second Deutsche Lufthansa aircraft "Nordwin," arrived at Lisbon prior to making a second flight westward. These two aircrafts are now being used for the programme of test flights scheduled for this year. Eight return flights in all will be made between Lisbon and New York. The first French survey flight across the North Atlantic will probably take place shortly; the Latecoere 521 "Lieutenant de Vaisseau Paris," will probably be used.

The fastest east-west crossing during these survey fights was accomplished on the 27th August by "Cambria," which left Foynes at 03.39 hours (G.M.T.) and landed at Botwood at 19.03 hours (G.M.T.) after taking 14 hours 24 minutes at a speed of approximately 140 miles an hour. The previous fastest east-west crossing was 15 hours 3 minutes taken by "Caledonia." The fastest west-east crossing was made by "Caledonia" which left Botwood on the 21st August at 21.26 hours, arriving at Foynes the following morning at 09.09 hours, having taken 11 hours 33 minutes at the high average speed of 173 miles an hour. The two flying boats "Caledonia" and "Cambria" have between them covered a distance of 14,000 miles over the North Atlantic in 99 hours 24 minutes flying. The average speed is approximately 140 miles an hour, but this figure will probably be improved slightly when "Cambria" has completed the fast return crossing by flying eastward. The normal cruising speed is 150 miles an hour, which is 15 miles an hour less than the maximum cruising speed. From the difference in times taken on the eastward and westward crossings it would appear that the prevailing wind blowing from west to east makes a difference of 15 miles an hour to the speed over the water.

The first of the new transatlantic flying boats to be built by Short Bros., has been laid down; it is to be roughly twice the size of the Short Empire flying boats, and will have a gross weight of approximately 40 tons; it is designed to carry passengers, mails and freight on regular services across the ocean. Aircraft of this type will be ready for the inauguration of passenger services in 1940.—Shell Aviation News.

The routes of the existing and proposed air services run by Messrs. Tata Sons, Ltd.

AIR AFRIQUE

An alteration in the time of connecting services at Algiers has necessitated certain changes in the time-table of the Regie Air Afrique. When flying southwards the first night stop is made at El Golea instead of Aoulef, the second at Gao instead of Niamey, while the rest remain unchanged. In the reserve direction aircraft arrive at Algiers on Monday evening instead of Tuesday morning, and consequently at Paris on Tuesday evening. The application of this new time-table combined with the acceleration made in October last, means that the journey from Paris to Antananarivo takes six days three hours, while in the reverse direction 6 1|2 days are taken.

SOUTH AFRICAN AIRWAYS

Mr. O. Pirow, Minister of Railways, Harbours, and Defence, has now returned to Cape Town after the completion of the survey flight mentioned in "Shell Aviation News" for August. He stated that the operation of services along the proposed route would be the subject of discussion with the various Governments concerned but that the preliminary negotiations made during the flight had been satisfactory. South African Airways have in operation or on order 21 Junkers aircraft: 11 of these are Junkers Ju. 86's and 10 Junkers Ju. 52's.

AUSTRALIAN AIR SERVICES

Airlines of Australia have now received a Douglas DC-2 aircraft which is being put into service between Sydney and Brisbane and later on the Brisbane|Adelaide service to be operated by Airlines of Australia in conjunction with Australian National Airways. Aircraft will leave Archerfield aerodrome, Brisbane, at 07.00 hours (E. S. T.) and after calls at Sydney and Melbourne, will reach Parafield aerodrome, Adelaide, at 16.15 hours (Adelaide time). In the reverse direction the aircraft will leave Adelaide at 08-30 hours (Adelaide time) and arrive at Brisbane at 17-45 hours (E. S. T.)

A further Douglas DC-2 aircraft has been added to Australian National Airways' fleet and has been put into commission between Adelaide and Perth. The MacRobertson Miller Aircraft Company recently completed the first year of its twice-weekly service between Perth and Daly Waters; passengers carried during 1936|1937 totalled 1,386 compared with 773 during the period 1935|1936. At the same time the freight increased from 29,847 pounds to 39,111 pounds.

OUR LONDON LETTER

(Continued from Page 6.)

even diplomats, seem to have forgotten the historic fact.

A Peace Crusader Dead

Dick Sheppard, Canon of St. Martin-on-the Fields, died suddenly of 'heart failure on Sunday last through overwork. For months past he had been touring the country and speaking at his Peace Pledge Union demonstrations with an energy that would have exhausted tried political campaigners. Much to the surprise of all the political parties, he drew bigger and bigger crowds at a time when meetings were regarded as a declining medium for propaganda. He usually filled the local theatre, the cinema opposite and then had to address an open-air over-flow meeting. This was his experience at Wellingborough lately. A few weeks ago his doctor told him to stop it. He in a week had addressed meetings at Romford, at Wigan and at Aberdeen and had also called at Glasgow to see the students there who wanted him as their new Lord Rector. His diary of engagements showed four bookings a week. He reluctantly agreed to cut them down to two a week. For this week he was already breaking the rule. He would have spoken at Blackburn, have been to Glasgow again to see the University authorities there and returned and spoken at Norbury next Sunday Mr. George Lansbury, another ardent peace campaigner, in paying his biggest tribute to Dick Sheppard told me that he has decided to take his place on the platform at this Sunday's meeting. However, Sheppard was a whimsical character. When congratulated on being elected Lord Rector of Glasgow University, he smiled and said it was a good thing that the rules forbade candidates making a personal appearance before the students. At St. Martin's he always insisted on having the great Christmas Tree outside to brighten things up during the festivities. Critical clergymen were reminded that the tree was then gift of the Squire of Sandringham.

Campaign Through Postcards

The most whimsical thing he ever did was to seek to end war by postcards. Three years ago he invited any who had determined not to take part in war-again to write a postcard to that effect. His idea was to test public opinion. As the nations had renounced war as an instrument of policy through the Kellogg Pact, he did feel that individuals should renounce war personally as well. He had all the postcards sent to a general's home at Walton-on-Thames—none other than the house of Brigadier-General Crozier. Crozier, himself one of Sheppard's converts, was astounded when the post rained postcards. Another aspect of Dick Sheppard's life was that there was never a clergyman so thoroughly unconventional as himself. This is not in the sense that he ever behaved with aimless eccentricity but because he never let a convention stand in the way of a good idea. While he was at St. Martin's he invited both Non-conformist Ministers and laymen to preach there. His visiting preachers included George Lansbury, Lord Hugh Cecil, and his neighbour, the manager of the Coliseum theatre. Once he had a Guard's band to play in the church.

Coronation Durbar In India

According to a Sunday newspaper it is understood that the King will leave with Queen for India in a specially chartered liner towards the end of next year so that the Coronation Durbar may be held in Delhi in January, 1939. They will take with them the Indian crown, which the King will wear when the proclamation is read. It has been suggested that it should remain on exhibition in the Parliament House at Delhi, "a visible sign of the Sovereignty to the natives of India." The King and Queen will probably stay in Delhi for a week, and will afterwards visit several of the principal cities. While they are away, the Duke of Gloucester will represent the King at home and the Duchess will have the care of Princesses Elizabeth and Margaret.

DR. RAJAN ON BIJNOR ELECTION

(From Our Own Correspondent)

TRICHUR (By Mail).

"That the great and memorable victory of the Congress at Bijnor had once for all demonstrated the growing hold of the Congress on the masses and had shattered the hope of certain Muslim communalists for communal electorates as well as the reactionary policy enunciated by the Muslim League at Lucknow," was the opinion expressed by the Hon. Dr. T. S. S. Rajan Minister for Public Health, Madras.

"The voice of the people of Bijnor, would prevail throughout the country and inspiring the people ignoring the reactionary policy of the Muslim League and other similar communal organizations."

Cochin Swadeshi Exhibition

(From Our Correspondent)

COCHIN (By Mail).

The Fifth All-India Swadeshi Exhibition will be held at Trichur during the Pooram festival, in the first and second week of May 1938. There will be Agricultural and Industrial exhibitions besides Hindi Khadi, Village industries and art sections.

HIS REMARKABLE PREPARATION of CIPLA Laboratories affords an excellent and prompt remedy for all kinds of burns and scalds.

JALMAR contains ingredients which gives immediate relief, prevent blisters, check infection and form new skin quickly.

HOW TO HEAL BURNS QUICKLY

Immediately you are burnt, take out Jalmar from the tube, and put it on the burnt part. In case of severe burns, a thick layer of Jalmar should be applied. Then cover with a clean cloth and bandage. This is to be repeated three or four times according to the severity of the burn. Slight burns heal up with one or two applications; severe burns take a little longer time.

Jalmar cools irritation, stops formation of blisters and heals up the burnt surface quickly. It is indeed a household necessity.

KEEP JALMAR AT HOME

Price Annas 14 per tube.

Available from all Chemists or Sole Agents:

Anglo-German Drug Co., P. O. Box No. 778, Bombay.

THE MARK IPCA of QUALITY

The brandy that made Cognac famous

HENNESSY'S COGNAC BRANDY

Agents throughout India: PHIPSON & CO., LTD.,

U. P. PREMIER AT CAWNPORE

CAWNPORE, November 10.

Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, Premier, U. P., who arrived here this afternoon was given a rousing reception by the citizens of Cawnpore and led in procession through the main streets.

Despite a Muslim hartal, batches of Ahrar Muslim volunteers were in attendance.

The Muslims held a meeting this afternoon under the presidentship of Dr. Abdus Samad, M.L.A., and passed a resolution expressing no-confidence in the present Congress Ministry as it denied genuine representation for Muslims in the Cabinet and did not accept amendments moved by Muslim members for safeguarding the rights of Muslims, to the Government's resolution on Constituent Assembly during the last session of the Legislature.—A. P.

DETENU GETS 15 DAYS' LEAVE

MYMENSINGH,

Sj. Bhudev Prasanna Sen, a prominent Congress worker in the Tangail Sub-division and President of the Kalihati Congress Committee, was arrested in 1931 and was detained in various places. He has recently been interned in his native village Kalihati.

Mr. Muhammad Altaf Ali, who was arrested in 1932 under Bengal Criminal Law Amendment Act and interned in the Rajshahi District, has been given 15 days' leave to see his ailing mother. He arrived here on Sunday last and is staying at his residence at Sehora in the suburbs of the town under police guard.

Latest Commercial News

LIVERPOOL COTTON 3 POINTS UP

Silver And Wheat Steadier But Base Metals Very Firm

BOMBAY, Nov. 11.

On Thursday crossrates ruled weak.

LIVERPOOL COTTON FIRM.

The New York cotton market was closed. Liverpool cotton closed firm.

SILVER HIGHER

London gold was quiet but silver was higher.

WHEAT STEADIER.

Wheat ruled steadier. Base metals were very firm.

SECURITIES IN GOOD DEMAND.

The London Stock Exchange was moderately active on some enquiry. Giltedged securities were in good demand.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

DECEMBER 1937
New York, Nov. 11.

Previous closing	7.86
To-day's opening	closed
Difference	closed
To-day's closing	closed
Difference	closed

LIVERPOOL COTTON

JANUARY 1938
Liverpool, Nov. 11.

Previous closing	4.56
To-day's opening	4.55
Difference	—.01
To-day's closing	4.59
Difference	+.03

BROACH EXPECTATION
New April May Rs. 161-8

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Nov. 11.

The market was closed to-day.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Nov. 11.

The following were the opening ranges:—
December (7.89/7.97) closed
January (7.90/7.89) closed
March (7.95/7.95) closed

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Nov. 11.

American December (4.50) 4.56
American January (4.53) 4.59
Sakels November (6.10) 6.18
Sakels January (6.40) 6.48

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, Nov. 11.

Broach cotton for April May delivery moved between Rs. 162 and Rs. 161-4. The closing rate at 10-0 p.m. was Rs. 161-12.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Nov. 11.

The rates at 2-30 p m. were as follows:—

TEA

Indian Pekoe (1-1 3/4) 1-1 3/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-3 1/2) 1-2 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe (1-2 1/2) 1-2 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-10) 1-10

JUTE

New Crop October November (£20 7/8 paid and sellers) £20 3/4 paid and sellers.
Dunlop November (£23) £23 sellers.
Lightning November (£22) £22 sellers

RUBBER

Spot (7 value) 7 1/4 value
Forward January March (7 1/8 paid and value) 7 3/8 paid and value

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay November December (£14 sellers) £14 sellers
Linseed Calcutta November December (£14 7/8 sellers) £14 15/16 sellers.
Linseed La Plata November (£12 11/16 sellers) £12 11/16 sellers.
Groundnuts Coromandal December (£12 7/16 sellers) £12 9/16 sellers

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Nov. 11.

Liverpool wheat opened steady with December at 98 3/8 and March 94. The market developed considerable steadiness encouragement being derived from better overnight north American cables while better tendency of American markets in general also helped to restore confidence. Subsequently trading assumed quieter appearance with little business passing.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, Nov. 11.

The market was closed to-day.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds Association)
Bombay, Nov. 11.
May Delivery.

	Rs. a. p.
Rates at 11-0 a.m	7 11 9
Rates at 12-0 noon	7 12 0
Rates at 3-0 p.m	7 11 9
Rates at 6-0 p.m.	7 11 6

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations

New York, Nov. 11.

Previous closing	4.99 3/4
To-day's opening	closed
To-day's closing	closed

C. I. LONDON ON NEW YORK
London, Nov. 11.

Previous closing	4.99.95
To-day's opening	5.00
To-day's closing	4.98.77

FRANC RATE
London, Nov. 11.

Previous closing	147.07
To-day's opening	147.06
To-day's closing	147.04

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Nov. 11.

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 5.00 and then fell to 4.99.25 on lack of support from official quarters subsequently movements were small.

The sterling dollar crossrate closed at 4.98.77.

Franc opened at 147.06 and thereafter kept steady moving within a narrow margin.

The sterling franc crossrate closed at 147.04

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (11.103) 11.100
New York on Bombay (37.84) 37.80
Berlin on Bombay (0.93 5/8) 0.93 1/2
London on Milan (95.10) 94.85
London on Shanghai (1-2 3/16) 1-2 3/16
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

DISCOUNTS

3 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent
6 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent.
6 months (11/16 to 3/4 per cent) 11/16 to 3/4 per cent.

LONDON METALS

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—
Tin (£192 1/4 buyers £192 3/4 sellers. Firm) £204 3/4 buyers £205 sellers. Strong.
Lead (£17 buyers £17 1/8 sellers. Firm) £17 5/8 buyers £17 11/16 sellers. Firm.
Electrolytic Copper (£43 1/2 to £45 1/2) £46 to £47 1/2
Glasgow Iron sh. (112-0) 112-0

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, Nov. 11.

The following cable information was received from London to-night:—

"America bought. Business small. Market quietly steady."

LONDON SILVER
London, Nov. 11.

Spot	(19 11/16d.) 19 13/16d.
Forward	(19 11/16d.) 19 3/4d.

LONDON GOLD
London, Nov. 11

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-0-2) £7-0-1 1/2

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, Nov. 11.

Silver ready	50	9	6
Silver 1st settlement Kartak	50	10	0
Silver 2nd settlement Magsar	50	11	6
Gold ready	34	9	3
Gold 1st settlement Kartak	34	9	6
Gold 2nd settlement Magsar	34	9	9
Sovereign	22	3	6

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Nov. 11.

Wheat January	5	6	0
Wheat May	5	1	0
Linseed May	7	12	0

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotation

London, Nov. 11.

Liverpool wheat December closed at 98 3/8 as against the previous closing at 97 3/4

3½ P. C. GOVT PAPER

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Nov. 11.

The 3 1/2 per cent Government paper was quoted Rs. 98-4-0 at 2 p.m. The closing quotation at 5 p.m. was Rs. Rs. 98-5-0.

Fluctuations during the sessions were as follows:—

	Rs. a. p.
Opening	98 5 0
Highest	98 5 0
Lowest	98 4 0
Closing	98 5 0

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Nov. 11.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling closed at £94 as against the previous closing at £93 3/4

INDIAN LOANS

London, Nov. 11.
2-30 p.m

3 per cent Indian (£99) £99
3 per cent Indian (£94) £94
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£111 1/2) £111 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£114 1/2) £114 1/2
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£108 3/4) £108 3/4
6 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£112) £111 3/4
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-59 (£104) £103 3/4

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

3 per cent Australian Loan 1945-70 (£109 1/8) £109

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£76 1/8) £76 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£102 1/8) £102 3/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£107 3/8) £107 3/8
5 per cent Funding Loan (£112 3/8) £112 5/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£101 1/2) £101 3/4
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£111 3/8) £111 5/8

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Nov. 11.
2-30 p.m.

Markets generally were steady to firm. Giltedgeds were good. Tin shares, rubber shares and home industrials were firmer Oil shares were featureless.

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (97-6) 19-0 Ex all which are now quoted on the basis of 5 shillings unit stock.
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (60-10 1/2) 61-10 1/2
Hydro Electric (£4 3/4) £5 1/8
Musical Industries (17-7 1/2) 17-7 1/2
Princhin Johnson (40-3) 40-3
Imperial Chemical (36-1 1/2) 36-9
Woolsworth Ordinary (70-0) 70-4 1/2
Realisation 1930 (£82 1/2) £83 1/2
Dunlop Rubber (33-3) 33-3
Unilever Ordinary (35-7 1/2) 36-0
Ford Motors (23-10 1/2) 24-3
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£63 1/2) £64 3/4
British American Tobacco (106-10 1/2) 108-1 1/2
Carreas A (£8 3/4) £8 3/4
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (153-9) 153-9
P and O S N Company Deferred (21-9) 21-3
Distillers (107-0) 108-0
Bredfords Dyes (£6 1/8) £5 3/4
British Celanese (£4 1/8) £4 1/8
J and P Coates Ordinary (42-7 1/2) 42-7 1/2
Courtaulds Ordinary (48-1 1/2) 48-1 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners (6-7 1/2) 6-7 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (25-6) 26-1 1/2
Inter Nickels (£44 3/8) £45 1/8
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (65-0) 68-9
Tata Steel Preference (£105 1/2) £105 1/2

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (20-9) 20-3
Donaro Teas (47-0) 47-0
Empire of India (34-3) 34-3

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (30-10 1/2) 31-6
Gula Kelampong (25-0) 25-0
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (29-3) 30-0

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£9 1/2) £9 1/2

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (51-10 1/2) 51-10 1/2
Burma Corporation (14-6) 14-6
Rio Tintos (£17) £17 7/8
East Rand Proprietors (58-9) 59-4 1/2
Rand Mines (£8) £8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£14 3/4) £14 3/4
Associated Portland Cement (87-6) 88-9
Trinidad Leaseholds (100-0) 102-6
Sub Nigel (£10 1/2) £10 1/2
Spring Mines Split Shares (32-6) 32-6
Union Corporation (£8 3/8) £8 3/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (40-7 1/2) 41-3
Anglo-Iranian (80-0) 82-6
Burma Oil (115-10 1/2) 115-0
Musical Eagle (10-1 1/2) 10-10 1/2
Shell Transport (91-10 1/2) 95-7 1/2
Royal Dutch (£36 3/4) £37 5/8

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£63 1/4) £63 1/4
L and S Ordinary (£30 1/4) £30 1/4
L N E R Deferred (£4 3/8) £4 3/8
Southern Dutch (£19 3/4) £19 3/4
London Paris 5 per cent (£124 1/2) £124 1/2
London Transport 'C' Stock (£80 1/2) £80 1/2

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Nov. 11.

The Stock Exchange was closed to-day.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE BETTER

Speculative Buying In Commodities

(SPECIAL CABLE.)
London, Nov. 11.

On the Stock Exchange, the improvement overnight in Wall Street assisted the sentiment but business did not expand as the Paris Bourse and Wall Street were closed Giltedged was again feature of strength.

Base metals and rubbers responded to the rally of the respective commodities. Far Eastern bonds were quieter.

Among commodities, base metals, especially tin, rallied on hopes of an American recovery. Rubber was higher on speculative trade buying.

The dollar improved on bear covering, closing at 4.98.75 compared to 5.00.00 last night.

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

Karachi, Nov. 11.

To-day's closing quotations:—

Sind cotton January	16	10	0
Sind cotton March	16	8	0
Punjab January	14	1	6
Punjab March	14	1	6
Desi American January	17	9	9
Desi American March	17	9	3
Tone quiet.			
Wheat November	29	9	3
Wheat December	29	9	6
Wheat January	29	10	0
Wheat July	26	12	0
Tone steady.			
Gram November	23	2	3
Gram December	23	3	9
Gram July	22	1	6
Toria November	40	3	0
Toria December	39	14	0
Toria February	37	13	0
Cottonseed January	16	2	9
Cottonseed March	16	5	3

LATE DINSHAW F. MULLA

Ceremony Of Unveiling His Statue

Mr. R. B. Paymaster writes:

The Chief Justice Sir John Beaumont will perform on Friday, the ceremony of unveiling the full-size marble statue of the late Right Hon'ble Sir Dinshaw Fardoonji Mulla, P. C., on the Western side of the compound of the High Court. Shortly after Sir Dinshaw's death in April 1934, a fund was started with a view to perpetuate his memory in the High Court, and the amount of about Rs. 20,000 was subscribed, out of which his full-size marble statue has been erected as above. Sir Dinshaw was the first Lawyer and Jurist of the Bombay Presidency to become a member of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council which is the highest advising body of the Sovereign of England. Sir Dinshaw, after becoming an M.A., LL.B of the Bombay University was enrolled in the High Court as a Solicitor, and subsequently as an Advocate of the Original Side. He held positions also as Advocate-General and High Court Judge, after which he was appointed also Law Member of the Executive Council of His Excellency the Governor-General and in 1930 was appointed a Member of the Judicial Committee of His Majesty's Privy Council, the highest advising Judicial body presiding over the British Empire.

All members of the Cabinet have to be sworn in as members of the Privy Council, and also all Governors of important provinces. Such is the high status of a Privy Councillor, on a level with that of a Governor. The honour of being a Privy Councillor is now conferred sometimes on persons who have done some signal service for the King or State. It is especially valued since it cannot be bought like other titles, but is a mark of the King's trust as being fit to be a Member of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

The Privy Council had done a great deal for the constitution of England and the making of her Laws, and continues to do so to this day, in the form of Judicial Committee, who also frame the Laws and Constitutions of His Imperial and Colonial possessions. Such were the powers of Right Hon'ble Sir Dinshaw F Mulla, whom our High Court is honouring this week by raising his full-size statue. The only other Jurist on whom a similar honour has been conferred by our Judges and Lawyers is the late Sir Lawrence Jenkins whose statue also adorns the compound of the High Court building.

"EVACUATE VILLAGE"!

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 11.

There has been considerable excitement in the village of Chiloda in the Daskroi Taluka owing to an order given by the military authorities to evacuate the village from November 15 for 15 days for military practice.

The villagers contend that the standing crops are likely to be damaged by the military practice. It is understood that their representatives have sent telegrams to the Revenue Minister, the Commissioner and the Collector requesting them to stop the practice.—United Press.

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, Nov 10

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars
Amr Water Works Com	15
Amr Gas and Electric	28
Amr Power and Light Com	8
Amr Power and Light Pfd 5 per cent A	43
A Power and Light Pfd 6 per cent	32
Amr Forn Power Com	5
Amr Forn Power Pfd 7 per cent	27
Electric Power and Light	14
Electric P and Light 7 per cent Pfd	49
Electric Bond Common	12
Electric Bond 5 per cent Pfd	58
Consolidated (Gas) Edison	27
Columbia Gas	10
North Amr Com	24
United Corporation	6
United Power and Light	4
Int Tel and Tel	8
Northern S Power A	15
American Tel and Tel	151
Western Union Telg	30 1/2
Baltimore and Ohio Railway	14
Chesapeake and Ohio Railway	40
Great North Pfd Railway	29
New York Central Railway	21
Southern Pacific Railway	22
Union Pacific Railway	104
Allis Chalmers	47
U. S. Rubber	29
Bethlehem Steel 7 per cent Pfd	98
Phillips Petrol	45
Radio Pfd 3 1/2 per cent	56
Westinghouse Airbrake	27
Japanese 4 1/2 per cent	68
Bethelehem Steel	53
Ludlum Steel	21
National Steel	65
Republic Steel	20
United S Steel	60
Amr Car Foundry	23
United S Smelting	65
Youngstown Sheet	42
Anaconda Copper Mining	30 1/4
Int Nickel of Canada	45 1/4
Chrysler Motors	71
General Motors XD	41 1/4
General Electric	43
Union Carbide	74
Barnsdall Oil	16
Socony Oil	16 1/4
Chase Bank	32
National City Bank	29 1/2
Amr Smelting	52
Sun Life of Canada BID	455
Douglas Aircraft	35
Eaton Mfg	23
Amr Can	89
Japanese 5 1/2 per cent	78

Administration definitely contemplates new reconstruction finance loans easing taxes also using social security funds and new building programme. President offers aid to utilities if they revise their valuation system meaning virtual monopoly for utilities if they cooperate with administration. Inter Nickel of Canada 3rd quarter earnings 86 cents, 9 months dol 2.57. Western Union Telg 9 months dol 2.70. Market strong and active Administration co-operating; checks decline. Outlook much better. Pennsylvania R R has declared a dividend of 75 cents. Turnover 2 million shares. U. S. Steel Corp shipped in October 790,000 tons finished steel.

INTERNATIONAL WRESTLING

The Bombay wrestling fans witnessed enjoyable fights for the "Championship of India 1938 wrestling Tournament" once again on Thursday night.

The fight between "King Kong" Emil Tzayea of Hungary and Riza Bey (Turkey) was much appreciated. King-Kong's tactics in twisting the ears and kwitching the fingers, pulling the hair, etc. caused a general furore among the spectators and the Hungarian was booed as he left the mat after the fight.

The opening bout between Scott (Bombay) and Babian (Armenia) was an enjoyable and neat one, where many holds and counters were witnessed in succession in the first two rounds. Scott was agile whereas the Armenian was full of stamina. It was a fight full of stock though not catering to gallery thrills.

In the third round, which was a heated one Scott tried often to pin his opponent but "stamina" stood in good stead. The fight ended in a draw.

The best fight of the night was between Goldstein (Palestine) and Jwala Sing (India). The Indian was persistant in his holds and keeping them up fought admirably but was pinned to the mat in the third round (18 mts.) and Goldstein was declared winner.

The last fight was between Emil Tzayea (Hungary) popularly styled "King-Kong" and Riza Bey in the Greco-Roman style. Riza Bey had a great disadvantage against the weight of his stones heavier opponent which was much evident in the first round and the Hungarian's tactics roused the ire of the spectators and the referee had to warn "King-Kong" several times.

In the second round Riza Bey began brilliantly and threw "King-Kong" with arm-locks several times to the glee of the visitors. But soon usual rough tactics were resorted by the Hungarian with his pinching, twisting and hair-pulling.

It was the same tale in the third round and the bout ended in a draw.

TO-DAY'S BOUTS.

Babian (Armenia) vs. Rahim Bux.

Stanta Sing vs. Stanciu (Albania).

Goldstein (Palestine) vs. Sardar Khan.

All in fight.

Emil Tzayea (Hungary) "King-Kong) vs. Korochenko (Czechoslovaka).

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

L. Triestino s.s. Conte Rosso of 5909 Reg tons arrived from Trieste via Venezia, Brindisi, Portsaid, Massowa and Aden with passengers and general cargo.

B I S N s.s. Homefield of 3228 Reg tons Capt. P. Savage arrived from Calcutta with cargo of coal.

SAILED

Anchor Line s.s. Tuscania of 10016 Reg tons Capt. J. B. Caithness sailed for Liverpool and Glasgow via Portsaid with local and same bottom cargo.

L. Triestino s.s. Conte Rosso of 9909 Reg tons Capt. G. Fabris sailed for Shanghai via Colombo, Singapore and Manila with passengers, local and same bottom cargo.

N Y K s.s. Tango Maru of 4238 Reg tons Capt. S. Otobe sailed for Kobe via Colombo and Singapore with passengers, local and same bottom cargo.

B I S N s.s. Varsova of 1955 Reg tons Capt. W. J. Clarke sailed for Basra via Karachi and Persian Gulf Ports with passengers and local cargo.

LOADING

The following Vessels Booked for Loading on 11-11-37:—

S.S. Howra (M M) for Rangoon via Colombo and Malabar Coast Ports.

S.S. Karanja (M M) for East and South African Ports via Porebunder.

S.S. Varda (M M) for Persian Gulf Ports via Karachi and K. Coast Ports.

S.S. Kidderpore (M M) for China Japan Ports via Colombo and Penang.

S.S. Pres Monroe (F F C) for Naples, Genoa and American Ports via Suez and Portsaid.

STEAMERS IN DOCKS

Alexandra Dock

Bombay, Nov. 11.

3 Lindenfel 5193 Karachi 17-11 L Edward.
5 Tango Maru, 4,238 Japan, 11-11, N. Y. K.
7 C/Venice, 5,492 Karachi, 14-11, K. Nixon.
9 Alipore, 3,241 Karachi, N. F., M. M.
13 Kidderpore, 3263 Singapore N F M M
16 Strathnaver, 13395 London 13-11 M.M.
17 Olcades, 4,065 Abadan, 19-11, Mazagon Dock Co.

Victoria Dock

2 Celebes Maru, 4,262 Karachi, 12-11, O. S. K.
4 Varsova 1955 Busra 11-11 M.M.
8 Gairsoppa 3227 Calcutta 13-11 M M
9 Cambay Star 320 M. Coast, 11-11, S. Hassum.
10-11 C/O Leicester, 1,994 Karachi, 13-11 J Finlay.

Prince's Dock

(B) Jalavihar, 3,381 Rangoon, 14-11, Scindia S. N.
(K) Jehangir, 2,157 Calcutta, 20-11, T. Morrison.
(K) Khosrou, 2471 Jeddah, 16-11 T. M.
M Jalapalaka 2630, N F, N F, S. N. Co.

Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON
Strathaird 18-11-37 P. & O.
Kaiser-i-Hind 25-11-37 P & O
Ranpura 11-11-37 P and O
Mooltan 2-12-37 P. & O.S. N.
FROM LIVERPOOL
Circessia 17-11-37 Anchor Line.
Clo Agra 11-11-37 Killick Nixon.
FROM SYDNEY
Maloja 20-11-37 P & O S N.
FROM GENOA
Victoria 30-11-37 L. Triestino.
FROM OSLO
Tijuca 17-11-37 L Edwards.
FROM CHINA AND JAPAN
London Maru 23-11-37 O. S. Kaisha
Conte Bencomeno 29-10-37, L. Triestino.
Mikage Maru No 18 18-11-37 N. Y K
Toyooka Maru 15-11-37 N Y. K.
FROM HAMBURG
Braunfels, 18-11, L. Edwards.
Kandelfels 24-11-37 L. Edward.
FROM NEW YORK
Pres. Monroe 13-11-37, F. F. Campbell
C/o Barmingham 20-11 F F Campbell.
Wellington Court 20-11 M M.
New Orleans 8-11-37, L Edwards.
FROM BASRA
Varela 13-11-37 M. M.
FROM TRIESTE
Sumatra 14-11 L Triestino.
FROM DURBAN
Takliwa 27-11-37 M M.
Karanja 13-11-37. M. M.
FROM RANGOON
Howra 14-11, M.M.
FROM KARACHI
Vita 18-11-37 M M.

Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON
Comorin 27-11-37 P. & O.
Maloja 20-11-37 P & O.
Strathnaver 13-11-37 P. & O.
Kaiser-I-Hind 4-12-37 P & O S N.
Bangalore 23-11-37 M M
FOR SYDNEY
Strathaird 18-11-37, P and O.
FOR LIVERPOOL
City of Venice 1-12-37, Killick Nixon.
City of Benares 19-11-37, Killick Nixon
Circessia 1-12-37 Anchor Line.
FOR HAMBURG
Lindenfels, N F, L Edwards.
FOR NEW YORK
Pres. Monroe 13-11-37 F F Campbell.
C/o Barmingham 20-11 F F Campbell.
Pres F Adams, 26-11-37, F. F. Campbell.
FOR TRIESTE
Conte Verde 16-11-37, L. Triestino.
FOR CHINA AND JAPAN.
Soudan 10-11-37 P. & O.
Corfu 9-12-37 P and O.
Sumatra 15-11 L. Triestino.
Tango Maru 13-11-37 N. Y. K.
Mikage Maru No 18 22-11-37 N. Y. K.
Victoria 30-11-37 L. Triestino
Celebes Maru 23-11-37 O. S. K.
FOR GENOA.
Conte Biancamano 29-11-37, L. Triestino.
FOR JEDDAH
Khosrou 16-11-37 T Morrison.
FOR KARACHI.
Vita 13-11-37 M M.
Lindenfels 17-11-37 L. Edwards.
FOR BASRA
Bankura 17-11-37 M M.
Varela 18-10-37 M M.
FOR DURBAN.
Karanja, 24-11-37. M M.
Takliwa 8-12-37 M M.
FOR CALCUTTA
Jahangir 20-11 T M.
Gairsoppa 13-11 M M.
FOR RANGOON
Jalvihar 14-11 Scindia S N.
GENERAL LANDING DATES
S.S. "Strathnavar" 10-11-37.
S.S. "Hila" 9-11-37

EXPORTS.
Bombay, Nov. 11.

S.S. City of Venice for Ghent: 140 bales Cotton Raw B. Mawji.
For Antwerp: 55 bales Cotton Raw B. Mawji. 66 bales Cotton Raw A. Podar. 175 bales Cotton Raw B. Cursondas. 35 Hemp Raw K. Tricumji. 2060 bags Crushed Bones Anderson Burjor.
For Marseilles: 55 bales Cotton waste C. Jairam. 36 bales Hemp Raw E. Noorbhai. 141 bales Hemp Raw M. Nissim.
For Halifax: 300 bags G. nut Kernal The East Asiatic Company.
S.S. Strathnaver for Thessaloniki: 200 bales Cotton Raw S. Jhunghunvala.
For London: 48 bales Cotton rags Shantilal. 100 bags Dill seeds M. Bhuta.
For Port Said: 40 bales Cotton Grey yarn T. M. Kaisha.
For Alexandretta: 85 bales Cotton G. M. yarn A. H. Diab.
For Istanbool: 25 bales Cotton G. M. yarn A. H. Diab.
For Salonikl: 171 bags G. nut seed R. Shantilal. Bros.
For Danzig: 696 bags Castor seed R. Ratilal.
For Antwerp: 350 bags Bone meal Anderson Burjor. 590 bags Crushed Bones Anderson Burjor.
For Suez: 115 bales C. C. Piecegods E. D. Sassoon.
For Kingston: 12 bales Cotton piecegoods K. Chilaram.
For Istanbul: 70 bales Grey cotton yarn E. D. Sassoon.
For Port Said: 17 bales Grey cotton sheeting R. Shantilal. 40 bags Apricots R. Shantilal.

IMPORTS.

S.S. Simla Agents L Edwards from Oslo: 179 bags Wood pulp Board, 2258 cases Nails, 5319 bundles Box Boards, 2186 bales Paper, 150 bags Nitrate of Soda.
From Copenhagen: 41 cases Enamelledware.
From Stockholm: 135 cases Petroleum Stoves
From Gothenburg: 2728 bales Paper, 8898 bundles Boxboards, 50 kegs Chlorate of Potash, 30 bales Wood Wool, 268 cases Steel Hinges, 314 loose Steel Tyres, 50 mats. Empty Glass Bottles, 550 bags Sulphate of Alumina, 60 drums Magnesium Powder, 1739 cases Nails.
From Rotterdam: 150 bags Carawayseed, 156 bags Strawboard, 200 casks Corn Syrup.
From Hamburg: 65 cases Padlocks, 37 cases Metal Plates, 143 bales Paper, 101 cases Ship Chains, 137 bundles Boxboards, 50 drums Sodium Hydrosulphite, 147 drums Bleaching Powder, 240 bags Bone Glue
From Antwerp: 110 drums Imitation red lead, 503 cases M. S. Circle, 1150 pieces Marble Refuse, 194 bales Paper, 100 drums Earthcolour, 250 pieces Asbestos Cement Sheet, 1097 bags Belts Nuts, 2014 bundles M S Round Bars.
S.S. CLAN SKENE Agents James Finlay & Co. From Glasgow: 200 bales Old Newspaper, 1403 pieces Steel, 121 cases Cottons, 208 cases Whisky, 30 cases Ale, 164 cases Nails, 50 cases Jams, 116 cases Machinery, 170 loose Tyres.
From Ponani: 135 bundles Coir Fibre, 57 bags Cocoanuts
For Stewart Sound: 215 logs Dhup Wood.

Better Feeling In American Markets

RALLY IN STOCKS AND COTTON STEADY

Scarcity Of Cotton Contracts Owing To Holding Movement

Bombay, Nov 11

On Wednesday the New York cotton futures market opened steady but was quiet with proceedings of a pre-holiday nature. Prices later eased partially on realising. The Spot situation is at a deadlock with merchants complaining of difficulties either to buy or sell. Commodities were also cheerful and cotton responded to the influence of continued scarcity of contracts owing to the holding movement in the south and the fact that the Government loan prices are easily sustained by moderate trade, foreign and local buying. Wall Street market was strong on the belief that the market has been oversold and the feeling that something may be done at the forthcoming session of the U. S. Congress to revive business.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton futures market opened at a rise of 4 points with December 7.89 and under improved buying a further rise of 4 points was reached and December was quoted 7.93 which was the highest level. Later on prices declined 8 points under realising and December was quoted 7.85 which was the lowest level. The market closed at a net rise of 1 to 7 points and Spot cotton prices gained one point at 8.01c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was fairly steady and closed at a rise of one to five points. Spot cotton prices advanced 5 points at 8.03c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of 5 points with January 4.53. Steady undertone reflected the continuance of unseasonable lightness of hedge pressure owing to the influence of loan rather than aggressive buying. Later on there was Bombay buying with local covering and trade support. The market closed at a rise of 8 to 9 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices advanced 6 points at 4.59d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton futures market was steady. Giza futures advanced 8 to 10 points and Uppers closed 6 points higher.

The Alexandria market was barely steady and closed at a rise of 6 to 7 points.

DULL OUTLOOK

Messrs. Langley and Co. state:

When we were very young in the cotton trade we were told never to forget that the big crops in America are made from September onwards. And it is so.

Meanwhile, it is becoming increasingly obvious that 9 cents is too high a peg on which to hang a world supply of 50 million bales of cotton.

In 1926 when the recovery was rapid the American crop was 18 millions and outsiders 9 3/4 millions. This year outsiders are 20 millions.

Inevitably the drift loanwards will increase. Six millions is a modest estimate of the eventual accumulation when already some qualities are selling at 2 cents under the loan price.

All this is just too unfortunate for Mr. Wallace. Only last season the U. S. Government were fortuitously presented with and thankfully grasped an opportunity of liquidating loans and getting out of the cotton trade.

They are in it again. Deeper than ever. Past experience as well as present policy have been completely overwhelmed by the crop which, like the small boy's big dog, just grew and grew and grew.

LACK OF RESOURCE

No-one can accuse the U. S. Administration of lack of resource. They must be thinking very hard at this moment. The difficulty is, of course, money. Benevolence towards the farmer and a balanced budget are the most incompatible of companions. Whether it will cost more to finance indefinitely immense loan stocks, reopen the protective umbrella over outsiders and send the cotton trade into a state of somnolence for two seasons or tap the treasury for an additional bonus to encourage immediate liquidation, is largely a matter of arithmetic. Because the day of reckoning is more distant in the case of the loan, maybe the loan will win. But deferred payment means only deferred difficulty.

The action of the market over the Bureau has been good. But we are not inordinately impressed 99 operators out of 100 are convinced prices must go up to the loan level. And quite a number were anxious to buy after the Bureau. They bought. And are, presumably, satisfied.

The market carries a bigger long interest than it did before. And the trade is no more likely to be stampeded into purchases. If the Bureau was not bearish, it certainly was not bullish.

The future looks dull—very dull. The market is long. If a sagging tendency develops there is again the danger of longs unloading. We would buy with confidence only when those longs are convinced there is no hope of a rise.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York December highest (10-8 a.m.)	7.93+08
New York December lowest (12-41 p.m.)	7.85
Liverpool January highest	4.56+08
Liverpool January lowest	4.50+02

Messrs. Bishwambharlal Maheshwari have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

Liverpool: Rubber: Expect fair rally especially if quotas reduced August option look cheap.

Wheat: Southern Hemisphere pressure likely bring easier prices but advise caution short side

Metals: Any change general sentiment should bring smart recovery option reasonable

New York: Market advancing due to Liverpool buying and strong American Grains and Securities markets.

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following telegrams from their foreign friends:

Liverpool: 'Hedge pressure lessening cotton being absorbed loan present level outside condition retarding improvement.'

New York: 'President's intention to improve business situation has caused a better feeling. December liquidation well absorbed. Rather better demand for distant months. Technical position favourable but Spot cotton and dry goods demand still very poor. Holiday to-morrow

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

Liverpool: Tone very steady. Bombay prominent buyer of distants. Hedge selling again light Sentiment inclined more hopeful following Washington reports that Roosevelt is considering measures to meet business recession.

New York: Market firmed on foreign and local buying with light offerings and more favourable Washington news.

HOLIDAYS IN COTTON MARKET

The local market will close at 3 p. m. on Saturday the 13th inst.

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, Nov 10

December	7.86+01
January	7.88+03
March	7.96+07
May	8.06+06
July	8.06+07
October	8.12+02
Middling Spot	8.01+01

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New York, Nov 10

December	7.96+01
January	7.96+03
March	8.03+05
Middling Spot	8.03+05

NEW YORK
New York, Nov 10

11 A.M. RANGES—	
December	7.93/7.93
January	7.94/7.94
March	7.99/7.99
NOON CALL—	
December	7.92
March	7.98

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS
New York, Nov 10

Day's receipts at all U S Ports	24,000 bales.
Day's exports to Great Britain	6,000 bales.
Day's exports to the Continent	4,000 bales.
Day's exports to China and Japan	2,000 bales.

EGYPTIAN COTTON
Liverpool, Nov 10

F G F Spot	8.28
GIZA—	
Spot	7.25+5
November	6.13+8
January	6.43+8
March	6.55+10
May	6.63+10
July	6.72+10
October	6.72+10
UPPERS—	
Spot	6.02+2
November	5.68+6
January	5.58+6
March	5.58+6
May	5.62+6
July	5.65+5
October	5.68+6

INDIAN COTTON
Liverpool, Nov 10

BROACH—	
Fully good (good staple)	3.73
Fine (good staple)	3.88
Superfine (good staple)	4.03
OOMRA—	
Fine (No. 1 staple)	3.88
Superfine (No. 1 staple)	4.03
Choice (No. 1 staple)	4.18
BENGAL—	
Good	3.34
Fully good	3.44
Fine	3.58

LIVERPOOL COTTON
Liverpool, Nov 10

November	4.50+08
December	4.53+08
January	4.56+06
February	4.59+09
March	4.62+06
April	4.64+06
May	4.67+08
June	4.68+06
July	4.70+08
August	4.72+09
September	4.74+09
October	4.76+09
November	4.77+09
Middling Spot	4.63+06
	10-12 a.m. quotations
January	4.53
March	4.58

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
London, Nov 10

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£73
Indian stock 3 per cent 1948	£79 3/4
Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£93 3/4
Indian stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£111 1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£76 1/4
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£102 1/8
War loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£101 1/2
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£112 1/2
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£111 3/8
Chartered Bank of India, A and China	£12 7/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London reg	£101
National Bank of India	£42
P and O Banking Corporation	£9 5/8

LONDON PRODUCE
London, Nov 10

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe parcels	Unquoted
Wheat Barletta Russo parcels	
November sellers	45/6
Wheat South Australian parcels	
November sellers	42

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Nov 11

Following a rise of 3 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened very steady at Rs. 162/8 for Broach A/M delivery and improved to Rs. 162/12 on scattered buying. Later on there was increased selling which in the absence of support depressed prices to Rs. 160/8 and the market was steady at this level.

NO FAITH IN PRICES

Messrs. Langley and Co. in their weekly report state:—

"India, having been the principal source of bullish enthusiasm, gladly accepted the encouragement which New York offered. It is curious how often Bombay buys in America one day and is impressed the following day because America is steady. The volume of business which India sends to the Liverpool and New York markets is modestly but consistently underrated.

Our market was and is steady. There is a very neat balance in the futures position between straddle shorts on the one side and speculative as well as trade hedge longs on the other. That deadlock can be relieved only when cotton moves in sufficient volume to increase the supply of contracts—not for at least another month and possibly longer.

Meanwhile, those who have applied bear options buy on dips and those who have sold bull options see that prices do not advance far enough to afford any excitement to those bull options beyond a peaceful demise on maturity date—guerilla warfare both interesting and profitable.

Meanwhile, holders of better quality old crop stocks are not anxious to sell. There is some evidence of a holding movement for new crop. And holding movements in India can, on occasions, be very effective. But even India cannot hold the beginning or the middle of a new crop. There must inevitably be pressure in the New Year.

Export demand is negligible. During the summer business was booked in Karachi styles but shippers' commitments in Bombay styles must be a record low.

Crop movement is slow but seasonal. 60 bales at Akola yesterday typifies Berar markets, while 100 bales at Khanewal and 20 at Mandi Bahauddin are representative of the Punjab. Quality, allowing for the improvement which always takes place in later arrivals, is satisfactory

Much export business has been irretrievably lost for India by the fact that mills in foreign centres have already bought considerable quantities of low Americans. They do not buy twice.

We have little faith in Bombay prices over 160 for Broach."

Liverpool market opened at a decline of one point and there was slightly better enquiry and Broach A/M. was quoted at Rs. 161/4. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

Broach A/M	161	8	0
Oomra D/J	144	8	0
Oomra March	145	4	0
Bengal D/J	130	8	0
Bengal March	129	12	0

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Nov. 11.

	Ready.	Delry. New	Contract Old.	Nov. Average
Bengal Fine	141/16			
C.P. 1	161			
C.P. 2	154			
Berar	151	119/29		
Khandesh	148	214/20		
Jalna/Sailu		119/29		
Burwah Sanavad		119/29		
Mathia		94/104		
Broach		150/54		
Punjab 4 F			+.12/13	
Punjab 289 F.			+.62/65	
Sindh 4 F.	177		+.12/24	
Sind- N.T.	210/12		+.48/50	New Mr/Ap
Kampala	307/17			

Indian Cotton Figures

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY
Since 1st September.
In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Khandesh		613
Barsi and Nagar	2	767
Berar	44	64
Central Provinces		48
Total Oomras	46	1,492
Dholera	143	1,353
N.-W. Provinces		459
Sind-Punjab	1,447	34,311
Broach		1,406
Coompta and Dharwar	60	4,668
Westerns-Northerns		723
Cocoanada		12
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		809
American		158
Egyptian, African and Sudan	872	63,928
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		268
Total	2,568	114,587

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.
1st Sept. to 4th Nov.
In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Europe	491	36,513
Japan and China	300	50,818
Coast Ports		17,005
Up-country by Rail		57,110
Total	791	161,446

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F.P. Bales.	1937-38	1936-37
Receipts to date 10-11-37	4346000	3768000
Receipts Yesterday 10-11-37	24000	23000
Exports to date 10-11-37	1967000	1864000
Stock at Ports 5-11-37	3262000	2718000
Stock at Interior Towns 5-11-37	2225000	2301000
Stock at Liverpool 5-11-37	769000	758000
Visible Supply 5-11-37	6907000	6402000
Quantity in sight 5-11-37	7366000	6849000
Quantity out of sight 5-11-37	3340000	3699000

Cotton Arrivals

	Bales.
Receipts into Bombay on 9ht November	9,417
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1937	112,019
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	101,547
Increase	10,472

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, Nov 11

Yesterday London gold prices improved 2d. to £7-0-2. London Paris Exchange rate was unchanged at 147.07 and Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.99 3/4. London silver prices advanced 1/16d to 19 11/16d. Bears covered and offerings were small. New York silver was unchanged at 44 3/4 and Montreal prices advanced 5 points. Shanghai T T on London was quoted 1-2 1/4. The local market was steady with a moderate turnover but the undertone was good. Large gold shipment from America is made with a view to check improvement in sterling.

GOLD

Ready	34	9	3
Kartak	34	9	6
Magsar	34	9	9

SILVER

Ready	50	6	0
Kartak	50	7	0
Magsar	50	8	6

LONDON SILVER
London, Nov 10

Spot	19 11/16
Forward	19 11/16

LONDON GOLD
London, Nov 10

Gold Bars Fine per oz	£7-0-2

Montreal Silver

Montreal, Nov 10

November	44.65+05
December	44.85+05
March	44.55+05

London Metals

London, Nov 10

Copper	£40 0 0
Lead	£17 5 0
Spelter	£16 7 6
Tin	£193 15 0

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay, Nov. 11.

London Copper Cash (buyers)	£39-15-0
Standard Copper 3 months	£40-0-0
Electrolytic copper	£45-11-0
Bombay Market.—	
Yellow Metal Sheets	Rs. 39/8
Copper Sheets	Rs. 42/12
Tone:—Steady.	

LINSEED & WHEAT

Bombay, Nov 11

Yesterday wheat prices sharply advanced in Liverpool on further private reports of frost damage in Argentine. It is generally feared that with selling pressure from the Southern Hemisphere of new crops will increase and prices in the long run will decline. The local market opened very steady but later prices ruled quiet on realising.

Linseed May	7	11	9
Wheat January	5	6	0
Wheat May	5	0	6

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, Nov. 10.

December	£12-8-9

Groundnuts & Seeds

Bombay, Nov. 11.

Groundnuts Feb.—			
Opening	31	10	0
Highest	31	12	0
Lowest	31	7	6
Closing	31	11	6
Castorseeds May—			
Opening	32	13	0
Highest	33	3	0
Lowest	32	12	0
Closing	33	2	6
Cottonseeds Jan.—			
Opening	17	15	0
Highest	18	7	6
Lowest	17	15	0
Closing	18	6	6

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, Nov. 10.

December	97 3/4d.
March	93d.
May	92d.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, Nov. 10.

December	dol 0.89 1/8
May	dol 0.89
July	dol 0.84 1/2

New York Sugar

New York, Nov. 10.

December	2.36+2.
March	2.37+2.
May	2.40+1.
July	2.42+2.

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, Nov. 11.

Ready Javas Rs. 15-6.
Shipment Oct.-Dec. Rs. 5-4.
Shipment Jan.-March Rs. 5-5.
Kesar Rs. 11-4.
Saraya Rs. 11-2.
Java Spot F. 7.00.

Produce Receipts

Bombay, Nov. 11.

Wheat	1,659 cwts.
Linseed	2,154 cwts.
Gingellyseed	1,265 cwts.
Groundnuts	7,274 cwts.
Rice	8,260 cwts.
Myrabollams	1,072 cwts.
Cottonseed	3,289 cwts.
Gram	1,721 cwts.
Joowar	918 cwts.
Maize	77 cwts.
Bajree	734 cwts.
Indian Sugar	27,108 cwts.

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool: December 151 January 155 March 159 May 164 at cross rate 4.99 3/4

Bombay Liverpool: Broach A/M 1938 160/8 Liverpool May 1938 4.64 Rs. 41 1/2 at exchange 1/6

Bombay New York: Broach A/M 1938 160/8 New York May 8.01 Rs. 17 1/2 at cross rate 4.99 3/4

NEW YORK COFFEE
New York, Nov 10

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) 9 1/8

GOVT. SECURITIES

Bombay, Nov 11

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52	100/4
3 per cent 1951/54	102/4
4 per cent 1941	103/14
5 per cent U P Bonds	97
5 1/2 per cent G P N Cash	98/7
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan	106/9
4 per cent 1943 Bonds	108/8
4 per cent 1960/70	113/12
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60	119/8
per cent 1939/44	105/2
5 per cent 1940-43	108/6
5 1/2 per cent 1948/50 Loan	103/2
TAX FREES.	
4 per cent 1953/63	112/4
5 per cent 1955	123
5 per cent 1945/55	120/10
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore	103/4
CORPORATION DEBENTURES	
4 per cent B P T 1974	109/8
4 per cent M Deb 1974	109
5 per cent M Deb 1949	118/8
5 per cent 1954	131/8
6 per cent K P T 1956	131/8

Note: In sympathy with lower sterling advices, 3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened at Rs. 98/6 and declined to Rs. 98/4. Cash quotes about three annas higher.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, November 11

B. C. RATES—	
T. T. D. D.	1/6 1/16
LONDON—	
Bank selling T T D D	1/6 3/32
Banks buying T T	1/6 5/32
Banks buying D D	1/6 3/16
Banks buying 3 months	1/6 7/32
NEW YORK—	
Bank's selling T T	266
Bank's buying T T	263 7/8
PARIS—	
Bank's selling T T	1,100
Bank's buying T T	1,120
JAPAN—	
Banks selling T T	77 1/2
Banks buying T T	77
AMSTERDAM—	
Bank's selling D D	67 1/2
JAVA—	
Bank's selling D D	67 1/4
HONGKONG—	
Banks selling D D	83 3/4
SHANGHAI—	
Bank's selling D D	79 7/8
SINGAPORE—	
Bank selling D D	156 1/4
BERLIN—	
Bank's selling D D	93
CROSS RATE—	
New York London	4.99.93 10th nistant
Japan London	1/2 1/32 11th instant
Hongkong London	1/3 1/16 11th instant
Shanghai London	1/2 1/4 11th instant
Java London	9.00 1/2 11th instant
London Paris	147.07 10th instant
London Belgium	29.39 1/4 10th instant
London Switzerland	21.57 3/4 10th instant
London Berlin	12.37 1/2 10th instant
London Stockholm	19.39 1/2 10th instant
London New York	4.99.95 10th instant
London Amsterdam	9.02 3/4 10th instant
London Italy	95.00 10th instant
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—	Steady
Gold	£7-0-0 9th instant
Gold	£7-0-0 10th instant
Silver, London ready	19 5/8 9th instant
Silver London ready	19 11/16 10th instant
Silver London forward	19 5/8 9th instant
Silver London Forward	19 11/16 10th instant
Silver New York Ready	45 9th instant
Silver New York Ready	45 10th instant
London discounts 3 months	9/16 per cent 9th instant
London discounts 3 months	9/16 per cent 10th instant
London discounts 6 months	11/16 per cent 9th instant
London discounts 6 months	11/16 per cent 10th instant
Reserve Bank Rate	3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate	2 per cent
Money:—	
Call	1/2 per cent.
3 months	3/4 per cent.
6 months	1 per cent.
Tone:—	Easy.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, Nov 10

Call Loan London	1/2
5 per cent	79 3/4
3 1/2 per cent	93 3/4
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	104
4 per cent 1948/53	108 3/4
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	111 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	114 1/2
5 per cent 1942/47	111 3/4
3 per cent 1948/52	98 3/4
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	76 1/4
3 1/2 per cent War loan	101 1/2
4 per cent Funding loan 1960/90	112 1/2
Indian Iron and Steel New Ordinary	65

Alexandria Market

Alexandria, Nov 10

SAKELS—	
November	14.54+6
January	14.07+6
March	13.86+7
ASHMOUNI—	
December	9.61+7
February	9.63+7
GIZA	
November	11.81+5
January	11.82+5
March	11.89+5

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, Nov 11

November	222.50+60
January	222.50+50
February	221.80+50
March	221.70+10

LONDON SUGAR

London, Nov 10

March 12. 6 2 1/2d.

Calcutta Share Market Closed

CALCUTTA, November 11.

The Calcutta share market is closed to-day.—A. P.

RESERVE BANK RATE

BOMBAY, November 11.

The Reserve Bank of India rate is unchanged at three per cent. per annum.—A. P.

Fears Of Textile Strike Unnerve Bulls

HEAVY SELLING IN MILL SHARES

Tata Steels Sympathetically Quiet

BOMBAY: November 11.

Following a sharp rise in Wall-Street, the local Market opened firm with active buying. But before any important business being done, there appeared extensive selling pressure and prices gave way.

Thus the market opened at about the highest level and closed at the lowest. The chief cause for this sudden selling in the face of encouraging foreign advices, was the fear of a General Textile Strike in local mills.

There was considerable selling which, in the absence of any support, resulted in a sharp decline in Mill shares. Even Tata Steel shares had a sympathetic decline, although closing prices do not show any important change.

The Bombay Government has appointed a Wage Enquiry Committee and any move towards a General Strike will be a national loss and our industry will suffer. Thus all attempts will be made to avert disastrous consequences.

Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1,093 and declined to Rs. 1,050. While Century Mills closed at Rs. 273 after opening at Rs. 291. Central India Mill shares eased off to Rs. 304 and Kohinoors after opening at Rs. 377 closed at Rs. 363. Simplex shares closed at Rs. 310 and Swadeshi Mills declined to Rs. 298 after opening at Rs. 310. Associated Cement shares opened at Rs. 156/8 and closed at Rs. 153. Andhras opened at Rs. 1,605 and eased off to Rs. 1,582. Hydros were quiet at Rs. 159 and Tata Powers opened at Rs. 1,520 and declined to Rs. 1,492

Tata Steels opened firm with Deferreds quoted at Rs. 1,625 and improved to Rs. 1,635. At this level there was heavy selling and prices declined to Rs. 1,582/8. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 350 and declined to Rs. 350

Bellapurs opened at Rs 185 and closed at Rs. 178/12 Bombay Steams opened at Rs. 267 and declined to Rs. 256. While Burma shares opened at Rs. 757 and declined to Rs. 746

TEXTILE SHARES.
Bombay, Nov. 11.

	Rs.	As.
100 Ahm. Advance (Rs. 6)	402	8
250 BOM. DYEING (Rs. 25)	1050	0
100 CENTURY	273	12
100 GEN. INDIA (Rs. 4)	304	6
100 COLABA (Rs. 2-8)	255	0
100 Coorla (Rs. 5)	110	0
250 David	75	
250 Dawn (Rs. 10)	465	0
1 E. D. Sassoon (nil)	0	8 0
100 Finlay (2)	155	0
166 GOKAK (Rs. 4-8)	220	0
1000 Hindustan (Rs. 75)	1720	0
100 Indore	76	4
100 Khatau (Rs. 3)	150	0
100 KOHINOOR (Rs. 10)	363	2
250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	640	0
250 Madras United	11	
1000 Morarji (nil)	1375	0
250 Model	55	0
50 MYSORE (Rs. 2)	120	0
200 NEW GREAT (nil)	317	8
100 Osmanshahi (Re 1)	46	
100 Phoenix (nil)	295	0
25 SASSOON SILK (Rs. 2)	65	0
1000 Sholapur (Rs. 50)	2210	0
50 SIMPLEX (Rs. 2)	110	0
100 SWADESHI (Rs. 5)	298	12
500 Vishnu (Rs. 50)	1,440	0
1000 Western (Rs. 10)	915	
BANKS		
50-100 Baroda (Rs. 2-8)	118	0
25-50 Central (Rs. 12)	30	8
500 Imperial (Rs. 30)	1,590	0
125-500 I. Conty. (Rs. 7-8)	391	4
50-100 India (Rs. 2-8)	144	4
100 Reserve Bank (Rs. 3-3)	126	8
5 Union (As. 4)	5	8 6
CEMENTS		
100 Associated	153	0
INSURANCE		
100-500 Empire (Rs. 14)	970	0
15-100 Jupiter (As 12)	13	10
20 Mercantile	55	0
15-75 New India (Rs. 1-4)	43	12
200 Oriental (125)	4650	0
10-50 Vulcan (Rs. 8)	7	13
ELECTRIC		
100 Ahmedabad Old	150	0
1000 ANDHRA VALLEY (Rs. 45)	1,582	8
10 Ajmer (As. 4)	13	0
50 BOMBAY TRAM (Rs. 2-8)	127	8
100 B'bay Suburban (Rs. 6)	182	8
10 Broach	14	0
100 Karachi (4)	271	
100 Poona (4)	212	8
100 Surat (Rs. 6)	195	0
100 TATA HYDRO (Rs. 5)	159	6
1000 TATA POWER (Rs. 37-8)	1492	8
RAILWAYS		
500 Ahmedabad Prantij	951	4
100 C. Province	97	4
100 Dhond Baramati	104	4
100 Gujarat	95	8
100 Mandra Bhon	97	0
100 Pachora Jamner	94	0
100 Sara Sirajgunj	99	8
500 Tapti Valley	765	0
MININGS		
9 Burma Corp. (As. 11)	9	14
8sh. Indian Copper (As. 1-6)	2	14
10 Indian Iron and Steel (Re. 1)	44	0
10 SHIVRAJPUR (Rs. 2)	70	4
30 TATA STEEL DFD (Rs 36-3-6)	1,582	8
75 TATA STEEL ORD (Rs. 10)	350	
MISCELLANEOUS		
100 ALCOCK (Rs. 5)	325	0
50 BELAPUR SUGAR (Rs. 6)	178	12
200-250 B'bay Safe Dep (Rs. 18-12)	876	4
250 BOM STEAM (Rs. 13-12)	256	4
125 B BURMA (Rs. 12)	746	4
50 D Comly. (Rs. 8)	200	10

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.
Bombay, Nov 11

Bombay Dyeing (1076/4) 1093 1081 1070 1092 1058 1045 1050 1047 1050
Century (287/8) 291 283 275 277 270 273
Central India (311/4) 315 311 305 306 302 303 304
Kohinoor (374) 377 372 363 364 363
New Great (328/12) 332 317 315 316 317
Simplex (115) 115 108 109 110
Swadeshi (305) 310 301 297 298
Associated Cement (154/12) 156/8 155 154/8 153/4 153
Andhra (1600) 1605 1600 1582
Tata Hydro (160) 161 160 159
Tata Power (1507/8) 1520 1507 1497 1500 1490 1492
Tram Ord (126/4) 127
T Steel Defd (1582/8) 1625 1635 1612 1622 1602 1615 1590 1595 1575 1582 1580 1582
T Steel Ord (352/8) 358 357 356 353 355 351/8 350
Tata Steel 2nd pref (166/12) 167 166/12
Bellapur (185) 185 181 182 180 178/12
B Steam (261/4) 267 260 261 255 256
Burma (748/12) 757 750 752 746 748 746

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES
Bombay, Nov 10

Broach A/M 1938 opening 159 1/2 highest 162 1/4 lowest 159 1/2 closing 160 1/4
Oomra D/J opening 142 1/4 highest 145 lowest 142 1/4 closing 143 1/2
Oomra March opening 145 1/2 highest 146 1/4 lowest 144 1/4 closing 144 1/4
Bengal D/J opening 129 1/4 highest 130 3/4 lowest 129 1/4 closing 129 1/4
Bengal March opening 130 highest 131 1/4 lowest 128 1/4 closing 128 1/4
Tejimandi for Broach April May (21-11-37) Rs. 4 3/4
Tejimandi for Broach April May (31-3-38) Rs. 17 3/4

Osaka Cotton

Osaka, Nov 11

December	50.70+30
January	50.90+10

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES
London, Nov 10

Bank bills 3 months market rate Unchanged.
Bank bills 6 months market rate Unchanged.
Fine trade bills 3 months market rate Unchanged.
Fine trade bills 6 months market rate Unchanged.
Interest day to day loan Unchanged.
Interest 7 days' market loan Unchanged.

LONDON EXCHANGES
London, Nov 10

T T London on:	
New York	4.99.95
Paris	147.97
Berlin	12.37 1/2
Madrid	79.00
Amsterdam	9.02 5/8
Brussels	29.39 1/4
Milan	95.00
Berne	21.57 3/4
Prague	142.00

LONDON SEEDS
London, Nov 10

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. ton	
November sellers	£12-13-9
Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f. ton	
Nov Dec sellers	£14-17-6
Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. ton	
Nov Dec sellers	£15-6-0
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont c.i.f. ton	
Nov Dec sellers	£14-3-9
Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f. ton	
Nov Dec sellers	£14-0-0

LINSEED OIL
London, Nov 10

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt	
November sellers	26/10 1/2
Linseed Oil naked London per cwt	
Jan April paid sellers	26/10 1/2

8sh. Br. B. Petrol (nil)	4	15	6
50 TELEPHONE (Rs. 1-8)	100	12	
100 I. BLEACHING (Rs. 3)	152	8	
50 I. Invest. Trust (Rs. 2)	50	8	
100 I. Radio Defd. (12)	527	8	
100 I. Radio Ord. (15)	450	0	
1000 Port Canning (Rs. 25)	780	0	
30 PREMIER CON (Rs. 7-11)	32	0	
75 Scindia	25	12	
25 Tata Oil Mill	31	8	
PREFERENCE			
7 p.c Andhra Valley	1,515	0	
6 p.c. Bombay Steam	286	4	
7 p.c. Bombay Tram (T.F.)	74	8	
5 p.c. Central India (T.F.)	537	8	
6 1/4 p.c. Prem. Const. 1st	108	0	
6 1/4 p.c. Prem Const 2nd	103		
7 p.c. Tata Hydro	150	10	
7½ p.c. Tata Power XD	1,557	8	
6½ p.c. Tata Steel 1st	202	8	
7 1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	166	12	
7 p.c. Vishnu	703	12	
DEBENTURES			
3 3/4 p.c. Andhra Valley	101		
6 p.c. Andhra Valley	109	0	
4 p.c Bom. Telephone	52	0	
7 p.c Sholapur	83	12	
6 p.c. Tata Hydro	109	6	

(Last Dividend in Brackets and Capital letters indicate shares on Forward List.)

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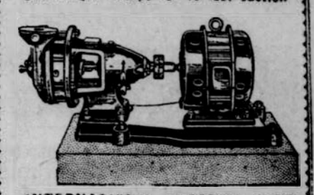
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BOMBAY: FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1937

States People's Plan To Fight Federation

All India Conference Committee's Call For Mobilisation Of Popular Forces

"IN VIEW OF THE IMPENDING DANGER OF THE MOCK FEDERATION EARLY MATERIALISING, AS ALSO IN VIEW OF THE PARAMOUNT NECESSITY OF MOBILISING ALL POPULAR FORCES IN ORDER TO PREVENT THE SAME FROM COMING INTO BEING, THIS COMMITTEE RESOLVES TO CALL A CONVENTION OF WORKERS FROM STATES AT A CENTRAL PLACE AS EARLY AS POSSIBLE. THE COMMITTEE INVITES ITS PRESIDENT DR. PATTABHI SITARAMAYYA TO PRESIDE OVER THIS CONVENTION. THE GENERAL SECRETARIES ARE AUTHORISED TO MAKE ALL NECESSARY ARRANGEMENTS IN THIS BEHALF."

This is how the Working Committee of the All-India States' People's Conference, which met under the presidentship of Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, on Wednesday, opened out its plan to resist the incoming Federation.

The following resolutions were passed by the Working Committee of the A. I. S. P. Conference.

This Committee deeply mourns the loss sustained by the People of the States in the premature deaths of Sjts. Manishanker Trivedi, the General Secretary of the Conference, and Manilal Kothari, the indefatigable worker in their cause. Their lives were shining examples of service and sacrifice and both had dedicated them to the service of the oppressed and the down-trodden. The Committee expresses its profound sorrow at this great loss at this juncture, pays its tribute of homage to the two departed heroes and sends its condolences to their families.

Provincial Offices

The Committee resolves to open a campaign in the city of Bombay for enrolling members of this Conference and organise them into individual state Prajamandals and Provincial Prajamandals with a view to affiliating them with this Conference. Out of the proceeds of the membership fees 25 per cent. should be given to the A. I. S. P. Conference, 25 per cent. to the Provincial Prajamandals and 50 per cent. should remain with the State Prajamandals.

The Committee requests the Provincial offices to take up the work of enrolling members in their respective provinces in right earnest in order to put the provincial organisations on a more stable and representative basis.

Repression In Jodhpur

The externment and arrests of public workers, the indiscriminate searches of their houses and offices and the banning of all constitutional activities carried on by the local Prajamandals and the Civil Liberties Union in Jodhpur State have, in the opinion of this Committee, exposed the true character of autocracy in that State and unmasked the true intentions of British Imperialism working either directly through the Princes and their Ministers or indirectly through the lent officers of the Political Department.

These repression measures of the State, coming as they do on the heels of the publication of the draft Instrument of Accession as proposed by the Jodhpur Durbar indicate the anxiety of the State authorities to carry on negotiations, affecting the vital interests of the People of the State, behind their back and to prevent all expression of popular opinion or criticism regarding them.

The Committee condemns these panicky measures of the State and desires to remind the authorities that repression is bound to fail, as it has done elsewhere, and the bitterness created by it will widen the already increasing gulf between the ruler and the ruled.

The Committee therefore, appeals to the Maharaja of Jodhpur to reconsider and rescind these measures and restore confidence in the minds of the People by conceding the legitimate demands for the enjoyment of full responsible Government and fundamental rights of citizenship.

Sympathy With Mysore People

This Conference views with concern the situation created in the State of Mysore by recent acts of repression. The Committee takes them to be serious encroachments on the civil liberties of the people of Mysore and urges upon the State authorities to take early steps to ease the situation by removing all restrictions on the normal working of all public activities in the State?

The Committee sends fortn its whole hearty sympathy to the people of Mysore in their fight for the assertion of fundamental rights of citizenship and endorses their demand for full responsible Government.

Wild Beast Havoc In Cutch

This committee having considered the materials passed before it by the workers from Cutch regarding the casualties occurring from the attacks on peaceful citizens of the State by wild shikar beasts has come to the conclusion that it is high time for the Maharao Saheb to render effective protection to his people by conceding them the right to defend themselves when attacked and amending the local law accordingly. In the opinion of this Committee, it is scandalous that scores of people should be allowed to fall victims to these beasts under terror of a law which threatening to punish the victims if they dared to attack the animals. The Committee hopes that the State authorities will take prompt measures to ensure effective protection to the people in this connection.

Congress Activities In States

This Committee has noticed with deep regret the tendency of some States to restrict normal Congress activities in their territories. This attempt to stifle the rising tide of nationalism is bound to fail and create deep discontent amongst the people of this land. This Committee, therefore, appeals to the rulers of the States concerned to revise their attitude in this behalf and welcome all efforts at self-expression by the people of their States.

Transfer Of Villages

This Committee views with alarm the reported impending transfer of several villages from the British Indian territory of Ajmer Merwara to the jurisdiction of the States of Udaipur and Jodhpur. In view of the various declarations of the Government spokesmen both in the Indian Legislature and in British Parliament this would be a clear breach of promise on the part of the Government of India. The Committee is clearly of opinion that the rights of the princes if any in respect of these villages have fallen into desuetude and declare that in any case the village should not be transferred without a reference amongst the people concerned.

Reforms In Hyderabad

This Committee welcomes the appointment of a constitutional Committee to draw up a scheme of Reform for Hyderabad and in the meantime invites the attention of the State the necessity of conceding at an earliest moment to the people, the fundamental rights of citizenship and full measures of responsible Government which have been withheld from them all these years.

This Committee further views with great concern at the forcible Harijan man conversion to Islam now carried in the State, particularly in Verangal, Parbhani and Nalgunda districts, in which the officers of the State are alleged to take an active part and vehemently condemns the undesirable policy, which the Committee hopes the State will early put an end to.

The Committee also condemns the unwarranted internment of Mr R. V. Tuljapur of Paithan and demands his immediate release.

Work In Indore

The Committee welcomes the efforts of the workers of Indore to secure freedom of speech in the City of Indore and requests the Holkar Government to grant this wide spread of popular demand as soon as possible in the interests of both the ruler and the ruled.

The Committee co-opts Mr. Rangildas Kapadia as a member of the Working Committee.

The Hindusthani Music Conference was inaugurated on Wednesday evening at the C. J. Hall. H. H. the Maharana Saheb of Dharampur (at the table) presiding. Some of the distinguished artistes who have arrived from the other provinces to take part in the conference may be seen in the row on the left.

Stop Labour For Ceylon

Madras Govt. Supports India Govt. In Demand For Franchise For Nationals

MADRAS, Nov. 11.

The "Associated Press" understands from a reliable source that the Madras Government have strongly supported the Government of India in demanding an immediate solution of the Franchise rights of Indian labourers n Ceylon and unless this matter is satisfactorily settled it is unlikely that the Government of Madras or for that matter the Government of India would agree further recruitment of labour for plantations in Ceylon.—A. P.

Gandhiji To Visit Hijli

Decision Depends On Condition Of Health

CALCUTTA, November 11.

The doctors are advising Gandhiji to stay a few days more, but Gandhiji is anxious to leave immediately. He is reported to have remarked: "Why do you want me to prolong my stay now, when I shall have to come once again—perhaps more than once."

Gandhiji is taking rest till 3 p.m., when the Bengal Ministers headed by Premier, Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq, will see him and perhaps discuss with him further points towards the solution of the detenu problem. Earlier in the morning, Mr. N. R. Sarkar, the Finance Minister, saw Gandhiji and had talks for several minutes.

Messrs. G. D. Birla, B. M. Birla and Mrs. Sarojini Naidu saw Gandhiji at 11 a.m. and the Birlas were closeted with him for half an hour.

The "United Press" understands that Gandhiji is anxious to leave Calcutta to-morrow and break journey at Kharagpur to see Hijli prisoners. But a definite decision in this connection is expected to be taken this evening.—United Press.

Morarji Desai's Tour Cancelled

BELGAUM, November 10.

The Hon. Mr. Morarji Desai, Revenue Minister, Bombay, who was to visit Belgaum, Dharwar and Karwar about November 18 has postponed his tour, which he says, will be impossible before Christmast next.—A.P.

Sir Prabhashankar Pattani Resigns?

REPORTED DIFFERENCE WITH A. G. G. ON PORT QUESTION

The Bhavnagar correspondent of the "Bombay Samachar" claims to know from reliable sources that Sir Prabhashankar Pattani, the President of the Council of State in Bhavnagar, has tendered his resignation of the post and intends severing all connections with the State.

This developmet it is reported is due to some serious differences of opinion between Mr. Latimer, the Agent to the Governor-General, and Sir Prabhashankar over the Customs revenue from Bhavnagar port which has been hanging fire for the last three years.

After severing all connections with Bhavnagar Sir Prabhasankar, it is reported, is going to be appointed to a high post in Gwalior.

The news has created great sensation throughout Kathiawar.

'VANDE MATARAM'

Bengal Wants It As National Song

CALCUTTA, November 10.

The Bengal Provincial Congress Committee at a meeting held tonight under the presidentship of Mr. Subhas Bose passed a resolution authorising its President to communicate to the President of the A.-I.C.C. and also to the Working Committee the public feeling in Bengal on the question of the "Vande Mataram" song.

"Mr. Subhas Bose made a statement that he was for acceptance of "Vande Mataram" as the national anthem of India but it must be admitted that the song has not the same popularity outside Bengal as it has in this province. The passing of a resolution accepting the first two stanzas of the "Vande Mataram" song as the national anthem of India, Mr. Bose said, would be considered as a challenge to the Mahomedan community. Therefore before passing such a resolution, steps should be taken to popularise this song among the Mahomedans and the people outside Bengal."—United Press.

Unsuccessful Attempt To Cheat Minister

CUTTACK, Nov. 11.

The Hon. Mr. Nityananda Kanungo, the Revenue Minister, was the victim of an unsuccessful attempt at cheating.

Mr. Kanungo received a wire last night, supposed to be from Mr. Gopabandhu Choudhury Orissa leader, asking Rs. 400 to be sent to Calcutta immediately.

The same man sent him another telegram this afternoon asking Mr. Kanungo to expedite the dispatch of money. Mr. Kanungo suspected the 'bona fides' of the sender of the telegrams and has handed the matter for the Police to investigate.—United Press.

INDIAN TRANS-CONTINENTAL AIRWAYS

New Timings For Services

NEW DELHI, Nov. 9.

A Press communique says:—

Commencing with November 16, the west-bound aeroplanes of Indian Trans-Continental Airways' Service will arrive at Calcutta on Tuesdays and Thursdays at 3-45 p.m. and leave Karachi on Thursdays at 6 a.m. and on Saturdays at 9 a.m. respectively.

From November 11, the east-bound services will arrive at Karachi on Thursdays at 6-43 p.m. and Tuesdays at 3-5 p.m.

Connecting with the east-bound service of Imperial Airways due to arrive at Karachi on Thursdays, the Indian National Airways' 'planes will leave Karachi on Fridays at 5-30 a.m. and arrive at Lahore at about 1-30 p.m. the same day. The 'planes in the reverse direction will leave Lahore on Wednesday at about 10 a.m. and will arrive at Karachi the same day to maintain connection with the west-bound 'plane due to leave Karachi at 6 a.m. on Thursday.

The second Indian National Airways Service will remain unchanged except that the north-bound service, which leaves Karachi on Mondays at 5 p.m. will leave Karachi on Tuesdays at the same hour and arrive at Lahore on Wednesdays.

The days on which Messrs. Tata and Sons' Karachi-Madras Service will operate will be changed in order to maintain connection with the trunk service.—United Press

LINKING OF KATHIAWAR WITH BARODA

Railway Construction Urged By Kathiawar Conference

(From Our Correspondent.)

RAJKOT, Nov. 11.

Rao Saheb Chhotalal Kothari President and other Amreli Merchants who are members of the Kathiawar Chamber of Commerce wired yesterday to Diwan Saheb Baroda State as under:—"The Kathiawad Economic and Commercial Conference passed a resolution urging railway construction between Rajkot, Atkot and Khijadia Junction, thereby giving the shortest connection between Okha Port and Amreli. This railway line will give railway facilities to Babra, Kotdapitha, Chavan and other villages of Central Kathiawad which are known as Panchal. It will also give great impetus to trade and industry in Central Kathiawad including Gaekwad territories They have also shown extreme importance of this construction on Baroda State for general Kathiawad interest and have also requested for an interview to discuss the question.

The Cuttack Municipality resolved at a meeting to start an anti-malarial campaign and prepare a scheme of water-supply and drainage in the town.

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — *"THE BLACK"*

THANKS FOR THE MONEY, HAMON --- COMING, SHASTA ?
NO--I LIKE IT HERE---
YOU'RE SMART, SHASTA--- AND SLONE THINKS HE'S SMART!
THAT'S WHY I LET HIM GO ALONE-- I CAN TELL SOMETHING'S UP---
TEN THOUSAND!---HA!- WHAT DO I CARE FOR SHASTA?-- WHAT DO I CARE FOR ANYBODY ?
AH, HE COMES!
A STRONG SILK ROPE BETWEEN HIS HANDS, ASSIM, THE ASSASSIN, WAITS!
10-8
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